The First Two Malone Families to Settle in Gibson County, Indiana Territory

Volume 2: Appendices

Compilation and Analysis by Steve Malone

The First Two Malone Families to Settle in Gibson County, Indiana Territory
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For the dedication, acknowledgments, and other details, please refer to Volume 1 of this work.

Public Domain

This book is hereby placed in the public domain. It is hoped that free and easy access to this research will enable my distant relatives to connect to a very rich past that will inspire our future generations to achieve their full potential.

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Appendix A: Cemetery Records[1]

The records that follow are far from complete. Due to a long and diligent process of finding forgotten cemeteries and recovering gravesites, those of Gibson County, Indiana are as close to complete has humanly possible at this point in time. But graveyards are often lost, neglected and vandalized. As a result, in most localities a small fraction of final resting places are currently known. This is fertile ground for anyone wishing to add to what is known about this Malone clan, as many of them ventured to spread out from Owensville, Indiana without straying too far from home. Most settled elsewhere in the Lower Wabash River Valley. The following lists are sorted alphabetically by state, county, cemetery, last name, first name. Those in *italic type* are <u>not known</u> to be directly related to James Malone, Senior or John Malone, Junior, or their children. That doesn't mean they aren't part of our clan; only that the connection has yet to be found:

Illinois, Clark County

Auburn Cemetery

Thomas Malone.....*1835 – 30 Mar 1853*

Walnut Prairie Cemetery

Eunice Malone ..... *? – 12 May 1876*
Eunice S. Malone .....*30 Dec 1836 – 22 Dec 1906*
Eva (Prevo) Malone.....*2 Aug 1863 – 5 Nov 1939*
Jacob Malone.....*? – 2 Oct 1855*
James L. Malone ..... *17 Nov 1853 – 6 Apr 1930*
Jane Malone..... *? – 18 Nov 1837*
Lucinda (Butterfield) Malone .....*? – 27 Jan 1849*
Mary Jane (Alvis) Malone .....*26 Nov 1825 – 21 May 1847*
William Malone.....*? – 25 Mar 1887*
William J. Malone.....*? – 23 Jul 1894*
William R. Malone .....*1863 – 12 Sep 1894*

Illinois, Clay County

Flora Cemetery

Dale William Malone..... *20 Jun 1912 – 27 Aug 2000*
Dorothy I. (Bauer) Malone .....*6 Apr 1920 – 30 Jan 2007*

Illinois, Coles County

New Beals Cemetery

Nora Margaret (Fairbanks) Malone..... *7 Nov 1892 – 2 Mar 1970*
Phillip L. Malone ..... *22 Jul 1928 – 8 Aug 1978*

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[1] Unless specified otherwise, the majority of these records come from www. findagrave.com and/or *Illinois, Deaths and Stillbirths Index, 1916-1947*.

Roy H. Malone .....*1896 – 1954*

Dodge Grove Cemetery

Betty Malone .....*1872 – 9 Apr 1891*
Eva (Shain) Malone .....1909 – 3 Aug 1969
Gladys E. Malone..... *1901 – 16 Dec 1993*
Harry Malone, Jr. .....*1876 – 4 Mar 1933*
Julia Malone .....*1846 – 13 Apr 1894*
Lester Wm Malone .....*1920 – 19 Apr 2001*
Mrs. Olive M. Malone.....*1888 – 27 Jul 1930*
William M. Malone ..... *1890 – 13 Feb 1967*

Illinois, Crawford County

Palestine Cemetery[2]

Addie (Bisbee) Malone .....23 Jan 1840 – 1 Jun 1897
Dr. Alfred Malone..... 20 Mar 1819 – 28 Jul 1892
Alfred Malone.....30 Nov 1851 – 7 Sep 1853
Benjamin L. Malone.....*? – 10 Nov 1907*[3]
Betty Mae (Malone) Houpt ..... *14 May 1924 – 3 Apr 2005*
Christiana Malone.....26 May 1844 – 19 May 1845
Clarence Omar Malone ..... About 1865 – 1 Apr 1873
Elizabeth Ann (Fisher) Malone.....2 May 1818 – 17 May 1862
Jessie Fremont Malone ..... 2 Dec 1861 – 18 Jul 1862
Lissetta Malone.....6 Jul 1853 – 28 Aug 1854
Laura Malone.....15 Jun 1849 – 26 Sep 1850
Margaret Malone..... 19 May 1845 – 26 Sep 1846
Percy Bisbee Malone .....13 Jul 1870 – 26 Jan 1890
Wilfred Malone.....22 Feb 1858 – 30 Aug 1860

Oak Grove Cemetery[4]

Myrtle Dica (Malone) Dunk .....1875 – 1940
Edna E. Malone.....9 Dec 1880 – 22 Apr 1881
Alva C. Malone.....6 Jul 1846 – 25 Aug 1893
Clarence D. Malone .....5 Jul 1893 – 25 Sep 1897
Rose (Donnell) Malone.....1851 – 11 Aug 1910

Mount Pleasant Cemetery

Flora M. Malone..... *10 Nov 1887 – 2 Mar 1965*

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[2] Most references are from *Palestine Cemetery, Sections 6 & 7, Crawford County, Illinois*, http://files.usgwarchives.net/il/crawford/cemeteries/.
[3] *VFW History of IL Veterans, Roll of Honor*, http://www.marykozy.net/CrawfordCo/military/vet.burials.html
[4] From *Oak Grove Cemetery*, http://files.usgwarchives.net/il/crawford/cemeteries/oakgrove.txt.

Robinson New Cemetery

Mollie Stewart Malone ..... 23 Oct 1873 – 16 Mar 1971

Illinois, Cumberland County

Long Point Cemetery

E. June (Hampton) Malone..... 12 Jun 1926 – 8 Dec 2007

Illinois, Edgar County

Friends Chapel Cemetery

Isabell H. Malone.....? to 31 Mar 1864

McCauley Cemetery

Son Malone ..... ? to 1842
William L. Malone .....Jan 1805 to 21 Mar 1880

Illinois, Edwards County

Browns Cemetery

Nora L. (Malone) Marriott .....1864 – 1897

Marion Cemetery

Sarah Ellen (Malone) Lawson .....1872 – 1940
Matilda M. (Malone) Lomas.....8 Nov 1877 – 13 Nov 1962

Oak Grove Cemetery

Arnold D. Malone ..... 26 Dec 1930 – 26 Jul 1994
Juanita F. Malone.....1932 – 1977
Lydia Jane (Lindsay) Malone Garrett.....20 Apr 1866 – 27 Feb 1950[5]
Lucy (Vaughn) Malone .....9 Nov 1911 – 19 May 1996
Max Malone ..... 2 Nov 1904 – 17 Mar 1990
Roy Malone..... 20 Jul 1889 – 13 Mar 1941
William J. Malone.....1897 – 1972

Illinois, Gallatin County

No known graves.

Illinois, Jasper County

Jasper County Poor Farm Cemetery

C. Malone..... about 1831 to 5 Mar 1891

[5] Information provided by William Dean Malone in an e-mail dated 6 Sep 2011.

Riverside Cemetery

Claiborne Malone ..... *?*

Illinois, Lawrence County

Bridgeport City Cemetery (Shiloh Cemetery)[6]

Bessie Malone ..... 1895 – 1896
Betty Malone (wife of Stephen W.) ..... 25 Jun 1929 – 5 Jan 1996
Caroline (Millhouse) Malone ..... about 1854 – 8 Sep 1884
Clement E. Malone ..... 1884 – 1966
Florence (Shaw) Malone ..... 1861 – 1942
Hugh Malone ..... 1902 – 1989
Katherine May Malone ..... 5 Dec 1929 – 22 Mar 1932
Oma (Crouch) Malone ..... 1901 – 1935
Paul Malone ..... 18 Jun 1951 - ?
Stephen W. Malone ..... 4 Sep 1926 – 24 Feb 1986
William Malone ..... 1849 – 1928
Emily (Malone) Ruby ..... 1859 – 1912

Charlottesville Cemetery

Nellie (Malone) Akers ..... 26 Nov 1920 – 3 Jun 1999
John E. Malone ..... *1871 – 1960*
William E. Malone ..... *30 Mar 1876 – 14 Jan 1944*

Lawrenceville City Cemetery

Anna M. Malone ..... *13 Jan 1895 – 1 Jan 1968*
Carrie C. Malone ..... 1889 – May 1952
Charlotte May Malone ..... *28 May 1902 – 6 Feb 1985*
Earnest Vernard Malone ..... *6 Sep 1915 – 21 Nov 1992*
Emma Garnet Malone ..... *5 Apr 1931 – 1 Mar 2006*
James Eugene Malone ..... *8 Sep 1986 – 8 Sep 1986*
James Lenno "Moses" Malone ..... *12 Jul 1958 – 30 Jan 1999*
Jesse R. Malone ..... 3 Oct 1895 – 21 Feb 1974
John M. Malone ..... 1856 – 1920
Roxie L. (Clark) Malone ..... 1869 – 1919

Mount Zion Cemetery

Sarah (Sorber) Sims Malone Bunn ..... 17 Dec 1824 – 16 Aug 1891
T. J. Malone ..... ?
Lydia Jane (Malone) Stivers ..... 29 Nov 1826 – 17 Nov 1884

[6] Many of these entries are found in *Cemeteries of Lawrence County, Illinois* by Bessie Irene Black and are noted as being interred at Shiloh Cemetery.

Oak Lawn Cemetery

Clyde M. Malone.....*17 Jul 1913 – 12 May 1996*
Clyde Richard Malone.....*10 Dec 1942 – 10 Dec 1942*
Ethel Malone.....*1889 – 1973*
James Malone.....*27 Dec 1965 – 27 Dec 1965*
Lilly H. Malone.....*14 Feb 1916 – 25 Dec 1935*
Lyman R. Malone.....*3 Jun 1911 – 15 Apr 1976*
Roscoe Malone.....*1888 – 1965*
William Ray Malone.....*17 Jan 1931 – 21 Aug 1931*
… Malone.....*Apr 23, 196?*[7]

Spring Hill Cemetery

Isabella (Travis) Malone.....? – 20 Jul 1852

Sumner Cemetery

Florence L. (Malone) Jones.....15 Apr 1928 – 31 Aug 2006
Emma Zetta (Berry) Malone.....21 Mar 1887 – 20 Jun 1924
Harley O. Malone.....21 Jul 1892 – 19 Jan 1974
Loraine F. (Joseph) Malone.....18 Jan 1925 – 10 Jan 1995
M. Ruth (Junkin) Hunt Malone.....6 Nov 1894 – 3 Oct 1959
Mervin M. Malone.....2 Sep 1920 – 30 Dec 1998
Rolla H. Malone.....19 Mar 1891 – Jun 18 1973
Stella M. Malone.....10 Mar 1891 – 29 Aug 1969
Truman D. Malone.....1911 – 1957

Illinois, Richland County

Crest Haven Memorial Park

Joseph A. Malone.....*14 Apr 1954 – 11 Mar 2006*

Haven Hill Memorial Park

Carol Ann Malone.....*1 Apr 1941 – 3 Oct 2006*
Carrie E. (Reed) Coleman Malone.....1871 – 1906
Clifford W. Malone.....1885 – 1909
Elizabeth Joan (Berry) Malone.....*18 May 1931 – 22 Mar 1972*
Harold V. Malone.....21 Jun 1888 – 22 Mar 1972
James D. Malone.....*1923 – 1979*
Maycel M. (Elston) Malone.....13 Jun 1894 – 26 Apr 1924
Robert Lee Malone, Sr......*10 Apr 1926 – 24 Nov 2004*
Robert Lee Malone, Jr......*7 Mar 1949 – 7 Dec 2008*
Wallace H. Malone.....1862 – 1952

[7] *Cemeteries of Lawrence County, Illinois* by Bessie Irene Black (1976).

Illinois, St Clair County

Mount Hope Cemetery

Baby Malone ..... 1918 – 1918
Charles Lynn Malone ..... 1932 – 1933
Edmond W. Malone ..... 1921 – 1921
Edna Frieda (Malone) Ricks ..... 1919 – 1941
Eva Pearl (Wiggins) Malone ..... 1894 – 1999
Ralph Merle Malone ..... 1928 – 1928
Stephen A. D. Malone ..... 1869 – 1926
Wilbert Alfred Malone ..... 1921 – 1921

College Hill Cemetery

Allene V. (Malone) Smith, First Lady ..... 1896 – 1980

Illinois, Wabash County

Antioch Cemetery

Benjamin F. Malone ..... 3 Feb 1850 – 11 Sep 1893
George E. Malone ..... 7 Apr 1877 – 19 Oct 1887
Laura Jane (Dilday) Malone ..... 11 Mar 1854 – 10 Sep 1907
Robert F. Malone ..... 28 Mar 1879 – 18 Jul 1879

Nye Chapel Cemetery[8]

Infant Son (of Lemuel L. & Belle) Malone ..... 10 Oct 1906 – 13 Oct 1906

Rosehill (Old) Cemetery[9]

George Earnest Malone ..... 30 Sep 1890 – 22 Oct 1894
T. J. Malone ..... 25 Jan 1870 – 5 May 1904

Illinois, White County

Charles Cemetery

Benjamin Franklin Malone ..... 21 Sep 1862 – 16 Mar 1900
Infant Malone ..... 3 Jun 1894 – 3 Jun 1894
Johny Malone ..... Illegible

Enfield Cemetery

Bertha (Smith) Malone ..... 1885 - ?
Fred Malone ..... 18 Jan 1885 – 1922
Gale (Miller) Malone ..... 23 Jun 1891 – 27 Jan 1978
Helen M. Malone (wife of Marvin) ..... 1926 – 8 Oct 2008

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[8] From http://files.usgwarchives.org/il/wabash/cemeteries/lickprairie/guardpt.txt.
[9] From http://files.usgwarchives.org/il/wabash/cemeteries/mtcarmel/roseold.txt.

Hosea M. Malone ..... *21 May 1908 – ?*
Jesse Malone ..... *26 Jan 1886 – 15 Aug 1944*
Julia A. (White) Malone ..... *29 Oct 1886 – 29 Jan 1922*
Lavada (Tucker) Malone ..... *18 Mar 1878 – 23 May 1967*
Martha E. (Dixon) Malone ..... *3 Oct 1908 – 9 Feb 1945*
Mary E. (Moser) Malone ..... *3 Oct 1894 – Oct 1986*
Rolley Logan Malone ..... *1 Mar 1853 – 18 Aug 1934*
Ros Malone ..... *1875 – 1960*
Sam Malone ..... *11 Apr 1878 – 4 Apr 1940*
Sarah Elizabeth (Crawford) Malone ..... *7 Dec 1855 – 13 Jun 1930*
Thurman Malone ..... *19 Sep 1890 – 18 Jul 1955*
Bonnie Hazel (Malone) Savage ..... *18 Jul 1909 – 13 Feb 2004*

Kuykendahl Cemetery

Annie Malone ..... *5 Feb 1864 – 8 May 1928*
Myrtle Ann (Malone) Ninness ..... 23 Dec 1890 – 12 Nov 1929

Little Wabash Cemetery

Ida Christena Malone ..... *10 Nov 1894 – 21 Dec 1894*

Maple Ridge Cemetery

Ida D. (Malone) McKinnies ..... 1873 – 1938
Clara Malone ..... *About 1875 – 18 Jan 1900*
John A. Malone ..... *1827 – 1908*
Robert P. Malone ..... *1880 – 1942*
Maggie M. Malone ..... *1880 – 1959*
Fannie (Malone) Higginson Smith ..... 22 Nov 1864 – 6 Dec 1913

Phillipstown Cemetery

Absalom Malone ..... 7 Sep 1823 – 16 Aug 1901
Charles Malone, son of A & P ..... 16 Aug 1857 – 12 Dec 1883
Ezekiel A. Malone, son of W.T. and M.N. ..... 21 Sep 1857 – 12 Sep 1885
George Malone, son of A. and S. P. ..... 20 Feb 1867 – 10 Apr 1873
James L. Malone, son of W. T. and M. N. ..... ? – 31 Jan 1887
Maude Malone nee Clifford, wife of Wm. ..... 14 Sep 1864 – 9 Feb 1890
Permelia (Williams) Malone ..... 15 Sep 1827 – 16 Jul 1885
W. T. Malone ..... 1 Jan 1858 – 4 Jan 1913
Olive Ann (Phillips) Malone Stanley (wife of Charles) ..... 28 Oct 1859 – 17 Jun 1932

Saint Patrick's Catholic Cemetery

John P. Malone ..... *1878 – 1933*

Springerton Cemetery

Cyril Prince Malone ..... *5 Oct 1899 – 20 Oct 1951*
Newton Walker Malone ..... *19 Mar 1873 – 8 Mar 1947*

Martha Opal (Malone) Savage ..... *4 Sep 1902 – 19 Jun 1992*
Leona (Malone) Thomas ..... *6 Sep 1905 – 20 Sep 1982*

Stokes Chapel Cemetery

Billy Faye Malone ..... *3 Dec 1925 – ?*
Hosea Malone ..... *about 1911 – 13 Sep 1962*
Letta Lucy Malone ..... *26 Sep 1876 – 17 Apr 1957*

Indiana, Daviess County

Walnut Hill Cemetery

Mary Lois (Malone) Allen ..... *26 Aug 1916 – 24 Jun 2008*
Bertha (Arthur) Malone ..... *2 Aug 1905 – 10 Apr 2001*
Ernest C. Malone ..... *1913 – 1982*
Hazel I. Malone ..... *1917 – 1981*
Herman L. Malone ..... *1882 – 1963*
Homer Malone ..... *1 Mar 1909 – 3 Apr 1996*
Nancy (Woodruff) Malone ..... *22 Dec 1851 – 27 May 1893*

Friendship Cemetery

Lucinda (Malone) Bowman ..... *9 May 1873 – 17 Sep 1909*
Elias Malone ..... *1817 – 26 Oct 1891*
Nancy Ann (Herron) Malone ..... *2 Apr 1852 – 16 Sep 1932*
Nancy J. (Williams) Malone ..... *Jan 1864 - ?*
Samuel C. Malone ..... *Sep 1845 – 5 Dec 1928*
Susannah (Freed) Malone ..... *1823 – 19 May 1895*
Jane (Malone) Williams ..... *16 Jan 1875 – 5 Sep 1966*

Pleasant Hill Cemetery

Margaret A. (Malone) Joliff ..... *1 May 1851 – 1 May 1924*
Alvie Malone ..... *29 Oct 1887 – 27 Oct 1899*
Frederick Malone ..... *1843 – 1916*
George Malone ..... *1886 – 1887*
Hershel Malone ..... *25 Sep 1892 – 2 Nov 1899*
Inez Malone ..... *5 Nov 1896 – 31 Oct 1899*
Jacob Malone ..... *20 Jan 1822 – 29 Oct 1896*
Lyman Malone ..... *24 May 1898 – 21 Mar 1900*
Martha Malone ..... *1849 – 1887*
Marton Malone ..... *? – 17 Feb 1868*
Sarah A. Malone ..... *23 Feb 1826 – 19 Jun 1920*
Zimri C. Malone ..... *? – 13 Aug 1865*

Mount Nebo Cemetery

April D. (Townsend) Malone ..... *6 Apr 1968 – 12 Feb 2000*

New Bethel Cemetery

Mary Gail Malone..... *? - ?*
Wilma Malone..... *? - ?*

Indiana, Gibson County[10]

Barton Township

St John's Cemetery

- George Edward Malone .....2 Aug 1911 – 2 Oct 1992
- Helen Marie (?) Malone..... 25 Mar 1911 – 20 Dec 1988

Center Township

Mead Cemetery

- AJ Malone, Aged 54 yrs 2 ms 7 ds .....5 Mar 1869
- Elizabeth (Malone) Mans.....1 Dec 1837 – 25 Apr 1904
- Infant, Son of AJ & A MALONE.....Born & Died, July 17, 1867
- Logan Malone, Son of AJ and LA..... 23 Sep 1846 – 14 Dec 1846
- Lydia (Yager) Malone, Wife of AJ.....27 Oct 1820 – 10 Apr 1963
- Nickolas Malone, Son of AJ & LA..... 28 Sep 1839 – 2 Dec 1853
- Smith Miller Malone.....9 Sep 1857 – 3 Sep 1858

Columbia Township

Forsythe Cemetery

- Lora M. (Malone) Barrett .....1883 – 1934
- Ruth M. (Malone) Daniel.....1902 – 1942
- Emely Ora Malone..... 15 Oct 1871 – 19 Jul 1872
- Francis (Miller) Malone..... 5 Nov 1878 – 25 Mar 1923
- Grace Malone.....1887 – 1946
- Hannah (Sovercool) Malone.....3 Feb 1856 – 18 Feb 1932
- Hattie B. (Wallace) Malone .....1871 – 11 Oct 1938
- Henry R. Malone.....1873 – 1945
- Joseph N. Malone..... 13 Mar 1875 – 6 Oct 1944
- Malinda A. (Harper) Malone ..... 22 Jan 1850 – 25 Nov 1916
- Newton Malone..... 9 Feb 1855 – 30 May 1900
- Orvis Malone .....2 Jul 1902 – 2 Aug 1902
- Rice M Malone ..... 1 Jan 1849 – 24 Aug 1920

Montgomery Cemetery

- Winnie L. (Malone) Green.....1881 – 1969
- Clara M. (Malone) Miller .....1871 – 1950
- *Gertrude Malone (no stone found)* .....*1905 – 1926*
- Jessie Malone, son of Ephraim, "Scaled [sic] to death" (no stone) .....Mar 1900

[10] From *http://ingenweb.org/ingibson/gibcem_w_photos.html*, January and early February, 2011.

Johnson Township

There are no known Malone interments in any cemetery.

Montgomery Township

Andrew Smith Cemetery

- Cordelia Malone..... 21 Mar 1829 – 17 Mar 1849
- Mariah N (Kennett) Malone.....15 Feb 1822 – 5 Nov 1911
- Thomas J Malone.....11 Jan 1809 – 6 Jan 1894
- Zacharia Malone ..... 4 Jan 1847 – 5 Oct 1849
- Rhoda (Malone) Smith.....14 Nov 1834 – 5 Jul 1892

Antioch Cemetery

- Amanda (Malone) Pollard.....1845 – 1908

David Smith Cemetery

- James Malone.....1851 – 1907
- Parmelia J (Crawford) Malone.....1858 – 1903

Emerson Hill Cemetery

- Caroline (Malone) Koch .....29 Apr 1840 – 5 Mar 1874

Old Owensville Cemetery

- W M, footstone only (may not be related).....
- J M, footstone only (may not be related) .....
- Lara Malone, Infant child of Alx and M L Malone .....
- Marinda (Lynn) Malone, Wife of Absalom..... 20 May 1845
- William Malone .....30 Jun 1852

Owensville IOOF Cemetery

- Absalom Malone.....17 Feb 1823 – 15 Jul 1886
- *Alma (Kennett) Malone, wife of George Kirklin Malone .....1902 – 1986*
- Elijah Malone.....
- Elizabeth (Hunter) Malone, aged about 70 years.....25 Jun 1860
- *George Kirklin Malone, born in Tennessee.....1900 – 1972*
- *Helen Kathleen Malone, daughter of George & Alma Malone...28 Mar 1936 – 23 Oct 1936*
- John Malone, aged about 80 years.....9 Aug 1869
- (Sarah) Elizabeth (Kennett) Malone .....25 Jul 1828 – 14 Sep 1877

Skelton Cemetery

- John Malone.....11 Dec 1806 – 15 Jun 1853

Patoka Township

Hight Chapel Cemetery

- Charles Malone .....1847 – 22 Feb 1907
- James Malone..... 5 May 1811 – 5 Feb 1877
- Lucinda (Key) Malone, wife of James Malone .....2 Oct 1890
- Maggie Nettie Malone ..... 14 Apr 1875 – 18 Apr 1875
- Rhoda Jane (Watkins) Malone, wife of Charles Malone.....1848 – 1928
- Sharlot Malone.....1899 – 1912
- Virgil P. Malone.....1878 – 1911

- William Malone, son of James Malone .....4 Apr 1840 – 22 Dec 1866

Maple Hill Cemetery

- Eva Pearl (Kell) Malone .....1891 – 8 Oct 1952
- Gurnie Malone .....1878 – 17 Jun 1954

Princeton IOOF Cemetery

- Hattie (Malone) Ashby (no stone found).....Sep 1879 – 9 Aug 1902
- Rosa (Malone) Laib (no stone found).....about 1868 – Oct 1945
- (Charles) Lennis Malone (no stone found).....About 1867 – Mar 1929
- Elgie Malone.....1886 – 1948
- Elgie E. Malone .....8 Mar 1913 – 11 Nov 1978
- Harriet (Trippett) Malone .....3 Jan 1841 – 30 Jun 1911
- Hugh Malone .....Aug 1842 – 1 Sep 1914
- Dr. John Allison Malone..... 10 Dec 1837 – 16 Feb 1893
- (Lillye Theodosia) Dosia (Decker) Malone.....1877 – 1960
- Lou (Austin) Malone.....1884 – 1966
- Mae Malone, daughter of Dosia.....1900 – 1975
- Manda A. (Carnahan) Malone .....10 Mar 1868 – 3 Apr 1894
- Nancy C. (Pritchett) Malone (no stone found).....About 1845 – Jul 1926
- Oscar A. Malone .....26 Jun 1866
- Roscoe F. Malone .....31 Aug 1894
- Virginia (Woods) Malone..... 3 Dec 1918 – 1 Mar 2010
- William F. Malone..... 20 Dec 1867 – 21 Aug 1904
- Nellie C. (Malone) Steele .....1874 – 1952
- Gertrude L. (Malone) Weisgerber.....1880 – 1927

Sand Hill Cemetery

- *Albert L. Malone .....10 Nov 1890 – 22 Dec 1975*
- *Edith Mae Malone.....22 Oct 1897 – 3 Jul 1972*
- *Edward Malone.....1868 – 1934*
- *Eliza Malone .....Rough stone, no visible dates*
- *Elmer Franklin Malone..... 27 Jul 1897 – 9 Nov 1959*
- *Lorene (Nolcox) Malone ..... 23 Aug 1905 – 19 Jan 1959*
- *Nettie J. (Lyle) Malone 1880-1954*

Warnock Cemetery

- Emma D. (Malone) McCurdy .....1854 – 1930
- Opel R. (Robb) Malone.....1893 – 1964
- Purnell W. Malone .....1881 – 1956

Union Township

Durham Cemetery

- Adelaid (Malone) Durham.....31 May 1858 – 11 Mar 1923

Mt Moriah Cemetery

- Edith (Malone) Mead .....31 May 1858 – 11 Mar 1923

Neipert Cemetery

No listings at this time. Need to research in the future.

Port Gibson Cemetery
No known Malone interments.

Wabash and Washington Townships

No known Malone interments in any cemetery.

White River Township

Patoka Cemetery

- Emily (Malone) Norman ..... 28 Feb 1825 – 2 Jan 1873

Indiana, Knox County

Vincennes City Cemetery

Elbert Malone ..... *? – 3 May 1979*
Ephraim Malone ..... ? – 7 Dec 1920
Irene Malone ..... *? – 28 Dec 1972*
John D. Malone ..... *? – 28 Dec 1972*
Laura A. Malone ..... *? 15 Dec 1962*
LuLu Malone ..... *? – 23 Sep 1913*
Martha E. Malone ..... *? – 11 Jun 1953*
Paul Malone ..... *? – 4 Apr 1939*

Indiana, Pike County

No known graves.

Indiana, Posey County[11]

Bellefontaine Cemetery

Cecelia (Schelhorn) Malone ..... 1896 – 3 May 1986
Chaffin Malone ..... 1895 – 27 Sep 1980
John Chaffin Malone ..... 1870 – 1923
Lillian (Bloomer), wife (of John Chaffin Malone) ..... 1872 – 1953

Cater Cemetery

Lucinda (Williams) Malone ..... 15 Jun 1820 – 15 Jan 1841
Levniam Malone ..... 8 Nov 1848 – 18 Apr 1849
Louisa Malone ..... 22 Oct 1849 – 21 Oct 1850
Laura Malone ..... 16 Sep 1851 – 1 Sep 1853
Mary Lucinda Malone ..... 27 July 1855 – 28 Aug 1855
Eleanor Malone ..... no dates
One stone ..... 15 May 1854 –

[11] *Posey County Cemetery Records 1814-1979* by Cox, date unknown.

Liberty Cemetery

Henry H. Malone ..... 10 Oct 1827 – 20 Aug 1900
Paulina A. (Pollard) Malone ..... 22 Feb 1834 – 20 Oct 1900
Harry P. Malone ..... 1862 – 1937

Pelham Cemetery

George Malone, Co. E 60th Regt. Ind. ..... ?

Poseyville Graveyard

Martha A. Malone ..... 21 Sep 1862 – 13 Mar 1865

Indiana, Sullivan County

Carlisle Odd Fellows Cemetery

Mattie (Malone) Caughey ..... 28 Sep 1884 – 6 Nov 1919

Case Cemetery

Alicia L. Malone ..... 8 Jun 1904 – 18 Dec 1990
Anna Malone ..... 1882 – 1942
Bill Malone ..... 1872 – 1930
Clarence A. Malone ..... 22 Jun 1899 – 27 Dec 1857
Eathel Malone ..... 1904 – 1920

Center Ridge Cemetery

Irene (Malone) Benson ..... 24 Mar 1907 – 5 Nov 1965
Lola Madeline (Malone) Easter ..... 18 Nov 1915 – 6 Feb 2008
Ezra Lyle Malone ..... 11 Aug 1912 – 23 Dec 1967
Fayola Malone ..... 1903 – 1987
Flaude (Chickadaunce) Malone ..... 28 Nov 1888 – 4 Oct 1978
John Thomas Malone ..... 10 Feb 1882 – 1 Dec 1958
William H. Malone ..... 1882 – 1959

Drake Cemetery

Nancy Jane (Malone) Osburn ..... 1863 – 22 Feb 1919

Knights of Pythias Cemetery

Charley L. Malone ..... 1866 – 1934
Dorcas S. Malone ..... 1899 – 1987
Eva Malone ..... 1899 – 1928
Hershel Malone ..... 1892 – 1963
John W. Malone ..... 18 Jun 1902 – 31 Aug 1954
Lavina L. "Luey" (Syester) Malone ..... 1871 – 1930
Lydia M. (Christy) Malone ..... 20 May 1903 – 15 Apr 1976
Ruth Virginia Malone ..... 1922 – 1922

William Oscar Malone ..... *12 Apr 1896 – 10 Nov 1956*

Pogue Cemetery

Lawrence L. Malone ..... *? – 24 Apr 1930*
Max W. Malone ..... *13 Jun 1927 – 16 Aug 1930*
William M. Malone ..... *1908 – 1940*
Violet M. (Malone) Riggs ..... *1909 – 1953*

Shiloh Cemetery

Delia (Malone) Miller ..... *1898 – 1963*
Ezra Malone ..... *28 Jul 1904 – 28 Sep 1967*
Gladys Icy (Malone) Gorby ..... *Aug 1894 – 1951*
Harland L. Malone ..... *1 Nov 1900 – 13 Dec 1900*
William Malone ..... 1849 – 1928

Indiana, Vanderburgh County

Alexander Cemetery

Jane Ellen Malone ..... *25 Jun 1936 – 23 Mar 2011*

Locust Hill Cemetery

George Malone ..... *? – 4 Aug 1932*

Oak Hill Cemetery

Norma Louis (Adcock) Malone ..... *16 Mar 1923 – 1- Nov 2010*

Park Lawn Cemetery

Doris (Malone) Farmer ..... *1899 – 1986*
Julia Ann Malone ..... *1860 – 1934*
Sylvester P. Malone ..... *1859 – 1943*
Eldiva (Barnes) Malone Ricketts ..... 1920 – 1986

Tupman Cemetery

Joseph Kenneth Malone ..... 24 Jul 1913 – 4 Jul 1948

Indiana, Warrick County

Hedges Cemetery

Bertha H. Malone ..... *10 Dec 1884 – 23 Feb 1885*

Maple Grove Cemetery

Bobby Malone, Sr. ..... *23 Jan 1935 – 2 May 1997*
Marjorie Malone ..... *5 Apr 1933 – 4 May 2001*
Nancy (Brammer) Malone ..... *2 Jul 1941 – 8 Jul 1961*

Rose Hill Cemetery

Eula M. Malone .....*1891 – 1973*
William H. Malone.....*1890 – 1961*

Kentucky, Henderson County

Presbyterian Cemetery

John J. Malone..... *1864 – 4 Nov 1918*

Kentucky, Union County

Uniontown City Cemetery[12]

___s W ___ of ___ & N. A. Malone (broken stone)..... 14 Mar 1884 – 23 Jun 1884
Annie (Taylor), his wife (joint monument with Thomas J. Malone).....1853 – 1922
Florence (Malone) Elder, wife of William R. Elder .....1877 – 1936
Infant Dau of T. J. & N. A. Malone.....26 Aug 1875 – 26 Aug 1875
Infant Son of T. J. & M. A. Malone..... 8 Mar 1874 – 8 Mar 1874
Thomas J. Malone.....9 Oct 1850 – 23 Apr 1885
Thomas J. Malone (joint monument with Annie, his wife) .....1850 – 1885

[12] Western Kentucky Genealogy Blog, http://wkygenealogy.blogspot.com/2010_03_01_archive.html.

Appendix B: Death Records

Unless noted otherwise, all Indiana records are derived from *Indiana Deaths, 1882-1920* at Ancestry.com and all Illinois records are derived from *Illinois, Deaths and Stillbirths Index, 1916-1947* at Ancestry.com. Those records noted in *italics* are not known to be related to our clan.

Illinois, Crawford County

Name	DOB	DOD	Parents
Anna L. (Jacobs) Dodds	*28 Nov 1875*	*24 May 1946*	*George Jacobs & Mary Malone*
Bernard Donnell Malone	10 Oct 1870	23 Apr 1936	Alva Malone & Rose Donnell

Illinois, Edgar County

Name	DOB	DOD	Parents
William Malone	*10 Jun 1841*	*25 Jul 1926*	*Alfred Malone & Fredelia*
Carrie Alice (Hasting) Malone	*8 Feb 1883*	*28 Jul 1942*	*William Hasting & Elizabeth Higgins*
Francis Delores Malone	*21 Mar 1941*	*9 Aug 1941*	*Francis Malone & Hazel Cooley*
John Albert Malone	*25 Apr 1941*	*10 Aug 1941*	*Westley Malone & Mary Peoples*

Illinois, Edwards County

Name	DOB	DOD	Parents
Myrtle Dica (Malone) Dunk	*10 Oct 1875*	*26 Feb 1940*	*Benjamin Malone & Laura Dilday*

Illinois, Lawrence County

Name	DOB	DOD	Parents
Mayme (Jacobs) Archibald	*16 Feb 1877*	*20 Oct 1945*	*George Jacobs & Mary Malone*
A Son Malone	*13 Feb 1940*	*13 Feb 1940*	*William Malone & Gladys E. Scheeks*
Florence (Shaw) Malone	13 Feb 1861	23 Jan 1942	Thomas Shaw & Tressie Bell
Lillie Helen (Tright) Malone	*14 Feb 1916*	*25 Dec 1935*	*Carl Core Tright & Sophia Schultze*

Illinois, White County

Name	DOB	DOD	Parents
Opal Marie (Hanks) Batty	*29 Sep 1902*	*4 Jul 1940*	*William Hanks & Abigail Malone*
Ida May Edmunds	*15 Sep 1868*	*24 Jun 1941*	*J. A. Sprouse &*

(Sprouse) Curtis			*Emma Malone*
Florence (Sutton) Farmer	*14 Apr 1862*	*23 May 1938*	*Charles Sutton & Eliza Malone*
Rebecca H. (Jones) Gaines	*29 Sep 1866*	*2 Feb 1939*	*Joe Jones & Mary Malone*
Tavern Nelson Goldsmith	7 Mar 1915	7 Aug 1937	Elmer Goldsmith & Mable Malone
Abbie (Hadden) Malone	*13 Dec 1884*	*25 Dec 1938*	*Thomas Malone & Elizabeth Cummings*
Alice Malone (widow)	*About 1859*	*30 Dec 1889*	
Eva Malone	*17 Nov 1888*	*12 Jul 1888*	
Geo Washington Malone	*21 May 1866*	*10 Apr 1878*	
Jesse Malone[13]	*26 Jan 1886*	*15 Aug 1944*	
John A. Malone			
Julia A. (White) Malone	*29 Oct 1886*	*29 Jan 1922*	*Charles White & Sarah A. Walker*
Lulu Malone	*About 1888*	*8 Mar 1890*	
Martha Elizabeth (Dixon) Malone	*3 Oct 1912*	*9 Feb 1945*	*John Dixon & Clara Solomon*
Nancy (Coonrod) Malone	1 Jun 1860	21 Jan 1940	John Coonrod & Sarah Nash
Newton W. Malone	*18 Mar 1874*	*8 Mar 1947*	*George W. Malone & Cynthia Jane Huff*
Roy Malone	20 Jul 1889	13 Mar 1941	Benjamin Franklin Malone & Leslie J. Lindsay
Rose Bell Malone[14]	*5 Jun 1885*	*24 Jan 1960*	
Sarah H. (White) Henson Malone[15]	14 Oct 1857	2 Jun 1955	
William J. Malone[16]	*14 Apr 1909*	*11 Sep 1991*	
William Willis Malone	*31 May 1879*	*12 Jul 1880*	
Ida D. (Malone) McKinnies	*5 Apr 1873*	*23 Apr 1938*	*John A. Malone & Hulda S.*
Anna Myrtle (Malone) Ninness	23 Dec 1880	12 Nov 1929	Charles Malone & Olive Ann Phelps
Florence Bell (Malone) Tucker	*29 Jan 1885*	*5 Jan 1932*	*William Logan Malone & Webb*
Sarah Lavetta (Malone) Williams	*27 Feb 1857*	*8 Apr 1925*	*James Malone & Mary*

[13] *In Remembrance, Memorial Records White County Relatives, 1891-2002*, Mary Smith Fay Library Volunteers (2002).
[14] *In Remembrance, Memorial Records White County Relatives, 1891-2002*
[15] *In Remembrance, Memorial Records White County Relatives, 1891-2002*
[16] *In Remembrance, Memorial Records White County Relatives, 1891-2002*

Indiana, Gibson County

Name	Location	Age	DOD
Charles Malone	Gibson County	59	22 Feb 1907
Eliza Malone (black)	*Patoka Township*	*71*	*11 Jan 1907*
Estella (Redburn) Malone	Princeton	38	14 Nov 1912
Harriet (Trippett) Malone	Princeton	90	30 Jun 1911
Herman Malone	*Gibson County*	*4 mo*	*4 Dec 1903*
Hugh Malone	Patoka Township	72	1 Sep 1914
James Absalom Malone	Owensville	55	26 Apr 1907
Jesse Malone	Princeton	3	23 May 1900
John Allison Malone	Princeton	56	16 Feb 1893
Manda A. (Carnahan) Malone	Princeton	26	8 Apr 1894
Mariah (Kennett) Malone	Owensville	96	5 Nov 1911
Newton Malone	Columbia Township	45	30 May 1900
Permelia (Crawford) Malone	Owensville	47	7 Jun 1903
Rizzle Malone	*Oakland City*	*2 mo*	*13 Sep 1890*
Roscoe Malone	Princeton	2	30 Aug 1894
Sharlot Malone	Patoka Township	13	14 Jul 1912
Stella Malone	Oakland City	11	25 Nov 1894
Thomas Jefferson Malone	Owensville	82	5 Jan 1894
William F. Malone	Princeton	37	21 Aug 1904

Indiana, Posey County[17]

Name	Location	Age	DOD
Emma Malone	*Posey County*	*15*	*10 Feb 1899*[18]
Frederick Malone	Posey County	12 da	5 Nov 1884
G. W. Malone	Posey County	18 mo	23 Mar 1887
Henry H. Malone	Cynthiana	74	20 Aug 1900
Laura B. (Wade) Malone	Posey County	45	25 Mar 1905
Pauline (Pollard) Malone	Cynthiana	66	20 Nov 1900

Indiana, Vanderburgh County

Name	Location	Age	DOD
Columbus Malone	*Evansville*	*25*	*31 Mar 1909*
Delia Malone (black)	*Evansville*	*40*	*29 Nov 1906*
James Malone	*Evansville*	*72*	*20 Oct 1916*
Jessie P. Malone	*Evansville*	*6 mo*	*2 Jul 1889*
Mary Malone	*Evansville*	*?*	*28 Jun 1882*
Orvis Malone	Evansville	1 mo	2 Aug 1902
Rosin Malone (black)	*Evansville*	*8*	*22 Aug 1867*
Sherley Malone	*Evansville*	*2*	*2 Aug 1889*

[17] From *Deaths, 1882-1900* found at http://posey.genwebsite.org/ and *Indiana Deaths, 1882-1920* at Ancestry.com.
[18] Daughter of Elanson Malone. Mother's name is Loden?

The following two tables summarize the order of death for the children of James Malone, Senior and John Malone, Junior, and the order of death for the last known spouse of these children. The main value of these tables during research was as a means to prioritize looking for descendants that might be able to provide family lore, as it was thought that those that died most recently would potentially have descendants that were fewer generations removed from James Senior and John Junior.

The untitled column at the far right of these tables was used as to monitor the progress on tracking each line. An "L" in the right column denotes that Malone family lore had been located in this line. A "C" indicates that at least one descendant had been contacted.

Order of Death for the Known Children of James Sr. and John Jr. (Table 3)

Name	Date of Death	Father	Last Spouse (name at marriage)	Last Spouse (name at death)	
Charles Malone	About 1838, IL	John Jr	Unknown	Unknown	C
William A. J. Malone	About 1844, IN	James Sr	Evalina Gambrel	Evalina (Gambrel) Malone Harrison McCrary	C
Cordelia Malone	17 Mar 1849, IN	James Sr			-
William Malone	30 Jun 1852, IN	John Jr	Mary Ann Stivers	Mary Ann (Stivers) Malone Malone	-
John Malone	16 Jun 1853, IN	James Sr	Nancy Skelton	Nancy (Skelton) Malone Montgomery	L
Sarah Malone	Before 1860, IN	James Sr			-
John Malone III	1860s, IL	John Jr	Mary Ann (Stivers) Malone	Mary Ann (Stivers) Malone Malone	L
George W. Malone	9 Dec 1865, IN	James Sr	Martha Wilsey	Martha (Wilsey) Malone Wilson	C
Permelia Malone	About 1867, IN	James Sr	Owen Curtis Jones	Owen Curtis Jones	C
Andrew Jackson Malone	5 Mar 1869, IN	John Jr	Alcinda (Cox) Slater	Alcinda (Cox) Slater Malone Davis Moore	C
Emily Malone	2 Jan 1872, IN	John Jr	John Norman	John Norman	C
James Malone, Junior	5 Feb 1877, IN	James Sr	Lucinda Key	Lucinda (Key) Malone	C
Thomas J. Malone	Bef 1880, IL	James Sr	Emma (Walker) Stephens	Emma (Walker) Stephens Malone	L
Benjamin Franklin Malone	After 1882, MO	John Jr	Elizabeth (?) Irvin	Elizabeth (?) Irvin Malone	C
Elijah Malone	1881, IN	James Sr	Catherine (?) Blackerty	Catherine (?) Blackerty Malone	L
David Malone	26 Oct 1883, IN	John Jr	Mary Thompson	Mary (Thompson) Malone	C
Absalom Malone	15 Jul 1886, IN	John Jr	Sarah Kennett	Sarah (Kennett) Malone	C
Eliza Ann Malone	29 Nov 1888, IN	James Sr	William Mathews	William Mathews	C
Alfred W. Malone	28 Jul 1892	James Sr	Addie Bisbee	Addie (Bisbee) Malone	C
Thomas Jefferson Malone	6 Jan 1894, IN	John Jr	Mariah Kennett	Mariah (Kennett) Malone	C
Henry Harrison Malone	20 Aug 1900, IN	James Sr	Pauline Pollard	Pauline (Pollard) Malone	
Absalom M. Malone	15 Aug 1901, IL	James Sr	Eliza Ann (Brothers) Engle	Eliza Ann (Brothers) Engle Malone Cash	L

Order of Death for the Spouses of the Children of James Sr. and John Jr. (Table 4)

Name at Last Marriage	Date of Death	Family	Malone Spouse	Spouses Name at Death (or last known spouse)	
Mary Ann (Stivers) Malone	About 1871, IL	John Jr	John Malone III	John Malone III	L
Nancy (Skelton) Malone	About 1869, IN	James Sr	John Malone	Thomas Montgomery	L
John Norman	17 Jul 1876, IN	John Jr	Emily Malone	Irene (?) Stuckey Malone	-
Sarah Kennett	14 Sep 1877, IN	John Jr	Absalom Malone	Absalom Malone	C
Owen Curtis Jones	Before 1880, IN	James Sr	Permelia Malone	Permelia (Malone) Jones	C
Evalina (Gambrel) Malone Harrison	About 1886	James Sr	William Andrew J. Malone	William McCrary	C
Lucinda Key	2 Oct 1890, IN	James Sr	James Malone, Junior	James Malone, Junior	C
Catherine (?) Blackerty	About 1893, MO?	James Sr	Elijah Malone	Elijah Malone	L
Adeline Bisbee	1 Jun 1897	James Sr	Alfred Malone	Alfred Malone	C
Pauline Pollard	20 Oct 1900, IN	James Sr	Henry Harrison Malone	Henry Harrison Malone	
William Mathews	After 1900, IN	James Sr	Eliza Ann Malone	Eliza Ann (Malone) Mathews	C
Martha Wilsey	27 Nov 1910	James Sr	George W. Malone	John S. L. Wilson	C
Mary Thompson	After 1910, IN	John Jr	David Malone	David Malone	C
Mariah Kennett	5 Nov 1911, IN	John Jr	Thomas Jefferson Malone	Thomas Jefferson Malone	C
Alcinda (Cox) Slater Malone	17 Oct 1917, TX	John Jr	Andrew Jackson Malone	? Moore	C
Emma (Walker) Stephens	22 Aug 1918, IL	James Sr	Thomas J. Malone	Thomas J. Malone	C
Eliza Ann (Brothers) Engle	20 Apr 1926, IL	James Sr	Absalom M. Malone	Absalom M. Malone	L

Appendix C: Birth Records

Unless noted otherwise, all Indiana records are derived from *Indiana Births, 1880-1920* at Ancestry.com. White County, Illinois birth records were transcribed from birth index records from the White County Courthouse in Carmi, Illinois. Those records noted in *italics* are not known to be related to our clan.

Illinois, White County[19]

Name	DOB	Parents
Ada Alice Malone	26 Sep 1895	Ira Malone and Nancy Ann Burke
Ambie Mildred Malone	*6 Aug 1883*	*Archie Malone and A. Files*
Anna M. Malone	23 Dec 1880	Charles Malone and Ollie Phelps
Arnold Dee Malone	16 Dec 1930	Wm. Jackson Malone and Nellie M. Penner
Aubrey Milton Malone	*25 Jun 1885*	*Archie Malone and Artie Files*
Bertram Malone	*2 Mar 1912*	*Jesse Malone and Gail Miller*
Bessie May Malone	6 Feb 1887	Wm. T. Malone and Nancy Russell
Clarence Malone	1 Nov 1886	Abs Malone and Eliza A. Brothers
Clella M. Malone	3 Jul 1928	Wm J. Malone and Nellie M. Penner
Don Shaw Malone	*4 May 1918*	*Alvah L. Malone and Erma M. Shaw*
Dorris Lea Malone	*4 Aug 1920*	*Mark Malone and Julia White*
Ethel Malone	14 Jul 1891	Spencer Malone and Sarah Johnston
Frank A. Malone	*11 Mar 1883*	*John A. Malone and Martha M. Stokes*
George M. Malone	25 Jul 1879	Charles H. Malone and Ollie A. Phelps
Grace Carolyn Malone	*18 Nov 1925*	*Millage E. Malone and Fleta Davenport*
James A. Malone	20 Apr 1878	James A. Malone and Elizabeth Coontz
James Carl Malone	*22 Feb 1882*	*Wm. H. Malone and Mary Alice Shipley*
James Lemuel Malone	9 Sep 1882	W.T. Malone and N. Russell
John (Bain Grover) Malone[20]	31 Mar 1884	James A. Malone and Elizabeth Coontz
John Malone	24 Oct 1892	B. F. Malone and Lydia Jane Lindsay
Joseph Malone	*1 Jul 1885*	*George and Mellie Flanagan*
Leslie Monroe Malone	*3 Nov 1890*	*Th. Walter Malone and Flora Foster*
Mable Malone	16 May 1887	B. F. Malone and Lydia J. Lindsay
Mamie Elva Malone	*19 Jul 1896*	*N. C. Malone and Mary L. Sullivan*
Margaret F. Malone	*22 Sep 1885*	*Thos. W. Malone and Flora Foster*
Marion William Malone	*25 Feb 1921*	*Martin Malone and Lettie Harrelson*
Marvin Edward Malone	*5 Mar 1913*	*Thurman Malone and Mary Ann Mosier*
Melba Malone	*17 May 1906*	*D. J. Malone and S. M. Tucker*
Mollie Malone	11 Feb 1891	B. F. Malone and Lydia Jane Lindsay
Nora Malone	15 Sep 1888	Spence Malone and Fanny Johnston
Oscar Malone	*28 Jan 1902*	*Thos. Malone and Emily Acord*
Perry Arvel (Arnold) Malone	6 Jul 1889	Abs Malone and Anna Brothers
Ruth Franklin Malone	4 Jan 1900	B. F. Malone and Lydia Jane Lindsay

[19] *Birth Register, Book 1, White County, Illinois (November, 1877 through July, 1882)* by Patricia S. Davis and Kay Kuykendall.

[20] The name for this individual was changed from "John" to "Baine Grover" at some point prior to the 1900 Census.

William Jackson Malone	2 Nov 1897	B. F. Malone and Lydia Jane Lindsay
Winnie Mildred Malone	*5 May 1914*	*Martin Malone and Letta Lucy Harrelson*
Unnamed Malone	*15 Feb 1879*	*George R. Malone and Barbera E. Porter*
Unnamed Malone	30 Jul 1879	
Unnamed Malone	*25 Jul 1879*	*William H. Malone and Mary E. Shipley*
Unnamed Malone	*8 Jun 1886*	*Charles Malone and Etta Dobbs*
Unnamed Malone	*20 Feb 1888*	*Charles H. Malone and Mattie E. Keen*
Unnamed Malone	*17 Sep 1888*	*Wm. Malone and Mary Funkhouse*
Unnamed Malone	*5 Aug 1915*	*Alvah L. Malone and Erma M. Shaw*

Indiana, Knox County

Name	DOB	Parents
Floyd V. Fiddler	*3 Jun 1918*	*Lewis A. Fiddler, Nina Malone*
Berniece Huley	*13 Jan 1918*	*Bessie Malone, Edward Huley*
Clarence Huley	*11 Jun 1919*	*Bessie Malone, Edward Huley*
A Daughter Bennett	*30 Jul 1894*	*Susan Malone, Joseph Bennett*
Mary E. Crawford	*11 Mar 1919*	*Douey J. Crawford, Rosy Malone*
Leona Fiddler	*4 Sep 1920*	*Lewis A. Fiddler, Nina Malone*
Raymond Andy Fiddler	*23 Dec 1916*	*Lewis A. Fiddler, Nina Malone*
A Daughter Lee	*24 Jun 1914*	*John S. Lee, Martha A. Malone*
A Son Lee	*22 May 1908*	*John S. Lee, Martha A. Malone*
Charles Elbert Lee	*3 Jun 1911*	*John S. Lee, Martha A. Malone*
Cleo Lee	*29 Nov 1906*	*John Lee, Allie M. Malone*
John Woodrow Lee	*9 Nov 1916*	*John Lee, Allie M. Malone*
James O. Malone	5 Sep 1910	Isaac Malone, Minnie Griesemer
Mildred M. Malone	*7 Jul 1911*	*Ross Malone, Hazel Davis*
Myrtle Marie Malone	13 Oct 1904	Ephraim Malone, Laura Gibson
Edward D. Starling	*21 Dec 1915*	*Edgar Starling, Gertrude Malone*
Elwood U. Summitt	*4 May 1920*	*Homer Summitt, Bertha Malone*

Indiana, Posey County

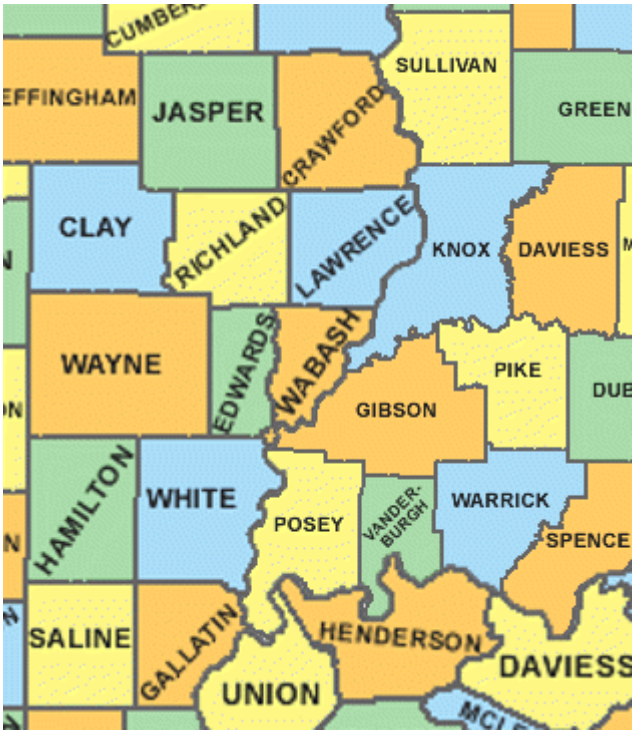
Name	DOB	Parents
Carleton Blase	5 Nov 1883	Joseph L. Blase, Julia Shannon Malone
Fern Irene Blase	13 Dec 1887	Joseph L. Blase, Julia Shannon Malone
Pansy L. Blase	27 Jun 1889	Joseph L. Blase, Julia Shannon Malone
Louis Albert Laib	18 Nov 1894	Jacob Laib, Nancy Rosalie Malone
William Laib	9 Nov 1898	Jacob Laib, Nancy Rosalie Malone
A Daughter Malone	12 Jun 1883	Alonzo Malone, Sarah Lowden
A Daughter Malone	21 Jul 1883	Richard Malone, Laura Belle Wade
A Son Malone	10 Aug 1882	James T. Malone, Nancy J. Coonrod
A Son Malone	*20 Nov 1903*	*John Malone, Mary Young*
Albert Malone	*7 May 1913*	*James Carl Malone, Rosa Bell Ward/Wood*
Chaffin B. Malone	1 Jul 1895	John Chaffin Malone, Lillian Bloomer
Clydea Ivy Malone	16 Jan 1888	James T. Malone, Nancy J. Coonrod
Delbert H. Malone	13 Jan 1915	Richard Smith Malone, Myrtle Pendell
Freddie Malone	18 Jan 1885	James T. Malone, Nancy J. Coonrod

Frederick Malone	22 Oct 1884	Richard Malone, Laura Belle Wade
Gerald Malone	*2 Apr 1909*	*James Carl Malone, Rosa Bell Ward/Wood*
Golden Malone	16 Dec 1882	Essa M. Malone
Hosea M. Malone	*21 May 1908*	*James M. Malone, Lottie Harrelson*
John Warrick Malone	5 Aug 1883	Charles Malone, Rhoda Watkins
Lawrence Malone	*17 Apr 1912*	*Art Malone, Stella May Logan*
Richard Smith Malone	25 Dec 1885	Richard Malone, Laura Belle Wade
A Daughter Williams	18 Mar 1883	Zephaniah Williams, Mary C. Malone

Indiana, Vanderburgh County

Mary Bakey	*14 Jan 1920*	*Alois Malone, Willie Bakey*
Marion Stephen Huff	*23 Aug 1917*	*Harry Huff, Ora May Malone*
Charles N. Laib	23 Jun 1906	Jacob Laib, Nancy Rosalie Malone
Celesta Jane Low	10 Mar 1898	George W. Low, Maria Emma Malone
Joseph Kenneth Malone	24 Jul 1913	Joseph Newton Malone, Francis Miller
Orvis Malone	2 Jul 1902	Joseph Newton Malone, Francis Miller
Melvin C. Malone	*25 Nov 1916*	*William H. Malone, Eula May Purdue*
Richard Paul Malone	16 May 1918	Joseph Newton Malone, Francis Miller
William Earl Malone	*22 Nov 1913*	*William H. Malone, Eula May Purdue*
Carl William Malzahn	*21 Oct 1912*	*Fred E. Malzahn, Della Malone*
Clarence R. Malzahn	*9 Dec 1916*	*Fred E. Malzahn, Della Malone*
Dorris Malzahn	*6 Feb 1918*	*Fred E. Malzahn, Della Malone*
Julia Anna Malzahn	*24 Mar 1914*	*Fred E. Malzahn, Della Malone*
Myrtle M. Malzahn	*3 July 1920*	*Fred E. Malzahn, Della Malone*
Charles William Philips	*12 Aug 1920*	*Roscoe E. Philips, Myrtle M. Malone*
John S. Philips	*26 Jun 1911*	*Roscoe E. Philips, Myrtle M. Malone*
Loretta Fay Philips	*17 Oct 1919*	*Roscoe E. Philips, Myrtle M. Malone*
Wanda Philips	*26 Sep 1916*	*Roscoe E. Philips, Myrtle M. Malone*
A Son Ramsey	*15 Apr 1919*	*Oscar Ramsey, Mary Malone*
A Son Woods	*3 Sep 1911*	*Otto Woods, Ethel Malone*

Appendix D: Marriage Records



This section lists chronologically the known Malone marriages in:

- Illinois
  - Crawford County
  - Edgar County[21]
  - Edwards County
  - Gallatin County
  - Lawrence County
  - Richland County
  - Wabash County
  - White County
- Indiana
  - Daviess County
  - Gibson County
  - Knox County
  - Posey County
  - Vanderburgh County
  - Warrick County
- Kentucky
  - Madison County
  - Union County

The date range of available marriage records varies by county. Marriages are ordered by state, then county, then date of marriage.

All *italicized entries* in the lists below signify that it was <u>not possible</u>, with information currently available, to connect these individuals to the family of either James or John. Note that there are inevitable omissions to these lists for various reasons (due to variations in the spelling of Malone, errors in transcription, gaps in records and so forth). Please note that where transcription errors have been found in the cited source documents an attempt has been made to revise the listings to reflect the correct names.

Illinois marriages are derived mainly from *Illinois Marriages, 1851-1900* at Ancestry.com, *Illinois Statewide Marriage Index, 1753-1900* at cyberdriveillinois.com, and from *Illinois, Marriages, 1815-1935* at familysearch.org. Indiana marriages are derived mainly from *Indiana Marriage Collection, 1800-1941* at Ancestry.com and *Indiana, Marriages, 1780-1992* & *Indiana, Marriages, 1811-1959* at familysearch.org.

During this research evidence has surfaced for a few unions that are not found in public records and have been included in the lists below. Such marriages and their approximate dates are noted in **bold text**.

[21] Directly north of Crawford County.

Illinois, Clark County

Solomon Malone	*Hannah Fowler*	*23 Sep 1847*
Alexander M. Malone (born AL)	*Catharine Gilbraith*	*2 Mar 1848*
Harriet Malone (born AL)	*Wyatt Craig*	*5 Oct 1848*
Sarah P.Malone	*William H. Stader*	*21 Jun 1849*
Thomas H. Malone	*Margaret Phillips*	*15 Jul 1849*
William James Malone (born AL)	*Unice D. Rardin*	*19 Nov 1849*
William J. Malone	*Nancy Handy*	*12 Feb 1852*
Robert M. Malone	*Louisa Jane Underwood*	*1 Dec 1852*
Alexander M. Malone (born AL)	*Loretta M. Higgins*	*4 Aug 1853*
Claiborne Malone	*Elisabeth F. Haskill*	*13 Sep 1853*
Woodford D. Malone	*Mary A. E. Simmons*	*28 Oct 1856*
Robert Malone	*Perina Dawson*	*2 Sep 1862*
Laretta Malone	*George Mobley*	*21 Dec 1864*
Jane Malone	*William Meek*	*13 Aug 1868*
Sarah A. Malone	*William L. Walters*	*11 Aug 1881*
Jane Malone	*Clarence Prevo*	*7 Sep 1882*
Mary E. Malone	*William B. Mobley*	*5 Aug 1883*
Harriet Malone	*William Lindley*	*3 Jan 1884*
William J. Malone	*Mrs. Eunice Poorman*	*16 Mar 1887*
Augustine Malone	*Leona B. McKinney*	*14 Apr 1887*
John M. Malone	*Mrs. Hannah Bartlett*	*8 Apr 1888*
James L. Malone	*Eva Paddock*	*15 Oct 1888*
Anna Malone	*R. C. Shoemaker*	*25 Feb 1898*

Illinois, Clay County

Mary Malone	*James W. Sublett*	*10 Apr 1864*
Mary Ellen Malone	*Andrew J. Lee*	*24 Apr 1864*
Mary Malone	*William L. Cochran*	*28 Nov 1864*
James Malone	*Nancy J. Rodgers*	*2 Jan 1870*

Illinois, Coles County

Araminta Malone (TN)	*James A. Land*	*25 Dec 1852*
John Malone	*Manerva Jane Lee*	*16 Jan 1856*
Mrs. Elizabeth Malone	*David Temple*	*25 Sep 1858*
John Malone	*Mrs. Elizabeth J. Smith*	*5 Oct 1865*
Angeline Malone	*Odell Peterson*	*7 Jul 1870*
Maggie Malone	*Benjamin Dawson*	*1 Jun 1882*
Mary Malone	*Joseph N. Vanderen*	*6 Nov 1884*
Sarah Malone	*Peter C. Carrell*	*10 Oct 1886*
Julia E. Malone	*Michael Kelley*	*20 Feb 1887*
Lucy A. Malone	*Clarence B. Muchmore*	*5 Sep 1900*
Grover C. Malone	*Sarah M. Graham*	*24 Dec 1905*

Illinois, Crawford County

Alva C. Malone	Rose Donnell	12 Oct 1869

Rosaline Malone	Charles Hackett	28 Nov 1875
William Bate Malone	*Dora Alice Gaines*	*22 Aug 1881*
Abraham Lincoln Malone	Martha Isabel Maddox	21 Jan 1883
Mrs. Martha I. (Maddox) Malone	Aaron Decker Foreman	30 Dec 1885
Eunice Malone	*John Lindsay Shaw*	*25 Mar 1894*
Mrs. Rosaline (Malone) Hackett	Hezekiah Martin Vaught	

Illinois, Cumberland County

No Malone marriages found.

Illinois, Edgar County

John V. Malone (born Ohio)	*Lockey V. Chrisman*	*21 Jun 1854*
William L. Malone	*Isabel H. Ingram*	*11 Apr 1860*
Flora A. Malone	*Oliver N. Koontz*	*1 Sep 1874*
James M. Malone	*Flora E. Ruggles*	*25 Jul 1878*[22]
Isabella J. Malone	*Alonzo Canaday*	*19 Dec 1882*
John S. Malone	*Emma Wilson*	*29 Sep 1884*
Malinda Malone	Lorenzo Jones	5 Dec 1892
Ella Malone	Samuel Jefferson Myers	19 Feb 1895
Isabelle J. Malone	*George H. Frink*	*24 Mar 1895*
Mrs. Malinda M. (Jackson) Malone	*Louis M. Downey*	*25 Dec 1895*
Mrs. Maggie (Simpson) Malone	*John T. Sisson*	*25 Feb 1897*
Leona Arabelle Malone	Clarence Omer Elledge	3 Mar 1897
Chester Arthur Malone	Josie Helms	22 Nov 1900
Barnet Frederick Malone	Pearl E. Crawford	17 Jul 1901
Isabell Malone	*William Weddle*	*24 Dec 1901*
Leona Margaret Malone	Raymond Novell Fonner	17 Nov 1921

Illinois, Edwards County

Alfred Malone	Elizabeth Ann Fisher	27 Dec 1841
Willis Malone	Percilla Frances Benson	30 May 1869
Nathaniel Malone	*Mary R. Sullivan*	*31 Jan 1876*
Nora S. Malone	Thomas W. Marriott	2 Sep 1884
Spencer Malone	Francis H. A. "Fanny" Johnston	30 Sep 1886
Myrtle Malone	Sidney N. Dunk	2 Apr 1896
Luella Malone	Alfred Hocking	24 May 1897

Illinois, Gallatin County

Abner V. Malone	*Catherine J. Lands*	*Unknown*
Levi Malone	*Jerusha Willis*	*31 Oct 1841*
William Malone	*Charlotte Stevenson*	*17 Oct 1841*
Ann Elizabeth Malone	*James W. Drury*	*20 Mar 1864*
Alice Malone	*William White*	*26 Oct 1892*
Rubie Malone	*William Walker*	*31 Oct 1898*

[22] From Patricia Helen Malone in an e-mail dated 26 Dec 2011. Original source was Ancestry.com.

Illinois, Jasper County

Alfred Malone (born Virginia)	*Jane Gale*	*23 Oct 1864*
George H. Malone	*Julia C. Chesley*	*22 Jan 1888*
William H. Malone	*Elizabeth Hampsten*	*11 Mar 1864*

Illinois, Lawrence County

Benjamin F. Malone	Isabella Travis	15 Mar 1827
John Malone	Eliza Travis	29 Mar 1838
Elizabeth Ann Malone	William Bryant Sumner	25 Aug 1845
John Malone	Callista Stivers	12 Feb 1846
Lydia Jane Malone	Marshall Stivers	26 Feb 1849
Mary Emily Malone	Jeremiah Sims	25 Jan 1850
William Malone	Mary Ann Stivers	20 Nov 1851
Benjamin F. Malone	Mrs. Sarah Ann (Sorber) Sims	9 Jan 1853
John Malone	Mrs. Mary Ann (Stivers) Malone	23 Jan 1853
Thomas Malone	*Eliza (?) Malone*	*3 Nov 1853*
Horace W. Malone	Mary M. Williams	5 Apr 1864
Thomas J. Malone	Mary A. Shoup	4 Mar 1866
Mrs. Sarah (Sorber) Sims Malone	Solomon Bunn	8 Feb 1885[23]
Thomas J. Malone	Mrs. Margaret E. Laughlin	27 Dec 1877
William Malone	Emily Caroline Millhouse	2 May 1880
John M. Malone	Roxana Clark	3 Sep 1886
William Malone	Florence G. Shaw	24 Dec 1889
Josie Malone	*James R. Stant*	*16 Nov 1890*
Sarah J. Malone	Sheridan D. Day	1 Jun 1890
Emma Malone	James M. Ruby	25 Mar 1891
Vida Malone	Jesse Scaggs	12 Apr 1899
Nellie L. Malone	Albert Leroy Akers	7 Sep 1938

Illinois, Richland County

Mrs. Matilda (Malone) Watson	Daniel B. Lomas	2 Nov 1903
Mrs. Lydia Jane (Lindsay) Malone	John A. Garrett	3 Feb 1904

Illinois, Wabash County

Edward Malone	*Annetta Lyle*	*22 Jan 1890*
Martin Malone	Lula Kennard	4 Dec 1895
Lemuel L. Malone	Belle Shearer	30 Sep 1903
Mary F. Malone	Joseph J. Shadel	30 Nov 1934

Illinois, White County[24,25]

There are at least three different Malone clans that settled in White County, Illinois before 1900. To assist researchers in sorting out these lines the abbreviation of the birth

[23] Noted as Solomon Bessen in some records. Bunn is correct.
[24] *Illinois Statewide Marriage Index, 1763-1900*, State of Illinois.
[25] *White County Illinois Marriages 1866-1880*, Patricia L. Davis, 1995.

state of the brides and grooms is provided where it is known. **Researchers with family members that married in White County, Illinois will be interested to know that many of the marriage certificates dated after about 1878 that are on file at the county courthouse in Carmi, Illinois include marriage returns that have the names of parents (and sometimes grandparents).**

Thomas J. Malone	Catharine Heasty	16 Nov 1837
George A. Malone (TN)	*[Mrs.] Libra (?) Ross (IL)*	*22 Nov 1860*
William H. H. Malone (TN)	*Mary Hunsinger (IL)*	*14 Nov 1867*
George W. Malone (IL)	*Milly Flanigan*	*2 Aug 1868*
Elliott Malone	*Elizabeth Boze*	*29 Aug 1868*[26]
James A. Malone (IN)	Elizabeth Coontz (IL)	21 Mar 1869
Josiah J. Malone (TN)	*Mrs. Belinda C. Adcock (KY)*	*21 Mar 1869*
Frances Malone (TN)	*Oscar Brown (TN)*	*6 Apr 1871*
Manson S. Malone (TN)	*Mary Ann Steed*	*6 Jul 1871*
John A. Malone[27] *(TN)*	*Martha Mahalda Stokes (IL)*	*18 Dec 1871*
Sarah E. Malone	*Franklin Armstrong*	*3 Apr 1872*
Mrs. Elizabeth (Boze?) Malone	*Henry Hood*	*13 Sep 1872*
Lucinda Malone	*Sylvester Russell*	*16 Dec 1872*
Sarah Malone	*Josiah Jones*	*27 Dec 1872*
Mary E. Malone	*Elias McCarty*	*9 Jan 1873*
Emma Malone	Martin E. Hughes	17 Sep 1874[28]
Georgiana Malone	Philip S. Bell	14 Nov 1875
William H. Malone	*Mary Alice Shipley*	*16 Apr 1876*
Alice M. Malone	*William C. Gidcomb*	*1 Nov 1876*
Mrs. Mary Ann (Steed) Malone	Andrew Malone Smith	13 Dec 1877
William Thomas Malone	Minnie Russell	5 Sep 1878
Charles Malone	Ollie Ann Phelps	26 Oct 1878
Thomas Malone	Mrs. Eliza G. Cox	18 Dec 1880
Annie Fannie Malone	John M. Higginson	9 Mar 1881
Archie Milton Malone (KY)	*Artemesia M. Files (IL)*	*27 Mar 1881*
Wallace H. Malone	Amelia Maud St. Clair Clifford	4 Jun 1882
James Malone	*Laura Jane Dosher*	*4 Sep 1882*
Thomas W. Malone (TN)	*Flora B. Foster (IL)*	*4 Oct 1882*
Absalom Malone	Eliza Ann "Annie" Brothers	1884[29]
Thomas J. Malone	Hattie Stanley	13 Jan 1885
Mrs. Olive Ann (Phelps) Malone	John L. Stanley	3 Feb 1885
Charles Henry Malone	*Martha Ellen Keen*	*17 Jun 1885*
Mrs. Geniatta (Wilson) Malone	*Isaac Finner*	*27 Jul 1885*
Benjamin Franklin Malone	Lydia Jane Lindsay	8 Aug 1886

[26] *Early White County, Indiana Marriages, 1834-1906*, Mrs. Cledith Scott, undated.
[27] Listed as John A. Melrose in *Illinois Statewide Marriage Index, 1763-1900*.
[28] *Early White County, Indiana Marriages, 1834-1906*, Mrs. Cledith Scott, undated.
[29] This is confirmed by the 1900 Census and a White County, Illinois newspaper obituary, as summarized in *Gone But Not Forgotten, Vol. 1* by Young and Davis (undated). At the time she was the widow of William Engle. After Absalom's death she married Thomas Cash.

Julia E. Malone	*John James*	*30 Sep 1887*
Nathaniel C. Malone	*Annie Haynes*	*20 Sep 1888*
Henry Malone	*Minnie May Jones*	*27 Jan 1889*
Thomas E. Malone	*Rachel Patterson*	*28 Jun 1889*
Mrs. Annie F (Malone) Higginson	Emanuel Smith	26 Feb 1891
Wallace H. Malone	Mrs. Carrie Coleman	24 Sep 1892
Matilda Malone	Marshall Watson	8 Jul 1894
Thomas E. Malone	*Amelia C. Hawkins*	*12 Apr 1895*
Sarah Malone	*John A. Snyder*	*26 Oct 1895*
Ida D. Malone	Jasper Madden Pyle	22 Jul 1896
O. P. Malone	*Flora Leasure*	*31 Jan 1897*
Sarah E. Malone	*Louis H. Burton*	*22 Dec 1897*
Abbie Gail Malone	*William Hanks*	*7 Aug 1898*
Charles H. Malone	*Lena C. Ritchey*	*18 Sep 1898*
Mrs. Laura J. (Dilday) Malone	Joseph G. Coles	21 Dec 1898
Thomas Malone (TN)	*Mrs. Emily (Accord) Griffin*	*12 Jul 1899*
Robert P. Malone	*Maggie Trammell*	*14 Aug 1899*
Mrs. Annie (Brothers) Malone	Thomas Cash	1902[30]
Clarence J. Malone	Martha Rebecca Rice	23 Nov 1904
Mable M. Malone	C. Elmer Goldsmith	1905
Clydea Ivy Malone	W. A. Tyner	9 Sep 1908[31]
Clarence Lafayette Malone	Fannie Olive (Jayne) Cole	28 Mar 1911[32]
Mollie M. Malone	William Oscar Blackledge	1914
Ada Alice Malone	Charles Edward Wise	20 Jan 1915
Ruth Franklin Malone	Noah Weigant	1921

Indiana, Daviess County[33]

Frederick Malone	*Martha C Leon*	*20 Dec 1866*
Mary A Malone	*James Atchley*	*23 Jul 1867*
Albert W Malone	*Martha O'Neil*	*4 Mar 1869*
Henry F Malone	*Sarah E Johnson*	*9 Oct 1873*
Catherine N Malone	*George R White*	*8 Sep 1874*
William Malone	*Nancy J Parmer*	*2 Mar 1884*
Frederick Malone	*Nancy Woodruff*	*16 Jun 1887*
Peter F Malone	*Alda Ward*	*23 Apr 1887*
Albert Malone	*Ada E Dillon*	*26 Aug 1890*
James W Malone	*Malinda J Ward*	*9 Dec 1892*
Jane Malone	*John N Williams*	*1 Mar 1893*
Mary E Malone	*Sheridan Todd*	*22 Nov 1893*
Susan Malone	*Marion E Moore*	*8 May 1894*
Elias Malone	*Eva M Ketchem*	*16 Aug 1896*
John W Malone	*Tella B Weathers*	*9 Jan 1898*

[30] Per 1910 Census for White County, Illinois.
[31] Provided by Shirley Malone Fritsche.
[32] Marriages *from White County Illinois, Volume No. 3, 1901-1915* by Connie Vaught (undated).
[33] *Indiana Marriage Collection, 1800-1941*, ancestry.com.

Nora I Malone	*Henry N Wascum*	*24 Dec 1899*
Lucinda Malone	*Thomas L Bowman*	*25 Jul 1901*
Mabel Malone	*Aden McNabb*	*16 Nov 1902*
Malinda J Malone	*Thomas J Hays*	*28 Jun 1903*
William A Malone	*Julia E Trotter*	*22 Sep 1903*
William Malone	*Alice Springman*	*6 Sep 1906*
Belva J Malone	*Ellsworth Overton*	*1 Jan 1907*
Nina Malone	*Lewis A Fidler*	*31 Jul 1907*
Herman L Malone	*Nellie V Shaffer*	*26 Nov 1908*
Bertha Malone	*Pearl Perry*	*29 Jul 1911*
Walter C Malone	*Sarah A Holt*	*26 Jan 1911*
Lena R Malone	*Earl Johnson*	*10 Dec 1912*
Ellis D Malone	*Hattie Hastings*	*28 Nov 1913*
Clestie B B Malone	*Claud O Crawford*	*18 Oct 1914*
Frank Malone	*Hazel A Pershing*	*12 Nov 1916*
Inis M Malone	*John F Eads*	*24 Sep 1916*
Nancy A Malone	*Daniel Sargent*	*26 Nov 1916*
Elizabeth P Malone	*Edward L Lloyd*	*18 Oct 1919*

Indiana, Gibson County[34,35]

Per Ruth Eads Kendall's *Gibson County Marriage Records Volume 1, June 1813-April 1839*, the earliest recorded marriage in Gibson County occurred in June of 1813.

John Malone	Nancy Skelton	29 Oct 1829
Thomas Jefferson Malone	Rhoda Baldwin	11 Dec 1834
James Malone	Lucinda Key	28 Jul 1836
Andrew J. Malone	Lydia Ann Yager	9 Feb 1837
Eliza Ann Malone	William Mathews	15 Nov 1837
William A. J. Malone	Evaline Gambrel	25 Jan 1838
Thomas J. Malone	Sarah A Myers	25 Mar 1838
Sarah Malone	John Stewart	22 Sep 1840
Mrs. Evalina (Gambrel) Malone	Charles H. Harrison	11 Aug 1844
Emily Malone	John W. Normon[36]	3 May 1845
Absalom Malone	Elizabeth Kennett	9 Apr 1846
Thomas J. Malone	Maria Kennett	7 Apr 1846
Parmelia Malone	Owen C. Jones	4 Aug 1849
David R. Malone	Julia C. Yerkes	8 Aug 1849
James Malone	**Hettie _____**	**abt 1851[37]**
Jane Malone	William Ridenour	16 Oct 1851
John Malone	*Mary Ann Stephenson*	*21 Mar 1853*

[34] *Gibson County Marriage Records, Vol 1 & 2* by Ruth Eads Kendall, manuscript, undated.
[35] *Gibson County, Indiana, Index of Marriages: 1850-1920*.
[36] Listed as Harmon, but Gibson County Circuit Court Records, Box 334, File 23 establishes that the name was actually Norman.
[37] As noted elsewhere, there is no source to corroborate this union, but it would seem to be the best explanation of her existence in Gibson County.

Mrs. Nancy (Skelton) Malone	Thomas Montgomery	21 Feb 1856
Elijah Malone	Nancy S. Harris	5 May 1856
Caroline Malone	Peter Koch	5 Mar 1857
Joseph Malone	Mrs. Catharine (Cutlip) Stice	20 Sept 1857
Elizabeth Malone	Henry Mans	30 Oct 1859
Rhoda Malone	William J. Mauck	7 Mar 1861
Thomas J. Malone	Mrs. Emma (Walker) Stephens	30 Jun 1861
Christiana Malone	Isaac Mounts	21 Nov 1861
Elijah Malone	Artemesia R. Pedigo	9 Dec 1861
Amanda Malone	Owen Pollard	7 Apr 1863
Cyntha Malone	William M. Boswell	28 July 1865
Charles Malone	Rhoda Watkins	24 Dec 1866
Sarah Ellen Malone	James Mauck	30 Aug 1866
Mrs. Rhoda (Malone) Mauck	John Marvel Smith	21 Nov 1866
John Malone	Hattie Trippett	1 Jan 1867
Mrs. Mary A. (Stephenson) Malone	John B. Corbett	6 May 1868
Rice Malone	Malinda Harper	18 Mar 1868
Mrs. Alcinda (Cox) Slater Malone	Henry J. Davis	1 Oct 1869
Benjamin Malone	Laura Jane Dilday	13 Oct 1870
Eliza Malone	Oliver W. Bircket	27 Apr 1871
Emma J. Malone	Warren J. Cox	10 Nov 1872
James Malone	Parmelia J. Crawford	21 May 1874
Mary C. Malone	F. W. Hall	3 Sep 1874
Elijah Malone	Catherine J. Blackerty	17 Dec 1876
Newton Malone	Hannah Sovercool	6 Feb 1877
Adelaide Malone	Richard Durham	30 Oct 1886
Rosa L. Malone	Jacob Laib	30 Aug 1888
Hugh Malone (should be Maglone)	*Eva Stermer*	*19 Dec 1889*
Charles L. Malone	Estella R. Redburn	5 Apr 1892
William F. Malone	Manda A. Carnahan	23 May 1893
Henry Malone	Hattie Wallace	24 Dec 1893
Clara Malone	Thomas H. Miller	18 Jan 1894
Nellie C. Malone	Charles A. Steele	10 Apr 1895
Emma Malone	George W. Low	12 Feb 1896
Gertrude L. Malone	Edward Weisgerber	15 May 1896
William F. Malone	Lillye T. Decker	8 Dec 1897
Clarence J. Malone	Julia Consert	18 May 1898
Winnie L. Malone	Howard B. Green	1 Aug 1900
Hattie Malone	Alfred Ashby	5 Aug 1900
Samuel M. Malone	Jessie M. Reavis	5 Sep 1900
Edith Malone	Stephen L. Meade	2 Apr 1902
Lora M. Malone	Hiram W. Barrett	6 Mar 1906
Elgie Malone	Lou Austin	15 Sep 1908
Alice Malone	*Raymond Hardiman*	*4 Sep 1909*[38]

[38] This couple is black and there seems to be no connection to the families being studied here. They are buried at Sand Hill Cemetery.

Leafy G. Malone	Ralph Zimmerman	7 Aug 1912
Albert L. Malone	*Edith Mae Grady*	*4 Apr 1916*[39]
Bertha Mae Malone	*Lavonia Minters*	*1 Apr 1920*
Elmer Malone	*Lorena Nolcox*	*23 Feb 1922*
Ruth Malone	Rev. Alfred H. Daniel	25 Aug 1925
George E. Malone	Helen Marie ?	23 Nov 1949

Indiana, Knox County[40]

Eliza Malone	*Henry Francis Xavier Hoffmann*	*16 Sep 1856*
K. H. Malone	*I. A. Watson*	*13 May 1874*
James Malone	*C. Tewalt*	*26 May 1880*
Ida Malone	*D. Snodgrass*	*27 Sep 1882*
Mary Malone	*Wesley Beard*	*17 Oct 1886*
Ephraim Malone	Laura Gibson	5 Apr 1903
Bessie Malone	*H. Lee*	*5 Nov 1906*
M. A. Malone	*J. S. Lee*	*6 Jan 1906*
Rolla Malone	*Emma Berry*	*11 May 1910*
Dora Malone	*Edgar Starling*	*9 Oct 1912*
Harold Verne Malone	Maycel Elston	24 Jun 1916
Rose Malone	*Dewey Crawford*	*18 May 1918*

Indiana, Pike County

Ephraim Malone	Mary Isabel Kime	2 May 1875

Indiana, Posey County[41]

Thomas J. Malone	Lucinda Williams	License: 23 Nov1839[42]
Absalom Malone	Permelia Williams	13 Aug 1846
Henry Malone	Pauline Pollard	22 Aug 1850
George W. Malone	Martha Wilsey	18 Feb 1852
Alexander Malone	Louisa Chaffin	12 Feb 1854
Mr. Martha (Wilsey) Malone	John S. L. Wilson	20 Mar 1871
Charles Malone	Mary A. Hamilton	25 Oct 1873
Alonzo Malone	Sarah F. Loudon	16 Mar 1880
Mary C. Malone	Zephaniah Williams	14 Sep 1880
Richard Malone	Mrs. Laura Belle (Wade) Aldridge	12 Oct 1880
James Malone	Nancy Coonrod	9 Jun 1881
Julia S. Malone	Joseph L. Blase	4 Jan 1881
Flora Malone	*Hiram Harrison*	*8 Dec 1883*[43]

[39] This couple is black and there seems to be no connection to the families being studied here. Albert is the son of Edward and Nettie Malone (per grave marker at Sand Hill Cemetery). Another son, Elmer Franklin Malone, married Lorene Nolcox and is also buried at Sand Hill Cemetery. James E. Malone is listed as a son in the 1900 Census.
[40] *Indiana Marriage Collection, 1800-1941*, ancestry.com.
[41] *Indiana Marriage Collection, 1800-1941*, ancestry.com.
[42] *Posey County, Indiana Marriages Book 2, 1832-1846*, Ruth M. Slevin, undated.
[43] No record of these individuals was found in Census records for Posey County under these names in the Censuses immediately preceding and following their marriage.

Henry Harry P. Malone	Eva Craig	22 Mar 1888
Lou (Malone) Russell	*William Coulter*	*22 Jun 1889*
John C. Malone	Lillian Bloomer	12 Nov 1894
Clyde C. Malone	Ella Tremar	13 Aug 1898
Thomas J. Malone	Mrs. Sarah (Henson) White	21 May 1898
Elgie Malone	Lou Austin	15 Sep 1908
John C. Malone	Lillian Malone	6 Sep 1908[44]
Ora M. Malone	*Harry E. Huff*	*17 Aug 1911*
Chaffin B. Malone	Cecelia Schelhorn	25 Aug 1914
Mabel Malone	Herbert Pendell	21 Apr 1917
Arthur M. Malone	*Florence W. Cline*	*5 Jun 1920*

Indiana, Sullivan County

No marriages found.

Indiana, Vanderburgh County[45][46]

Thomas J. Malone	Mary Ann Bane	10 Aug 1842
Elizabeth Malone	*Elias Steinhelber*	*24 Feb 1867*
Bridget Malone	*William Scheer*	*24 Oct 1867*
Alice Malone	*George W. Brown*	*12 Aug 1869*
Fred Malone	*Lucinda Johnson*	*25 Apr 1878*
George Malone	*Amanda Bowen*	*8 Nov 1881*
William Malone	*Galie Lewis*	*6 Sep 1884*
Eliza Malone (father Chas.)	*Jennie Sutton*	*16 Sep 1885*
William Malone (father Moses)	*Maria Carr*	*6 Sep 1894*
Joseph Newton Malone	Francis "Fannie" Miller	20 Dec 1900
Nannie Malone	*Charles King*	*19 Jun 1901*
Mary Malone	*Elias B. Miller*	*27 Nov 1904*
Carrie Grace Malone	Martin Luther Rosenbarger	21 Mar 1906
Albert Malone	*Maude Horn*	*9 Mar 1907*
Mary E Malone	*Oscar A. Ramsey*	*7 Nov 1907*
Lydia Caroline Malone	Benjamin Kaniowski	24 Nov 1909
Myrtle M. Malone	*Roscoe Lee Phillips*	*3 Nov 1910*
Della M. Malone	*Fred C. Malzahn*	*3 Dec 1911*
Richard Smith Malone	Myrtle Pendell	19 Mar 1914
Willis Malone	Anna K. Graininger	29 May 1915
George Malone	*Ella Tate*	*16 Jun 1916*
Ankney Malone	*Ella Wilson*	*13 Sep 1920*
Jennie Malone	*Arthur Steverson*	*11 Jul 1920*
Harold Malone	Afra Gootee	1 Oct 1924

[44] It would seem probable that this is a remarriage of the couple married on 12 Nov 1894. The reason for this has not been investigated.
[45] *Indiana Marriage Collection, 1800-1941*, ancestry.com, *Indiana Marriages, 1780-1992*, familysearch.org and *Vanderburgh County Ingenweb*.
[46] *Willard Library Marriage Search*, Vanderburgh County Marriages, 1920-1979, http://www.willard.lib.in.us/online_resources/marriages.php.

John T. Malone	*Anna Camp*	*12 Nov 1924*
Charlotte Malone	*Roy E. Johnson*	*20 Nov 1926*

Indiana, Warrick County

Absalom Malone	Marinda Lynn	26 Jan 1845[47]
Andrew J. Malone	Mrs. Alcinda (Cox) Slater[48]	12 Oct 1863[49]
John Y. Malone	Mary Ann Osborne	1 Apr 1868[50]

Kentucky, Madison County[51]

James Malone	Christiana Hunter	17 Oct 1805

Kentucky, Union County[52]

Phillip Malone	*Nancy Ann Adamson*	*25 Jan 1869*
Andrew E. Malone	*Mary A. Drury*	*10 Oct 1875*
Harriet Louise Malone	Charles Streber Green	8 Oct 1878

Kentucky, Woodford County

Mary Malone	Henry Harrison	10 Dec 1806
John Malone, Junior	Betsy Hunter	23 Dec 1806
Elsey Malone	Samuel Ayres	23 Jan 1821

Other Locations

The following out-of-the-vicinity marriages are mentioned in *A True Record of the marriages, deaths, accidents, fires, storms, etc. of Owensville and its vicinity since 1872*, W. W. Smith, 1910:

Edward R. Malone	Alice M. Grinda	14 Jun 1906[53]
Elsie Malone	Alfred Pryor Paxson	16 Nov 1907[54]

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[47] *Warrick County Marriages, 1813-1859: copied from original bond books in Warrick County Courthouse*, Kay Lant, Kathryn E. Freels, 1986.
[48] She was married to John Slater on 14 Jul 1856 in Warrick County, Indiana. Source: http://marshaswarrickweb.com/marriages/marriages.htm..
[49] *Warrick County, IN Marriages, 1860-1940* by Sharon Patmore and Kristine Manley, 1998, page 319.
[50] *Indiana Marriages, 1780-1992*, familysearch.org.
[51] From *Kentucky Marriage Records: from the Register of the Kentucky Historical Society*, Genealogical Publishing Co, Baltimore, MD, 1983.
[52] *Kentucky Marriages, 1785-1979*, familysearch.org.
[53] The marriage was likely somewhere near Cape Girardeau or Sikeston, Missouri.
[54] Probably in or near St. Louis, Missouri.

Appendix E: 1820 Census Records

The following are records from the 1820 Census for James and John Malone and their children. Records are presented alphabetically by state, county, and township and town, then in order that individuals appear in the Census. James, Sr. and John, Sr. are shown in ***bold italic type***.

Gibson County (Montgomery Township)

- ***John Melone, household of 9.*** *Page 16, line 13.*
- ***James Melone, household of 9.*** *Page 18, line 18.*

NOTES: James' father-in-law, John Hunter, is living 8 households down from John Malone, Sr. in the 1820 Census.

Appendix F: 1830 Census Records

The following are the records from the 1830 Census for James and John Malone and their children. Records are presented alphabetically by state, county, and township and town, then in order that individuals appear in the Census. James, Sr. and John, Sr. are shown in ***bold italic type***.

Illinois, Lawrence County

- Benj. Malone, household of 4. Image 25 of 44, line 7.

Indiana, Gibson County

- ***James Malone, Sr, household of 12.*** Page 13, line 7.
- ***John Malone, Sr., household of 10.*** Page 51, line 11.
- John Malone, Jr., household of 2. Page 51, line 12.

Appendix G: 1840 Census Records

The following are the records from the 1840 Census for James and John Malone and their children. Records are presented alphabetically by state, county, and township and town, then in order that individuals appear in the Census. James, Sr. and John, Sr. are shown in ***bold italic type***.

Illinois, Lawrence County

- Benj. Malone, household of 8. Image 67 of 78, line 23.
- John Malone, household of 3. Image 55 of 78, line 26.

Indiana, Gibson County, Johnson Township

- ***James Malone, Sr., page 1, line 9, household of 8.***

Indiana, Gibson County, Montgomery Township

- James Malone, Jr., page 1, line 6, household of 4.
- Andrew J. Malone, page 1, line 30, household of 5.
- T. J. Malone, page 15, line 5, household of 3.
- William Mathews, page 15, line 10, household of 3.[55]
- John Malone, Jr., page 20, line 15, household of 6.
- A. J. Malone, page 20, line 22, household of 2.
- ***John Malone, Sr., page 24, line 8, household of 7.***

[55] William is the husband of John's daughter, Emily. The Census record actually reads William Mathewson. There is no Mathewson in subsequent Census records, so this was likely a transcription error in the 1840 Census.

Appendix H: 1850 Census Records

The following are the records from the 1850 Census for James and John Malone and their descendants. Records are presented alphabetically by state, county, and township and town, then in order that individuals appear in the Census. James & Christiana and John and Elizabeth are shown in ***bold italic type***. Their children are shown in **bold type**.

Illinois, Crawford County

- **Alfred Malone, age 37, born Indiana.**
  Dwelling number 1126
  Family number 1126
  Image 149 of 160
  - Elizabeth (Fisher), age 21, born Indiana.
  - Alva C., age 2, born Illinois.
  - Laura, age 1, born Illinois.

Illinois, Lawrence County

- **John Malone, age 38, born Kentucky.**
  Dwelling number 13
  Family number 13
  Image 2 of 147
  - Celeste, age 27, born Indiana.
  - Franklin, age 11, born Illinois.
  - Thomas, age 9, born Illinois.
  - Robert, age 3, born Illinois.
  - William, age 1, born Illinois.

- **B. F. Malone, age 42, born Kentucky**
  Dwelling number 214
  Family number 214
  Image 31 of 147
  - Isabella, age 40, born Kentucky.
  - Eliza, age 12, born Illinois.
  - Catharine, age 10, born Illinois.
  - Horace W., age 5, born Illinois.
  - John, age 4, born Illinois.
  - Delia, age 0, born Illinois.

Indiana, Gibson County, Columbia Township

- **Andrew J. Malone, age 16, born Kentucky.**
  Dwelling number 120
  Family number 120
  Image 19 of 31
  - Lydia A (Yager), age 30, born Kentucky.
  - Elizabeth, age 12, born Indiana.
  - Nikolas, age 11, born Indiana.

- John, age 9, born Indiana.
- Willis, age 7, born Indiana.
- Rice, age 3, born Indiana.
- Elias, age 4 months, born Indiana.

Indiana, Gibson County, Montgomery Township

- **James Malone, age 39, born Indiana**
  Dwelling number 584
  Family number 585
  Image 2 of 52
  - Lucinda (Key), age 33, born Indiana.
  - John, age 12, born Indiana.
  - William, age 11, born Indiana.
  - Hugh, age 8, born Indiana.
  - Synthia, age 5, born Indiana.
  - Christiana, age 3, born Indiana.
  - Benjamin, age 4 months, born Indiana.
- **John Malone, age 43, born Kentucky.**
  Dwelling number 612
  Family number 613
  Image 6 of 52
  - Nancy (Skelton), age 37, born Indiana.
  - Jane, age 19, born Indiana.
  - Thomas, age 18, born Indiana.
  - James, age 15, born Indiana.
  - Joseph, age 12, born Indiana.
  - Caroline, age 10, born Indiana.
  - Amanda, age 5, born Indiana.
  - Charles, age 2, born Indiana.
  - Hariet, age 9 months, born Indiana.
- ***James Malone, age 73, born Virginia.***
  Dwelling number 673
  Family number 674
  Image 16 of 52
  - ***Christy Ann (Hunter), age 59, born Tennessee.***
  - **Elija, age 18, born Indiana.**
  - **Sarah, age 11, born Indiana.**
- ***John Malone, age 62, born Virginia.***
  Dwelling number 682
  Family number 683
  Image 17 of 52
  - ***Elizabeth (Hunter), age 62, born Tennessee.***
  - **William, age 22, born Indiana.**
  - John, age 19, born Indiana.
- **Thomas J. Malone, age 40, born Kentucky.**
  Dwelling number 747

Family number 748
Image 27 of 52
- Mariah (Kennett), age 28, born Virginia
- Rhoda, age 14, born Indiana.
- Sarah E, age 1, born Indiana.

Indiana, Gibson County, Montgomery Township, Owensville

- **Absalom Malone, age 26, born Indiana.**
  Dwelling number 894
  Family number 895
  Image 3 of 6
  - Elizabeth (Kennett), age 21, born Virginia.
- **Eliza A. (Malone) Mathews, age 39, born Kentucky.**
  Dwelling number 898
  Family number 899
  Image 4 of 6
  - Wm, age 37, born England.
  - Cornelius, age 9, born Indiana.
  - Wm, age 8, born Indiana.
  - Alfred, age 6, born Indiana.
  - Ann, age 3, born Indiana.
  - Lucinda, age 2, born Indiana.
  - Mary, age 7 months, born Indiana.
- **Emily (Malone) Norman, age 25, born Indiana.**
  Dwelling number 899
  Family number 900
  Image 4 of 6
  - John W., age 34, born Ohio.
  - Cordelia, age 4, born Indiana.
  - Charles, age 3, born Indiana.
  - Benjamin H., age 1, born Indiana.
- **Parmelia (Malone) Jones, age 29, born Indiana.**
  Dwelling number 900
  Family number 901
  Image 4 of 6
  - Owen, age 31, born Ohio.

Indiana, Posey County, Lynn Township

- **David Malone, age 24, born Indiana.**
  Dwelling number 775
  Family number 775
  Image 19 of 32
  - Culpurnia (Yerkes), age 19, born New York.

Indiana, Posey County, Smith Township

- **Alexander Malone, age 20, born Indiana.**
  Dwelling number 649
  Family number 667
  Image 3 of 20
- **Absolem Malone, age 25, born Indiana.**
  Dwelling number 651
  Family number 669
  Image 3 of 20
  - Pamelia (), age 23, born Indiana.
  - Louisa, age 7 months, born Indiana.
  - **George W., age 19, born Indiana.**
- **Thomas Malone, age 34, born Indiana.**
  Dwelling number 654
  Family number 672
  Image 4 of 20
  - Mary A. (Bane), age 24, born Mississippi.
  - Isabella C., age 4, born Indiana.
  - James A., age 8, born Indiana.
  - Ida J., age 5 months, born Indiana.
- **Henry Malone, age 22, born Indiana.**
  Dwelling number 661
  Family number 679
  Image 5 of 20
  - Pauline (Pollard), age 16, born Indiana.

Appendix I: 1860 Census Records

The following are the records from the 1860 Census for James and John Malone and their descendants. Records are presented alphabetically by state, county, and township and town, then in order that individuals appear in the Census. James & Christiana and John & Elizabeth are shown in ***bold italic type***. Their children are shown in **bold type**.

Illinois, Crawford County, Palestine

- **Alfred Malone, age 40, born Indiana.**
  Dwelling number 1126
  Family number 1126
  Page 33
  - Elizabeth (Fisher), age 40, born Indiana.
  - Alva, age 13, born Illinois.
  - Rosalia, age 4, born Illinois.
  - Wilford, age 2, born Illinois.
  - Lincoln, age 1 month, born Illinois.

Illinois, Lawrence County

- **B. F. Malone, age 52, born Kentucky**
  Dwelling number 326
  Family number 323
  Image 45 of 48
  - Sarah A., age 36, born Pennsylvania.
  - H. W., age 15, born Illinois.
  - John, age 12, born Illinois.
  - Eliza, age 22, born Illinois.
  - J. H. C., age 1 month, born Illinois.

- **John Malone, age 48, born Kentucky.**
  Dwelling number 346
  Family number 342
  Image 47 of 48
  - Mary, age 32, born Kentucky.
  - Thomas J., age 18, born Illinois.
  - William, age 10, born Illinois.
  - John M., age 5, born Illinois.
  - Emily, age 5 months, born Illinois.

Indiana, Gibson County, Columbia Township

- **A. J. Malone, age 45, born Kentucky.**
  Dwelling number 1584
  Family number 1593
  Page 233
  - Lydia A. (Yager), age 40, born Kentucky.
  - John W, age 18, born Indiana.

- Willis, age 16, born Indiana.
- Risa, age 14, born Indiana.
- Eliza, age 10, born Indiana.
- Ephraim, age 5, born Indiana.
- Newton, age 4, born Indiana.
- Spencer, age 1, born Indiana.

Indiana, Gibson County, Montgomery Township

- **Permilia (Malone) Jones, age 30, born Indiana.**
  Dwelling number 111
  Family number 112
  Page 16
  - Owen, age 33, born Ohio.
  - Samuel R., age 10, born Indiana.
  - Ann L., age 6, born Indiana.
  - Luther, age 3, born Indiana.
  - Jones, age 2, born Indiana.
- **Thomas J. Malone, age 51, born Kentucky.**
  Dwelling number 168
  Family number 167
  Page 24
  - Maria (Kennett), age 40, born Virginia
  - Loda, age 22, born Indiana.
  - Sarah E, age 10, born Indiana.
  - Jas. A., age 8, born Indiana.
  - Mary A., age 6, born Indiana.
- **Jas Malone, age 50, born Indiana**
  Dwelling number 196
  Family number 194
  Page 29
  - Lucinda (Key), age 43, born Indiana.
  - John, age 22, born Indiana.
  - Wm, age 20, born Indiana.
  - Henry, age 17, born Indiana.
  - Smitha, age 15, born Indiana.
  - Christine, age 13, born Indiana.
  - Benj., age 10, born Indiana.
- **David R. Malone, age 30, born Indiana.**
  Dwelling number 382
  Family number 383
  Page 54, 55
  - Caphernia (Yerkes), age 28, born Indiana.
  - Alice V., age 9, born Indiana.
  - Emma D., age 6, born Indiana.
  - Mary E., age 6, born Indiana.
  - Louis S., age 2, born Indiana.

Indiana, Gibson County, Owensville

- ***John Malone, age 75, born Virginia.***
  Dwelling number 482
  Family number 485
  Page 69
    - ***Betsy (Hunter), age 74, born Tennessee.***
- **Eliza (Malone) Mathews, age 45, born Kentucky.**
  Dwelling number 483
  Family number 486
  Page 69
    - W. A., age 47, born England.
    - Corlerines, age 19, born Indiana.
    - Wm F, age 17, born Indiana.
    - Alfred, age 15, born Indiana.
    - Ann, age 14, born Indiana.
    - Lucinda, age 12, born Indiana.
    - Permilia, age 10, born Indiana.
- **Elijah Malone, age 24, born Indiana.**
  Dwelling number 485
  Family number 489
  Page 69
    - Nancy (Harris), age 20, born Illinois.
    - Lidia A., age 3, born Indiana.
- **Emily (Malone) Norman, age 37, born Indiana.**
  Dwelling number 509
  Family number 515
  Page 72
    - J. W., age 43, born Ohio.
    - Cordelia, age 14, born Indiana.
    - Chas, age 13, born Indiana.
    - Lidia A., age 5, born Indiana.
- **Alex Malone, age 20, born Indiana.**
  Dwelling number 512
  Family number 518
  Page 72
    - Louisa A., age 24, born Ohio.
    - Clarrance H., age 2, born Indiana.
- **Absalom Malone, age 36, born Indiana.**
  Dwelling number 519
  Family number 525
  Page 73
    - Elizabeth (Kennett), age 31, born Virginia.
    - Thomas, age 10, born Indiana.
    - Adelade, age 2, born Indiana.

- ***Jas Malone, age 84, born Virginia.***
  Dwelling number 524
  Family number 530
  Page 74
    - ***Christina (Hunter), age 73, born Tennessee.***

Indiana, Posey County, Lynn Township

- **Geo W., age 28, born Indiana.**
  Dwelling number 239
  Family number 239
  Page 37
    - Martha (Wilsey), age 26, born Illinois.
    - Alonzo, age 7, born Indiana.
    - James, age 4, born Indiana.
    - Richard, age 3, born Indiana.
    - John, age 2 months, born Indiana.

Indiana, Posey County, Robb Township

- **Ab Malone, age 34, born Indiana.**
  Dwelling number 123
  Family number 100
  Page 15
    - Parmelia (Crawford), age 33, born Indiana.
    - Charles, age 3, born Indiana.
    - William, age 11 months, born Indiana.
    - Jane O., age 10, born Indiana.
- **Thos J. Malone, age 44, born Indiana.**
  Dwelling number 336
  Family number 380
  Page 39
    - Mary (Bane), age 35, born Mississippi.
    - James A., age 17, born Indiana.
    - Charles H., age 8, born Indiana.
    - Georgiana, age 6, born Indiana.
    - Mary E., age 4, born Indiana.
    - Thomas J., age 2, born Indiana.

Indiana, Posey County, Smith Township

- **Alexander Malone, age 20, born Indiana.**
  Dwelling number 647
  Family number 667
  Page 92

- **Absolem Malone, age 25, born Indiana.**
  Dwelling number 651
  Family number 669
  Page 92
    - Pamelia (Williams), age 23, born Indiana.
    - Louisa, age 7 months, born Indiana.
    - **George W., age 19, born Indiana.**
- **Henry Malone, age 31, born Indiana.**
  Dwelling number 786
  Family number 784
  Page 95
    - Pauline (Pollard), age 24, born Indiana.
    - Ema, age 6, born Indiana.
    - Essa, age 2, born Indiana.

Appendix J: 1870 Census Records

Parents James, Christiana, John and Elizabeth had all passed away by the 1870 Census. The following are Census records for their surviving children, who are shown in **bold type**. Records are presented alphabetically by state, county, and township and town, then in order that individuals appear in the Census.

Benjamin Franklin Malone had moved to Sullivan County, Missouri. He no longer had any of his children living with him.

Unknown – Census Records Not Found

James Malone, his wife, Lucinda (Key), and sons John Allison, William, Hugh and Benjamin have not yet been located in 1870 Census Records, suggesting that they may have left Indiana for some other part of the country. Daughters Cyntha and Christiana remained in Gibson County, the former marrying William Boswell, and the latter marrying Isaac Mounts.

In *History of Gibson County, Indiana* (Stormont), their son Hugh and his wife, Nancy are said to have migrated to Kansas in 1872. He and other family members could have been searching for a new homestead in the west in 1870 when the Census was enumerated.

Benjamin Malone is not found in the 1870 Census for Gibson County when it was taken in June, but he is there in October for his marriage to Laura Dilday.

Illinois, Crawford County, Palestine

- **Alfred Malone, age 51, born Indiana.**
  Dwelling number 40
  Family number 40
  Page 7
    - Ada (Bisbee), age 31, born Indiana.
    - Rosalia, age 13, born Illinois.
    - Abraham L., age 9, born Illinois.
    - Clarence, age 5, born Illinois.

Illinois, White County, Fox River Precinct

- **Thomas Malone, age 54, born Indiana.**
  Dwelling number 223
  Family number 217
  Page 28, 29
    - Emma (Walker), age 42, born Indiana.
    - Georgiana, age 17, born Indiana.
    - Mary, age 14, born Indiana.
    - Thomas, age 12, born Indiana.
    - Nora, age 5, born Indiana.
    - Wallace, age 6, born Indiana.

Indiana, Gibson County, Montgomery Township

- **Elijah Malone, age 24, born Indiana.**
  Dwelling number 413
  Family number 418
  Page 58
    - Lida A., age 12, born Indiana.
    - James, age 7, born Indiana.
    - Isaac O., age 4, born Indiana.

Indiana, Gibson County, Montgomery Township, Owensville

- **Eliza (Malone) Mathews, age 53, born Kentucky.**
  Dwelling number 343
  Family number 347
  Page 49
    - W. H. A., age 57, born England.
    - Ann, age 25, born Indiana.
    - Lucinda, age 13, born Indiana.
    - Mary, age 20, born Indiana.
- **Absalon Malone, age 46, born Indiana.**
  Dwelling number 426
  Family number 431
  Page 60
    - Sarah E. (Kennett), age 40, born Virginia.
    - Marind, age 12, born Indiana.
- **T. J. Malone, age 61, born Kentucky.**
  Dwelling number 438
  Family number 442
  Page 61
    - Mariah (Kennett), age 50, born Virginia.
    - James, age 17, born Indiana.
    - Mary, age 16, born Indiana.

Indiana, Gibson County, White River Township

- **Emily (Malone) Norman, age 44, born Indiana.**
  Dwelling number 509
  Family number 515
  Page 48
    - John W., age 55, born Ohio.
    - Lydda, age 14, born Indiana.
    - Charles, age 22, born Indiana.

Indiana, Johnson County, Blue River Township

- **David R. Malone, age 36, born Indiana.**
  Dwelling number 168
  Family number 191
  Page 23
    - Emma (Thompson), age 18, born Indiana.

Indiana, Posey County, Robb Township, Poseyville

- **Absalom Malone, age 45, born Indiana.**
  Dwelling number 15
  Family number 15
  Page 2,3
    - Pamelia (Crawford), age 43, born Indiana.
    - Charles, age 13, born Illinois.
    - William T., age 10, born Indiana.
    - Fanny, age 5, born Indiana.
    - George, age 20, born Indiana.
    - Stephen A. D., age 1, born Indiana.

Indiana, Posey County, Smith Township, Cynthiana

- **Henry H. Malone, age 41, born Indiana.**
  Dwelling number 169
  Family number 169
  Page 24
    - Pauline A. (Pollard), age 36, born Indiana.
    - Emma J., age 16, born Indiana.
    - Essa M., age 13, born Indiana.
    - Julia S., age 10, born Indiana.
    - Henry P., age 8, born Indiana.
    - David E., age 4, born Indiana.

Kentucky, Union County, Uniontown

- **Alexander Malone, age 35, born Indiana.**
  Dwelling number 77
  Family number 77
  Page 11
    - Louisa, age 34, born Ohio.
    - Clarance, age 12, born Indiana.
    - Hattie, age 9, born Indiana.
    - Lauretta, age 6, born Indiana.
    - Lillie M., age 4, born Kentucky.
    - Walter, age 1, born Kentucky.
    - Thomas J., 20, born Indiana.

Missouri, Sullivan County, Liberty Township

- **Benj. Malone, age 62, born Kentucky.**
  Dwelling number 116
  Family number 116
  Page 17
    - Judith, age 47, born Kentucky.
    - Elizabeth Crofoot, age 18, born Missouri.
    - Euphamia Crofoot, age 15, born Missouri.
    - George F. Crofoot, age 7, born Missouri.

Appendix K: 1880 Census Records

The following are Census records of the children of James and John that survived to be counted in the 1880 Census. The children's names are shown in **bold type** and the other members of their households are shown in normal text. Records are presented alphabetically by Census, state, county, and township and town, then in order that households appear in the Census.

Unknown – Census Records Not Found

Elijah Malone is known to have died in 1881, but records have not been found in the 1880 Census for him, his son James, his daughter Effie May or his wife, Catherine Blackerty.

His son, Isaac, is likely living in White River Township, Gibson County, Indiana in 1880.

Illinois, Crawford County, Lamotte

- **Alford Malone, age 61, born Indiana.**
  Dwelling number 2
  Family number 2
  Page 27
    - Adaline (Bisbee), age 40, born Indiana.
    - Lincoln, age 19, born Illinois.
    - Rearsey, age 9, born Illinois.

Illinois, White County, Crossville

- **Absolom Malone, age 58, born Indiana.**
  Dwelling number 435
  Family number 437
  Page 49
    - Permelia (Crawford), age 54, born Indiana.
    - Annie F., age 15, born Indiana.
    - Stephen A. D., age 11, born Indiana.

Indiana, Gibson County, Fort Branch

- **Absalom Malone, age 57, born Indiana.**
  Dwelling number 25
  Family number 27
  Page 3

Indiana, Gibson County, Montgomery Township

- **T. J. Malone, age 71, born Kentucky.**
  Dwelling number 157
  Family number 157
  Page 24, 25
    - Maria (Kennett), age 64, born Virginia
    - James A., age 27, born Indiana.
    - Permelia (Crawford) Malone, age 24, born Indiana.
    - Clyde, age 6, born Indiana.
    - Emma, age 4, born Indiana.
    - Thos., age 9 months, born Indiana.
    - John, age 26, born Indiana.

Indiana, Gibson County, Montgomery Township, Owensville

- **David R. Malone, age 46, born Indiana.**
  Dwelling number 169
  Family number 174
  Page 21
    - Mary E. (Thompson), age 29, born Indiana.
    - Heamus Malone, age 9, born Indiana.
- **Eliza A. (Malone) Mathews, age 63, born Kentucky.**
  Dwelling number 365
  Family number 380
  Page 30
    - William A., age 68, born England.
    - Lucinda, age 30, born Indiana.

Indiana, Posey County, Smith Township, Cynthiana

- **Henry H. Malone, age 51, born Indiana.**
  Dwelling number 40
  Family number 40
  Page 4
    - Paulina (Pollard), age 44, born Indiana.
    - Essie M., age 20, born Indiana.
    - Julia S., age 17, born Indiana.
    - Henry P., age 16, born Indiana.
    - David B., age 13, born Indiana.

Kentucky, Union County, Uniontown

- **Alex Malone, age 45, born Indiana.**
  Dwelling number 77
  Family number 77
  Page 18
  - Margaret L (Chaffin), age 44, born Ohio.
  - Clarence, age 22, born Indiana.
  - Hattie, age 9, born Indiana.
  - Eatta L., age 17, born Indiana.
  - Lillie M., age 14, born Kentucky.
  - Walter S., age 12, born Kentucky.
  - John C., 9, born Kentucky.

Missouri, Sullivan County, Bowman Township

- **Benjamin F. Malone, age 72, born Kentucky.**
  Dwelling number 200
  Family number 201
  Page 21
  - Elizabeth M., age 46, born Tennessee.
  - Charles H. Erwin, age 8, born Missouri.
  - Joseph D. Erwin, age 6, born Missouri.
  - George T. Erwin, age 4, born Missouri.

Appendix L: 1900 Census

By 1900 there were only two sons of James that were still alive. Both would live only a short time longer. None of John's children survived to be counted in the 1900 Census.

Illinois, White, Phillips, Crossville

- **Ab Malone, age 77, born Indiana.**
  Dwelling number 104
  Family number 106
  Page 10
    - Liza A., age 43, born Illinois.
    - Henry Engle, age 16, born Illinois.
    - Clarence, age 13, born Illinois.
    - Arnold, age 10, born Illinois.

Indiana, Posey, Smith, Cynthiana

- **H. H. Malone, age 77, born Indiana.**
  Dwelling number 55
  Family number 57
  Page 5
    - Pauline (Pollard), age 68, born Indiana.
    - Essie, age 41, born Indiana.
    - Golden, age 17, born Indiana.

Appendix M: Migrations by Decade

Based upon Census records compiled in the previous appendices, the following maps show how James, John and their children relocated over time.

1820 Census
John Malone and James Malone are the only Malone households.

1830 Census
John Malone and James Malone were still living in Gibson County. They were joined by James' sons, John and James, and their families. John's son B. F. Malone had moved to Lawrence County, Illinois. The Census count is not broken into individual townships.

1840 Census

The Census counts are now organized by township. We find that John Malone III had moved next to his brother, B. F., in Lawrence County, Illinois. We find James and Christiana living in Johnson Township, where they likely had been since they moved to Indiana. Nearby Montgomery Township is the home of the rest of the clan:

A. J. Malone (James' son)
Andrew J. Malone (John's son)
Charles (John's son) had moved to White County & died there before the 1840 Census.
Eliza (Malone) Mathews (James' dau)
James Malone (James' son)
John Malone (James' son)
John Malone, Senior
T. J. Malone (John's son)

1850 Census

James' son Alfred moved north to Crawford County, and his sons Thomas, Absalom, and Henry moved south to Smith Township, Posey County. John's son, David, moved farther south to Lynn Township, Posey County, while his son Andrew J. Malone moved east to Columbia Township. B. F. and John Malone remained in Lawrence County, Illinois. James and Christiana moved to Montgomery Township, where they were joined by the remainder of the clan:

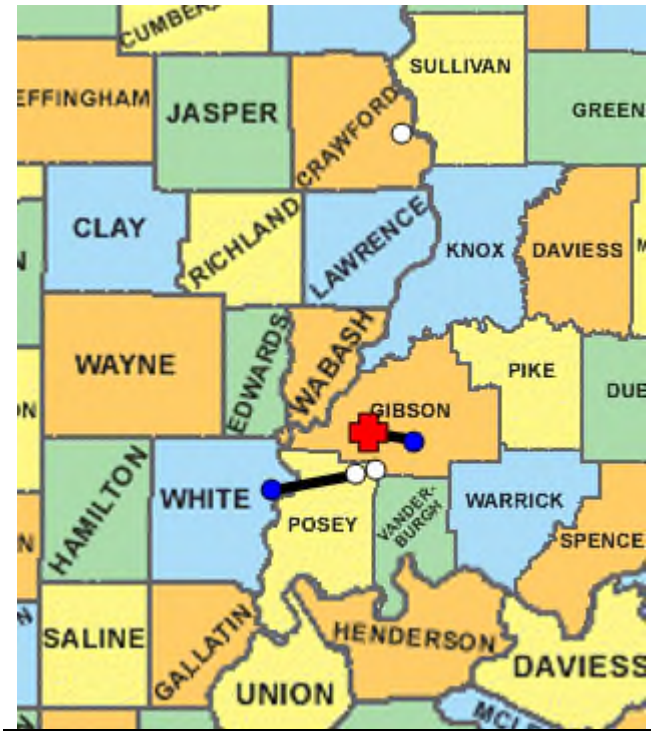
John Malone (James' son)
John and Elizabeth (Hunter) Malone
Thomas J. Malone (John's son)
James Malone (James' son)
Absalom Malone (John's son)
Eliza (Malone) Mathews (James' dau)
Emily (Malone) Norman (John's dau)
Parmelia (Malone) Jones (James' dau)

1860 Census

Alfred was still in Crawford County, Illinois and B.F. and John III were still in Lawrence County, Illinois.
Andrew J. was still in Center Township, Gibson County, Indiana.
George W. had moved to Lynn Township, Posey County, Indiana.
Absalom and Thomas moved a short distance to Robb Township, Posey County, Indiana.
Henry moved to nearby Cynthiana.
The rest of the family remained in Montgomery Township, Gibson County:
Thomas Malone (John's son)
John & Elizabeth (Hunter) Malone
Eliza Mathews (John's dau)
Elijah Malone (James' son)
Emily Norman (James' dau)
Absalom (John's son)
James & Christiana (Hunter) Malone

1870 Census

Alfred is still in Crawford County and B. F. moved to Sullivan County, Missouri.
Thomas (James' son) moved to White County, Illinois.
Emily Mathews moved to White River Township, Gibson County, Indiana.
David R. moved to Blue River Township, Johnson County, Indiana.
Absalom remains in Poseyville, Indiana.
Henry remained in Cynthiana, Indiana.
Elijah, Eliza, and John's Thomas and Absalom remained in Montgomery Township, Gibson County, Indiana.



1880 Census

Alfred was still in Crawford County.
B.F. had moved to Sullivan County, Missouri.
Absalom (James' son) had moved to Crossville, White County, Illinois.
Absalom (John's son) had moved to Fort Branch, Gibson County, Indiana.
Thomas J. (John's son) and Emily remained in Montgomery Township, and were joined by David Rollin Malone.
Henry was still in Cynthiana.

1900 Census

Two of James' sons were still alive: Absalom Malone, who was living in Crossville, White County, Illinois, and Henry Harrison Malone, who was still living in Cynthiana, Posey County, Indiana.

Appendix N: Federal Mortality Schedules

Illinois

1860, Martha Malone, age 15, Oct, Typhoid fever, Lawrence, Lukin.
1870, Mary (Williams) Malone, age 22, Consumption, Lawrence, Christy.
1870, Peter Malone, age 1, male, Dec, fever, White, Fox River.
1880, Robt Malone, age 4 months, Jul, Cerebrospinal fever, Wabash, Bonpas and Coffee.

Appendix O: Court Records

The earliest court record for any Gibson County Malone is the following case, which is found in the transcriptions of the Gibson County Court of Common Pleas found at Princeton Library. It was tried on Monday, 10 Jun 1816:

> *"United States v James Malone"*
> *Indictment for assault & battery"*
>
> *"The defendant appeared in his proper person and plead "not guilty" and ~~therefore came the attorney prosecuting~~ the plea. Also, and thereupon came a Jury, to wit: Allan Emmerson, Willis Alsop, Ruben Emmerson, William Archer, William Cotton, Nicholas Decker, Booker Shields, John Johnston, James McKiddy, Thomas Hawkins, Ruben Alsop, & Francis Jourdan, twelve good and lawful men who after having been sworn returned to the room and returned into court the following verdict of 'We of the jury find the defendant 'Guilty.'*
>
> *"Ruben Emmerson, foreman*
>
> *"Whereupon an motion by the prosecuting attorney for sentence to be pronounced upon the defendant." The defendant being asked if he had anything further too alledge why sentence should not be pronounced upon him says he has nothing further to alledge." Whereupon it is considered by the court that the defendant pay a fine of fifty dollars to the use of Gibson County together with costs of court and stand committed till fine and costs are paid.*
>
> *"United states v James Malone*
> *"Indictment for assault & battery*
>
> *"The attorney prosecuting the pleas comes and says that he will no further prosecute this ___. Therefore it is considered by the court that the defendant go home without delay."*

This is the earliest record discovered that establishes that either brother was in Gibson County and is found in an early summary of cases heard in the Gibson County Court of Common Pleas. It is assumed that there were two assault and battery cases against James and that the second case was dropped upon conviction of the first offense.

Henderson County, Kentucky

Wills

Deceased	Book & Page
J. J. Malone	*F 157*

Union County, Kentucky

Administrator Bonds

Deceased	Volume	Page
Malone, Thos. J.	1883-1896	pg 58

Guardian Bonds

Guardian	Guardian to	Date	Page
Annie Malone	Florence Malone	11 Jul 1885	pg 89
Annie Malone	Florence Malone	4 May 1891	pg 315

Probate Appraisements

Estate of	Adm, Exec, Gdn, etc	Year	Book/Page
Malone, T.J.		1885	C/499

Probate Settlements

Estate of	Adm, Exec, Gdn, etc	Year	Final/Partial	Book/Page
Malone, Thomas J.	Malone, Annie, Admr.	1891	Final	4/82
Malone, Florence	Malone, Annie, Gdn.	1891	Partial	4/84
Malone, Florence	Malone, Annie, Gdn.	1894	Partial	4/335
Malone, Florence (Elder)	Malone, Annie, Gdn.	1900	Final	5/204

Wills

Deceased	Book & Page
Charles Augustus Malone (will written in Wabaunsee County, Kansas)	*F 430*

Woodford County, Kentucky

The following records were found at familysearch.org or were provided by the Woodford County Historical Society. Those entries in *italic text* are known to not be related to our clan:

Administrator Bonds

Deceased	Amount	Administrator	Date of Bond
George Malone	$400	Porter Fisher	5 Jul 1836

Deeds

Name	Book/Pg	Description	Date
Dorsey Malone	B/349	Entered his slaves, Rose & Chloe.	Oct 1794
John Malone	D/271	½ of Lot 76, Versailles from Absalom Hunter	28 Apr 1814
Henry Downs	F/333-4	George Malone's bricklayer apprenticeship.	8 Aug 1814
Nathan Dedman	*F/482-5*	*Nathan Dedman (father-in-law) died, leaving a house and lot (Lot 42) to his heirs (including Johnson Malone)*	*26 May 1812*
Henry Davis	F/508-9	George Malone's bricklayer apprenticeship.	2 Aug 1815
James C. Long	*G/215-6*	*Indenture between James C. Long & Nancy, his wife and Johnson Malone for $1,200. Lots 110 & 112, Versailles to Hunter's line on the south side of town.*	
Johnson & Polly Malone	*G/223*	*Indenture between Johnson & Polly Malone and others to James C. Long for $265. Lots 113 & 115, Versailles*	*30 Apr 1817*
Johnson & Polly Malone	*G/344-5*	*Indenture between Johnson Malone & Polly, his wife, to John Buford for $800. Lots 110 & 112, Versailles.*	*2 Feb 1818*
John McKinney, Jr.	*H/65*	*Indenture between John McKinney, Jr., Clerk of the County Court of Woodford County and Johnson Malone. Binds Lewis Christopher, orphan of John Christopher to apprentice as a cabinet maker.*	*17 Apr 1819*
Johnson Malone	*H/154*	*Indenture between Johnson Malone and Goodloe Carter & John Y. Hiter for$500. Lots 110 & 112, Versailles to.*	*12 Feb 1819*
Johnson Malone	*H/472-3*	*Indenture between Johnson Malone & others to Henry Crittenden for $700. Lots 113 & 115, Versailles.*	*8 Sep 1821*

Executor Bonds

Deceased	Amount	Executor	Date of Bond
John Malone	$1,200	Spencer Calmes	5 Jul 1836

Orders

Name	Book/Pg	Description	Date
George Malone	D/97	Apprenticeship to Henry Davis.	2 Aug 1814
John Malone	D/154	Appeal against Henry Davis	Aug 1815

Wills

Deceased	Executor	Reference
Nathan Dedman (names Johnson Malone)		*Woodford County, Will Book "D", pg 99-101*
John Malone	Spencer Calmes	Woodford County, Will Book "K", pg 317-8

Index of Gibson County, Indiana Court Records

The index on the following pages lists cases involving a Malone. They are sorted by Box and File, which is the order in which they were archived. **Bold type** indicates that a partial transcription of the file is shown later in this section. The table is derived from several indexes found in the Princeton Library, Princeton, Indiana and is not intended to be comprehensive:

- *General Index Estate (alphabetized) 1 and 2, 1868-1944 (with earlier indexing at the first of each alphabet).*
- *General Index of Court Records Gibson County, Indiana Book 1, 1815-1882, Volume #2 Gris-Parvin (sorted by defendant).*
- *General Index of Court Records Gibson County, Indiana Book 1, 1815-1882, Volume #2 Hopkins – State of Indiana (sorted by plaintiff)*
- *General Index of Court Records Gibson County, Indiana Book 3, 1901-1926, Volume #3 Kohl – Schumaker (sorted by defendant).*
- *General Index of Court Records Gibson County, Indiana Book 3, 1901-1926, Volume #3 Logan – Sate of Indiana (sorted by plaintiff).*
- *Gibson County Court Records General Index – Book 2 (Indexed by Plaintiff).*
- *Gibson County Court Records General Index – Book 2, 1883-1900 (Indexed by DEFENDANT).*
- *Gibson County Court Records General Index – Book 3 [Indexed by Plaintiff].*
- *Miscellaneous Court Records Filmed Spring, 2000.*

Defendant	Plaintiff	Approx Year	Box	File	Type	Description
Benson, Sylvester	Malone, Amanda	1855-1865	1	16	Guardian Probate	Handling of the trust left to Amanda Malone as an heir to the estate of John Malone, Jr.
Benson, Sylvester	Malone, Caroline	1855-1858	1	17[56]	Guardian Probate	Handling of the trust left to Caroline Malone as an heir to the estate of John Malone, Jr. The microfilm notes that the contents of the file are missing contents were misfiled in File 18.
Benson, Sylvester	Malone, Joseph	1855-1857	1	18	Guardian Probate	Handling of the trust left to Joseph Malone as an heir to the estate of John Malone, Jr. File also contained the contents of File 17.

[56] On the microfilm this file is noted as being empty.

Defendant	Plaintiff	Approx Year	Box	File	Type	Description
Malone, Wm.		1853	70	8	Probate	Probate records for William Malone, son of John Malone b. 1785. In a receipt William's widow signs as "Mary Ann Malone Widow" along with "John Malone Husband of the widow of William Malone decd." It establishes that William's infant son, also named William, was born about five months after his death. Thomas J. Malone was administrator.
Malone, John Jr.		1854	70	14	Probate	Probate records for John Malone, Jr. Includes a note where John had borrowed a horse, "Thumps," from his brother, Alfred. Also includes receipts for distribution of his estate signed by wife Nancy (Skelton) Malone, brother Alfred Malone, son Thomas Malone Jr., and Sylvester Benson, guardian for children Joseph, Caroline, Amanda and Charles.
Malone, Absalom	Marvel, Thomas	1860	128	8	Common Pleas	Suit brought by Thomas Marvel against Absalom Malone for failing to repay a loan that had been assigned to him by Harrison Newsum.
Malone, Andrew J.	Rees, J. H.& John Fisher	1860	128	13	Common Pleas	Another note that has gone unpaid. This one has something to do with a new process to manufacture bricks. John Y. Malone, Willis Malone, Charles Eads, Alexander Manning, Simpson Ogo and James H. Skelton were summoned.
Malone, Jackson	Yager, Elizabeth	1859	128	38	Common Pleas	Suit brought by Elizabeth Yager against her children to partition the property of Nicholas Yager amongst his heirs. Includes signatures of heirs and a map of the resultant land division.

Defendant	Plaintiff	Approx Year	Box	File	Type	Description
Malone, Absalom	Smith, Thomas	1862	137	28	Common Pleas	Absalom's default on an $800 loan, leading to a Sheriff's sale of blacksmith tools, etc. This is likely Absalom the carriage maker since the sheriff's sale occurred in Gibson County. Absalom the blacksmith was living in Posey County at the time.
Malone, Absalom & Cin. Ins. Co.	King, Sylvester		147	39[57]		
Malone, Absalom	Smith, Thomas L.		148	1[58]		
Malone, John	State of Indiana	1824	170	28	Assault/ Battery	Assault and battery of Charles Depriest. Franklin Malone is one of the witnesses.
Malone, J.	**State of Indiana**	**1826**	**172**	**15**	**Assault/ Battery**	**Apparently a continuation of an earlier assault and battery charge, this time posting a bond to be on his recognizance, together with Robert McCrary, for the assault of his wife, Betsy Malone. Franklin Malone is one of the witnesses.**
Malone, Wm. A. J. & T. J.	**Malone, T. J.**	**1838**	**189**	**25**		**A suit concerning a horse that died shortly after it was purchased. Brought by TJ Malone (b. 1809), plaintiff vs. Wm AJ Malone and Thomas J Malone (b. 1816), defendants. The suit found in favor of TJ, the plaintiff.**
Malone, Charles	State of Indiana	1836	191	5		Charles is summoned to answer to a charge of betting on the outcome of the recent Sheriff's election.
Malone, Charles	State of Indiana	1841	198	6		Charles is summoned to court for "the counterfeit in not obeying the ____ of this court."

[57] File is missing from the microfilm.
[58] File is missing from the microfilm.

Defendant	Plaintiff	Approx Year	Box	File	Type	Description
Harrison, Evaline (Gambrel) Malone	Harrison, Charles A.	1847	213	40		Divorce file.
Malone, James	Stewart, George		233	38		
Malone, Alexander	King, Sylvester	1861	244	11		A suit about failure to repay a debt. It appears to have been resolved out of court.
McCreary, Logan	Malone, Absalom	1860	244	21		
Malone, Absalom	Ashmead, Jos. R.	1862	246	8		Suit against Absalom Malone and Thomas Sumners for failure to repay a loan. It appears this is Absalom, son of James, and that Thomas Sumners is the husband of his niece, Mary Permelia Mathews.
Malone, Cynthia	Malone, Joseph		253	11		
Malone, Andrew J.	Hargrove & Trippett	1867	258	20		A suit against Andrew for failing to repay a note.
Kidd, Wm. G.	Malone, Andrew J.		260	18		
Malone, Artemissa	State of Indiana		260	21		
Malone, Andrew J.	Kidd, Wm. G.	1868	264	18		It appears that Andrew J. Malone is being sued by his physician for failure to repay a note. The note covered debts by Andrew and his son, John.
Malone, Andrew	Skinner, Richard	1867	266	11	Common Pleas	A suit for failure to repay a note.

Defendant	Plaintiff	Approx Year	Box	File	Type	Description
Malone, A. J.	Tichenor, J. G.	1867	266	12	Common Pleas	A failure to repay a note from Tichenor.
Malone, Thomas	Koch, Peter		269	37		
Malone, Thomas	Newsum, Harrison	1868	270	6	Common Pleas	Default on a loan of $17.41 by Thomas and Absalom Malone.
Malone, Thomas	Yager, Nicholas	1868	270	27	Common Pleas	Malone and Yager borrowed money from Sylvester Benson. Yager filed suit for Thomas Malone to pay his half of the amount owed. Thomas was no longer living in Gibson County, but two properties were sold at auction by the sheriff and purchased by Peter Koch.
Malone, John	Koch, Peter	1868	278	7	Common Pleas	Peter Koch, husband of Caroline Malone, accuses John, James and Hugh Malone of removing a considerable amount of stock and crops from the property of William Malone after his death.
Malone, John A.	Miller, R. M. J.	1868	278	20	Common Pleas	Failure to repay a loan.
Benson, Sylvester	Malone, Charles	1868	280	8	Guardian Probate	Settlement of trust established for Charles Malone, heir of John Malone, Jr.
Malone & West	Fleming & Welborn		284	18		
Malone, Thos. J.	State of Indiana	1868	287	19		Thomas J. Malone grand jury inquest for carrying a concealed weapon – “brass knucks” – while not being a “traveler.”
Malone, Jas. & John A.	Smalls & Lewis		290	7		
Malone, Willis	Malone, Alcinda (Cox) Slater		298	5		

Defendant	Plaintiff	Approx Year	Box	File	Type	Description
Malone, James and Benj.	Buskirk, Andrew C.	1870	304	3	Common Pleas	Default on a loan taken out by James Malone and his son Benjamin. Another son, John A Malone appears to have posted a bond to allow time to repay the loan.
Malone, James and John	Welborn, Oscar M.	1870	304	28[59]	Common Pleas	Failure to repay a loan.
Malone, John & Caleb Trippett	May, David		310	24		
Benson, Sylvester	Malone, Charles		320	36	Guardian Probate	
Malone, John A.	Hannah & Baker		323	15		
Malone, Chas.	Lagow, Henry W.		323	33		
Malone, John A.	Sumner & Wright		325	8		
Malone, J. A.	Sterne, Samuel	1871	333	32	Common Pleas	Failure to repay a loan.
Malone, Andrew J.			335	1	Probate	
Malone, John		1869	334	23	Probate	Probate file for John Malone (b. 1785). Estate administered by his oldest surviving son, Thomas J. Malone (1809-1894). A bond is signed by son Thomas J. Malone, his son-in-law John M. Smith (husband of Thomas' daughter, Rhoda Malone), and son-in-law John W. Norman (husband of his daughter, Emily Malone).

[59] File is missing from the microfilm.

Defendant	Plaintiff	Approx Year	Box	File	Type	Description
George Pierce, H. H. Eaton	Malone, John A.	1871	339	12	Common Pleas	
Boswell, Theo	Malone, John A.	1872	343	22		A suit to collect on a past due note.
Dawson, Wm. L.	Malone, John A.	1872	343	23		A suit to collect on a past due note.
Montgomery, Able	Malone, John A.		343	42[60]		
Malone, Jas.	State of Indiana		344	44		
Allen Dilday et ux	Benjamin Malone	1872	347	18	Common Pleas	
Malone, Absalom	Lagow, John		356	9		
Wilhite, Joseph	Malone, John A.	1873	383	15		John received a judgment of $106.82 against Joseph Wilhite.
Boswell, R. N.	Malone, John A.	1874	388	23		Boswell did not repay a loan and there was no property to seize for a sheriff's auction.
Malone, Harriet	Oliphant W. A.		432	3		
Mans, Henry	Malone, A. J.		434	3	Guardian Probate	
Malone, Jno. A.	Sasse, Emil		437	40		
Malone, John A.	Kurtz, John W.		450	28		

[60] Incorrect file number.

Defendant	Plaintiff	Approx Year	Box	File	Type	Description
Harrington, W. A.	Malone, Benjamin		463	7		
Malone, A. J.	Slater, Nancy et al		472	5	Guardian Probate	
Malone, Alfred	Malone, John A.		477	31		
Alvis, David	Norman, John W. (husband of Emily Malone)		487	7	Probate	John Norman died intestate. The estate was split between his second wife and three surviving adult children.
Malone, James		1875	529	5		Probate records for the estate of James Malone, Jr, around 1875. Included are affidavits signed by son John A. Malone and wife Lucinda. Also included is an "Account of the Sale of the Personal Property" that includes purchases by Ben Malone and Hugh Malone (both sons of the deceased), as well as by husbands of his two daughters.
Malone, Ricey	Malone, Spencer		556	2	Guardian Probate	
Estes, B. B.	Malone, Ephraim		710			
State of Indiana	Malone, Isaac		723	80		
Davis, Alcinda (Cox) Slater Malone	Malone, Emily J. et al		727	13	Guardian Probate	
Malone, John Y.	Malone, Benj. F.		727	41	Guardian Probate	

Defendant	Plaintiff	Approx Year	Box	File	Type	Description
Mason, Thos. J.	Malone, Ephraim		772	9		
Peoples Nat. Bank	Malone, John A.		781	11		
Peoples Nat. Bank	Malone, Van Nada, Benton		781	12		
Malone, John A.		1893	795	33		Probate for John A. Malone. Only names widow.
Insanity Papers	Malone, James A.	1891	799	44		James Absalom Malone's release from mental hospital.
Redburn, Lydia O.	Malone, Stella		808	5		
Malone, Thomas J.		**1895**	**814**	**34**	**Probate**	**January, 1895 probate of will for Thomas Jefferson Malone, the farmer.**
State of Indiana	Malone, Clarence		832	10		
Ind & Ark Lumber Mfg. Co.	Malone, Stella		834	32		
State of Indiana	Malone, Clarence		840	31		
Zillak, Frank A.	Malone, Harriet		851	36		
Government B & L Fund	Malone, Estella R.		853	8		
Steele, Nellie C.	Malone, Harriet		858	21		

Defendant	Plaintiff	Approx Year	Box	File	Type	Description
Oakland City B & L Fund	Malone, Ephraim		868	36		
State of Indiana	Malone, Lennis		883	21		
State of Indiana	Malone, Lennis		900	2		
State of Indiana	Malone, Lennis		900	28		
Malone, Charles L.	Malone, Estella R.		910	8		
Gray, Allen	Malone, Ephraim		915	29		
Malone, Newton		1900	922	8	Probate	Contains an affidavit from Hannah (Sovercool) Malone that the estate was valued under $500.
Stilwell, Wm. T.	Malone, Eph		965	32		
Malone, E. S.	Bonds of: NP		970	1[61]		
Malone, Permelia	Coroner's Inquest	1903	975	15	Inquest	Inquest into the death of Permelia (Crawford) Malone. Names children and husband.
Malone, Charles	Malone, Julia		981	14		
Malone, Lennis	State of Indiana		996	23		
Malone, Lennis	State of Indiana		996	24		

[61] This file was missing from the microfilm.

Defendant	Plaintiff	Approx Year	Box	File	Type	Description
Malone, Lennis	State of Indiana		996	54		
Emmerson, Jno W.	Malone, James		1004	9	Guardian Probate	
Malone, James A.	Insanity of:	1904	1025	20	Insanity	Attempt to re-commit James Absalom Malone to mental hospital. Rejected for lack of room at the hospital.
Emmerson, Jno. W	Malone, James		1049	36	Guardian Probate	
Malone, Julia	Malone, Clarence		1057	12		
Malone, Clarence	Malone, Julia		1057	12		
Malone, Charles			1058	49	Probate	
Malone, James A.			1065	15	Probate	
Walters, Thomas A.	Malone, Clyde C.		1077	5		
Low, G. Celesta	Malone, Wm. T.		1077	5		
Emmerson, Alley	Malone, Elsa L.		1079	8	Guardian Probate	
Malone, James A.			1080	8	Probate	
Malone, Lennis	State of Indiana		1118	9		
Malone, Lennis	State of Indiana		1118	10		

Defendant	Plaintiff	Approx Year	Box	File	Type	Description
Malone, Harriet	Coroner's Inquest		1145	7	Inquest	
Hall, Mary	Malone, Clyde C.		1160	19		A suit amongst the heirs of Thomas Jefferson Malone. The majority were living outside of Gibson County at the time. The suit forced the sale of the land, as it could not be split into economically viable pieces amongst the many heirs.
Malone, Maria			1167	38	Probate	
Malone, Maria		1913	1178	8	Probate	Probate and will for Maria (Kennett) Malone, wife of Thomas the famer.
Malone, Maria			1178	18	Probate	
Malone, Willis	Bullivant, Robt.		1179	37		
Malone, Virgil P.			1192	11	Probate	
Malone, Clyde C.	Malone, Maria		1259	1		
Malone, Elzie	Malone, Lou		1322	7		
Malone, Elza	State of Indiana		1323	21		
Malone, Elzie	Malone, Lou		1353	32		
Malone, Elzie	Malone, Lou		1369	18		
Malone, Lou	Malone, Elzie		1405	13		
Malone, Elzie	Austin, Clarence E.		1408	14		

Defendant	Plaintiff	Approx Year	Box	File	Type	Description
Malone, Nancy C.			1486	18	Probate	Probate of estate of Nancy C. (Pritchett) Malone.
Malone, Samuel M.			1536	14	Probate	
Malone, Marie			1677	38		
Malone, Rhoda			1714	8	Probate	
Green, William E.	Malone, Gurnie		4100	2	Guardian Probate	

Index of White County, Illinois Court Records[62]

No attempt has been made to determine if any of these Malones are related to our clan:

Defendant	Plaintiff	Type of Case	Year	Box
Wm. L. Malone	William P. McNight		1843	137
James A. Foley et al	Wm. L. Malone, Adm	Assumption	1866	142
Thomas J. Malone	Speed & Henning	Appeal	1869	166
W. L. Malone et al	Wm P. McKnight		1870	177
John R. Malone	G. H. Harper	Appeal	1873	237
William A. Malone et al	E. W. Garton	Assumption	1872	214
Wm. H. Malone	Wm. Granett	Assumption	1873	242
Wm. H. Malone et al	Thomas G. Parker Com.	Assumption	1873	242
Oscar Perry Malone	Rebecca Boyd	Foreclosure	1874	257
Wm. H. Malone et al	Thomas G. Parker	Assumption	1875	278
Wm. H. Malone et al	Thomas G. Parker	Foreclosure	1875	297
Thomas Malone et al	Rebecca Boyd	Foreclosure	1877	337
Wm. H. & Thomas Malone	John M. Crebs	Foreclosure	1877	338
Wm. H. Malone et al	William Granett	Foreclosure	1877	340
Wm. H. Malone et al	Leonard Pile	Foreclosure	1877	342
Ab Malone	Alvin Clevelin	Appeal	1881	409
Wm. H. Malone	Felix Viskinskki	Appeal	1881	424
People & c	Thomas Malone	Appeal	1884	465
Malone & Jones	Thomas W. Stone	Appeal	1884	468
J. J. Malone	L. D. Cushman	Appeal	1884	478
Thomas J. Malone	Elizabeth Malone	Divorce	1885	486
People & c	Edward Malone et al	Burglary	1885	487
Martin C. Beck	William H. Malone	Appeal	1887	537

White County Illinois Malone Probate Records

The following records are derived from journals found in *Illinois, Probate Records, 1819-1970, White County* at familysearch.org:

Charles Malone:

- Vol B 1822-1844, Pg. 267 Final Report
  The actual probate file was found in Box 33 of the White County Court records.

Thomas J. Malone (or heirs of):

- Vol. G 1871-1873, Pg. 173 Letters in Vacation (establishes date of death)
- Vol. G 1871-1873, Pg. 224 Motion to Approve Bills
- Vol. G 1871-1873, Pg. 242 Motion to Adjust Claims
- Vol. G 1871-1873, Pg. 257-8 Partial Report

[62] From *Index to White County Court Papers White County, Illinois, Volume No. 1 A to M, 1860-1888*, Connie Vaught, no date.

- Vol. G 1871-1873, Pg. 380-2 — Petition to Assign Dower & Sell Land to Pay Debts (also names guardian of minor heirs, describes 80 acres of property, plus a portion of a town lot in Phillipstown)
- Vol. G 1871-1873, Pg. 419 — Petition to Assign Dower and Sell Lands and Pay Debts (Contains legal descriptions of property)
- Vol. G 1871-1873, Pg. 465 — Report of Sale & Conveyance
- Vol. G 1871-1873, Pg. 465-6 — Petition to Sell Land to Pay Debts and to Assign Dower (Sold off 80 acres, retained portion of Lot 1 for Emma)
- Vol. H 1873-1874, Pg. 93 — Motion to Allow Claims
- Vol. H 1873-1874, Pg. 568 — Continuation
- Vol. I 1874-1875, Pg. 25-28 — Final Settlement (establishes heirs)

Minnie (Russell) Malone (heir of Ezekiel Russell):

- Vol. M 1878-1879, Pg. 145 — Guardian Appointed
- Vol. M 1878-1879, Pg. 153 — Guardian's Bond
- Vol. M 1878-1879, Pg. 358 — Advance to buy Team, Wagon and farming supplies
- Vol. N 1878-1879, Pg. 293 — Guardian Inventory
- Vol. N 1878-1879, Pg. 293-4 — Partial Report
- Vol. O 1880-1881, Pg. 85 — Claim
- Vol. O 1880-1881, Pg. 86 — Claim
- Vol. O 1880-1881, Pg. 287 — Claim
- Vol. O 1880-1881, Pg. 287-8 — Claim
- Vol. O 1880-1881, Pg. 559 — Claim
- Vol. P 1882-1883, Pg. 228 — Petition to Purchase Necessaries for Ward (a span of mules, Mitchell wagon and other farming implements)
- Vol. Q 1883-1884, Pg.
- Vol. Q 1883-1884, Pg. 409 — Final Report

Selected Transcriptions of Gibson County Court Records

Synopses of selected court records related to various Gibson County Malones:[63]

Box 172, File 15, State of Indiana vs. J Malone.

[Indictment]
"State of Indiana, Gibson County
Gibson Circuit Court February term in the year of our lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty six.
The Grand Jurors impounded and sworn to inquire for the State of Indiana and the body of the County of Gibson upon their oath find that John Malone late of Montgomery township in the County of Gibson and

[63] From microfilm records found at *Princeton Public Library*, Princeton, Indiana.

State of Indiana labourer on the tenth day of February in the year of our lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty six with force and arms (?) at the township county and state aforesaid in and when one Betsy Malone in the peace of God and the State of Indiana then and there ____ did make an assault on her the said Betsy Malone then and there in a rude insolent and angry manner did unlawfully touch strike beat bruise (?) and wound contrary to the form of the statute in such case made and moved and against the peace and dignity of the State of Indiana.
____ Clark, Atty"

[Released on Recognizance until August 1826]
"Know all men by these presents that John Malone ___ held and firmly bound unto the State of Indiana in the just and full sum of fifty dollars and Robert McCrary ___ held and firmly bound unto the State of Indiana in the just and full sum of twenty five dollars food and lawful money of the State of Indiana for the payment of which we bind ourselves our ____ heirs executors and administrators if default be made on the conditions to wit. That if the said John Malone does appear at the Courthouse in Princeton on the third Monday in August next there and then in ___ said court to answer to the State of Indiana to an Indictment ____ against him at the last February Term for ___ & assault & battery and to such other _____ and things as may be charged against him and not depart the cort (sic) without leave there & then this Recognizance to be void otherwise to be in full force and virtue in law. Given under our hands and seals this 27th day of May 1826.
John Malone, his mark.
Robert McCrary.
The above Recognizance taken and acknowledged before me the 27th day of May 1826.
[two illegible signatures]"

[People present in court]
"State of Indiana v. John Malone
Indictment for A & B
A. L??? Bell
Jesse ?????????
Foreman"

Witnesses
Franklin Malone
Jefferson Malone
Betsy Malone
Robert McCrary
Joseph Sumner
A Clark, atty ???"

Box 189, File 25. TJ Malone vs. Wm AJ Malone and Thomas J Malone.

"T J Malone, plaintiff
[illegible]
Wm A J Malone & Thomas J Malone, Defts.

Suit before Justice Gambrel

And the said defendants come and defend the wrong and injury when ___ and say that the said plaintiff ought not to have and maintain his aforesaid action against them, the said defendant, because they say, that said note upon which said action is brought was given in past consideration for a certain horse creature, which the said plaintiff then and there sold to said defendants, and which horse creature he the said plaintiff then and there represented and warranted to be sound, and undiseased, when in truth and in fact, said horse creature at the time of the sale aforesaid was diseased and unsound, of which disease the said horse shortly thereafter died. Wherefore the said defendants ___ that the consideration for which said note was given has wholly failed and this they are ready to verify and prove.

Wm A J Malone & Thos J Malone, Defts.

And for ____ the plea in this behalf the said defts say that said plaintiff ought not have and maintain his foresaid action, because they say, said note was obtained by fraud and circumvention, and this they are ready to verify and prove.

Wm A J Malone & Thos J Malone, Defts.

Know all men by these presents that we Wm A J Malone and T J Malone and John Malone, Jr, all of Gibson County and State of Indiana are held uniformly bound unto Thomas Jefferson Malone of the County aforesaid in the sum of seventy dollars for the payment of which will well and truly to be made and ___ we bind ourselves our heirs executors and administrators jointly and severally _____ by these presents sealed with our seals and dated this 20th day of June 1838. The conaction [sic] of the above obligation is such that whereas the above bound Wm A J Malone and T J Malone had this day appealed to the Gibson circuit court from the judgment of Henry Gambrel a justice of the peace of said county lately reversed in favor of the said Thomas Jefferson Malone against them the said Wm A J Malone and T J Malone now if the said Wm A J Malone and T J Malone will prosecute theyr [sic] said appeal with effect and pay the full amount of the consummation money and costs in case judgment be given against them in the said circuit court then the above obligation is to be void and of none effect otherwise to be and remain in full force and virtue in law.

Wm A J Malone, seal, T J Malone, seal, John Malone, seal.

Taken signed and sealed in my presence and approved by me
Henry Gambrel JP, seal."

Box 814, File 34. Probate of will for Thomas Jefferson Malone:

"In the name of the Benevolent Father of All, Amen."

I Thomas J Malone of Montgomery Township, County of Gibson State of Indiana and realizing the uncertainty of life and having already outlived the usual life of man, do hereby make and publish this my last will and testament, revoking any and all wills heretofore made by me."

Item 1. I wish a decent burial."

Item 2. I wish my just debts all to be paid."

Item 3. I hereby devise and bequeath to my beloved wife Maria Malone all of my personal property of I may be seized at my death – of whatever kind, moneys, notes, or other property. Also thirty two acres out of the north half of the East half of the Southwest quarter of Section thirty two (32) in Township two (2) south, Range eleven (11) West in Gibson County, Indiana and being on the east part of the farm on which I now reside, described as follows,

Beginning in the northwest corner of the said East half of said section southwest quarter of section thirty-two thence at such as distance as will be south of the residence and barns said farm now occupies by me, thence East a sufficient distance to include thirty-two (32) acres in the square thence bounded thence north to the north line of said quarter section thence west to the place of beginning. Also eight (8) acres of timber land out of the south part of the said East half of said southwest quarter of said section thirty-two (32) Town two (2) Range Eleven (11) – she to have and to hold said property both real to her own use forever."

Item 4. I hereby devise and bequeath to my son James Absalom Malone for his own use forever – the remainder of the said East half of said section Thirty two (32) Town two (2), Range Eleven (11) west in Gibson County, State of Indiana containing 50 acres more or less."

Item 5. I hereby devise and bequeath to my three daughters Rhoda Smith, Sarah E. Mauck, and Mary C. Hall the west half of the said section thirty-two (32) mentioned above and being the residue of my home farm – and to be divided as follows – To Rhoda Smith a sufficiency to amount to One thousand four hundred and sixty nine (1469) dollars, to Sara E. Mauck an amount sufficient to be worth One thousand two hundred dollars (1200), and to Mary C. Hall an amount to be worth One thousand three hundred

and forty nine (1349) dollars – or in the proportions as the said west half may be valued more or less than Four thousand five hundred (4500) dollars."

Item 6. I give and devise that the rest of the rest of the whole farm to my beloved wife until such time as the said lands described before shall be set off as I have directed."

Item 7. I hereby direct my wife Maria Malone and my son James A. Malone to pay all of my just debts, and also the whole expense of running the line between the east and west halves of the said quarter sections as described above. The three daughters to pay the expenses of setting off their respective shares."

I hereby appoint Alfred Martin of Owensville, Gibson County, Indiana executor of this my last will and testament.
In testimony hereof I hereunto set my hand and seal this the 12th day of April A.D. 1889.

Thomas J. Malone"

Signed and acknowledged by said Thomas J. Malone as his last will and testament in our presence and signed by us in his presence.

James C. Pruitt
T. J. Montgomery"

Selected Posey County, Indiana Court Records

- **1866** – Posey County Circuit Court Records, Box 163, File 15. The probate record of James Malone. The entire estate was transferred to his wife, Christiana.

- **1866** – Posey County Circuit Court Records, Box 628, File 9. The probate record of Christiana Malone. William Williams was appointed administrator. Thomas J. Malone purchased a sorrel horse and buggy from the estate and was responsible for liquidating the assets.

- **1910** – Posey County Circuit Court Records, Box 1158, Summons 3914. Probate record where Richard Malone and Walter Malone attempted unsuccessfully to have Martha J. Wilson declared to be of unsound mind.

Appendix P: News Articles

It appears the first daily newspaper in Owensville, Gibson County, Indiana started in 1872. This assumption is based upon the book, *A True Record of the marriages, deaths, accidents, fires, storms, etc. of Owensville and its vicinity since 1872*, W. W. Smith, 1910.

Princeton, Indiana had newspapers considerably before that, with at least one known advertisement about James Malone, Senior having been published in 1856.

In Crawford County, Illinois, where James Senior's son Alfred lived with his family, the *Yellow Jacket: Ruralist* was published at least as early as 1856, which later became the *Crawford Banner* in 1859 and then the *Yellow Jacket* in 1860. It would seem that it was about 30 years later before a newspaper was again published in Crawford County.[64] In White County, Illinois, the pickings are even more sparse, with the *Crossville Journal* only available in 1929, and no paper for Phillipstown (our clan initially settled in Phillipstown, eventually spreading to Crossville and later to Grayville) . Carmi and Grayville had fragmentary coverage after 1862 for the former and 1852 for the latter.

Owensville, Indiana News Article Index[65]

Name	Date	Type of Article
Absalom Malone	15 Jul 1886	
Ada Malone	30 Oct 1886	Marriage
Edith Malone	2 Apr 1902	Marriage
Edward Malone	14 Jun 1906	Marriage
Thomas & Mayme	15 Aug 1905	Marriage
Elsie Malone	16 Nov 1907	Marriage
James Malone	21 May 1874	Marriage
James Malone	26 Apr 1907	
Jefferson Malone	8 Jan 1894	Death
Leafy G. Malone	7 Apr 1912	Marriage
Mariah Malone	12 Feb 1876	Marriage
Mariah Malone	13 Nov 1909	
Mariah Malone	5 Nov 1911	Death
Mary Malone	3 Sep 1873	Marriage
Permelia Malone	7 Jun 1903	

[64] Source: *Abraham Lincoln Presidential Library, Newspaper Microfilm Collection*, Springfield Indiana, 2011.

[65] Gleaned from *A True Record of the marriages, deaths, accidents, fires, storms, etc. of Owensville and its vicinity since 1872*, W. W. Smith, 1910.

Select Gibson County News Clippings[66]

- *Princeton Clarion*, February 23, 1893. Death of Dr. John Allison Malone. Does not name any relatives.

- *Princeton Clarion*, Saturday July 1, 1911. Account of Harriet (Trippett) Malone's fatal accident. Mentions her daughter, Mrs. Charles Steele and father, Alexander Trippett.

- *Princeton Clarion*'s Tuesday, September 8, 1914 account of the death of Hugh Henry Malone. Names wife and children.

- *Princeton Clarion*, Monday, June 8, 1903. Account of the death of Permelia (Crawford) Malone. Names her husband, James.

- *Princeton Clarion*, January 11, 1894. Death notice for T.J. Malone. No family mentioned.

- *White County Democrat*, August 22, 1901. Obituary for Absalom Malone. No details of relatives.

- *Gleanings from the Princeton Clarion, Princeton Democrat, Princeton Union Clarion, and Princeton Union Democrat Newspapers, 1868-1882* contains references to children of J. A. Malone, James Malone, John Malone, Mrs. John Malone and Oscar Alexander Malone.

[66] From microfilm records found at *Princeton Public Library*, Princeton, Indiana and *Mary Smith Fay Genealogy Library* in Carmi, Illinois.

Appendix Q: Land Records

The first sale of government owned land is via a land patent issued by the Government Land Office of the Bureau of Land Management. After land is purchased from the federal government, subsequent land sales are recorded in the county where the property is located. The following are early land records that were found via the Internet.

Government Land Office

The following are GLO land patents granted to Malones in the Lower Wabash River Valley, at least of those known to be part of the extended families of James Senior and John Junior:

Name	Purchase Date[67]/ Sale Completed	Description	Location
Malone, Thomas J.[68]	8/1/1839	2nd PM, 4S, 8W, NW¼NE¼, Section 9	Warrick, IN
Malone, Alfred[69]	7/20/1843 12/1/1846	3rd PM, 3S, 08E, NE¼NW¼, Section 21	White, IL
Malone, Benjamin F.	8/22/1838 5/20/1841	2nd PM, 3N, 13W, SW¼SW¼, Section 26	Lawrence, IL
Malone, Benjamin F.	8/1/1840 3/10/1843	2nd PM, 3N, 13W, W½NE¼, Section 27	Lawrence, IL
Malone, Benjamin F.	8/1/1840 3/10/1843	2nd PM, 3N, 13W, NE¼NW¼, Section 27	Lawrence, IL
Malone, Benjamin F.	8/1/1840 3/10/1843	2nd PM, 3N, 13W, SW¼SE¼, Section 22	Lawrence, IL
Malone, Benjamin F.	8/1/1840 3/10/1843	2nd PM, 3N, 13W, SE¼SW¼, Section 22	Lawrence, IL
Malone, John (III)	8/23/1838 5/20/1841	2nd PM, 3N, 13W, NW¼NW¼, Section 35	Lawrence, IL
Malone, John (III)	8/23/1838 5/20/1841	2nd PM, 3N, 13W, NE¼NE¼, Section 34	Lawrence, IL

There are other Malone patents in counties where our clan had settled, but the purchasers are known *not to be related* to our clan. This includes Crawford County and Edgar County, Illinois. The early Gibson County patents for James Malone, Senior and John Malone, Junior predate the records currently included in the BLM's Government Land Office database.

[67] *Illinois Public Domain Land Tract Sales Database*, www.cyberdriveillinois.com.
[68] This could be either the son of James, b. 1816, or the son of John, b. 1809.
[69] This could be Dr. Alfred Malone, son of James and Christiana.

Gibson County

In *Gibson County Tract Book Index (1813-1850s)* by Phillip R. Earles, we find the following entries.

Page 87:
John Malone, NE ¼ of the SW ¼, Sec 32, Twp 2S, Rge 11W, 45 Acres, 20 Mar 1830.
John Malone, SE ¼ of the SW ¼, Sec 32, Twp 2S, Rge 11W, 45 Acres, 20 Mar 1830.
John Malone, NW ¼ of the SW ¼, Sec 32, Twp 2S, Rge 11W, 45 Acres, 10 Dec 1828.
John Malone, SW ¼ of the SW ¼, Sec 32, Twp 2S, Rge 11W, 45 Acres, 10 Dec 1828.

Note: These are the properties of John Malone, Junior b. 1785 (James' brother), which were transferred to his eldest son, Thomas Jefferson Malone, as the description of these properties matches those found in Thomas' will. In 1895 the property was split up, with most going to his son, James Absalom, and the remainder going to his three daughters: Mary C. Hall, Sarah E. Mauck and Rhoda Smith. The properties are located northeast of Owensville, very close to the Saline Road that also passed by John Hunter's property.

Page 114:
John Malone, NE ¼ of the SW ¼, Sec 26, Twp 2S, Rge 12W, 40 Acres, 18 Aug 1851.

Table X: Grantee/Grantor Index Sorted by Book and Page[70]

Grantee (Seller)	Grantor (Buyer)	Date of Deed	Recording Date	Book & Page	Acres
James Malone	James Stewart	10 Nov 1823	21 Sep 1824	C 391	
Jesse Barker	James Malone et ux	13 Feb 1825	9 Aug 1832	D 657	40
John Malone	Isaac Montgomery	7 Aug 1829	22 Aug 1832	D 663	
James Malone	Isaac Montgomery	20 Aug 1825	22 Aug 1832	D 663	140
John Malone, Jr.	Wm Grimes et ux	4 Oct 1833	4 Nov 1833	E 131	120
John Malone, Jr.	T. J. Montgomery	31 Jan 1837	6 Mar 1837	F 214	
John Malone, Jr.	James Malone, Jr. et ux	25 Jan 1836	6 Mar 1837	F 216	40
John Malone	T. J. Montgomery & wife	31 Jan 1837	6 Mar 1837	F 216	40
T. Jefferson Malone	R. B. Richards	20 Dec 1838	2 Jan 1839	G 39	

[70] From *Deed Index Grantor, Volumes 1 & 2* and *Deed Index Grantee, Volumes 1 & 2*, Gibson County Clerks Office, transcribed 19 Sep 2011. Covers period from 1813 to about 1856.

Grantee (Seller)	Grantor (Buyer)	Date of Deed	Recording Date	Book & Page	Acres
Jas. C. Warrick	Thomas J. Malone	28 Jan 1841	3 Jun 1841	H 161	
John Malone	James Smith	14 May 1841	10 Mar 1842	H 467	160
John Malone	James Malone	13 Oct 1846	23 Oct 1846	J 528	40
T. J. Malone	Boren & Wilkinson	19 Sep 1844	1 Sep 1845	K 76	
Thomas J. Malone	William C. Wilson & wife	30 Sep 1845	27 Apr 1846	K 360	
John Malone	James Malone & wife	13 Oct 1846	23 Oct 1846	K 528	
Thomas Malone, Jr.	Henry Meyers	20 Nov 1846	17 Nov 1846	K 556	153
Samuel R. Lesker	T. J. Malone	22 Oct 1846	12 Dec 1846	L 10	
Absalom Malone	John Smith	12 Apr 1847	18 Jun 1847	L 218	
Alfred Richards	Thos. J. Malone & wife	13 Apr 1848	17 Jul 1848	L 697	
John Malone	Isaac Montgomery et ux	7 Aug 1849	1 Sep 1849	M 401	80
Henry Herring	John Malone & wife	7 Aug 1849	18 Sep 1849	M 423	135
Hiram Barker	Absalom Malone & wife	23 Jan 1850	1 Mar 1850	N 28	
Andrew J. Malone	Alexander Dill & Wife	7 Aug 1850	24 Aug 1850	N 147	40
John Malone	H. C. Montgomery	27 Jan 1851	6 Mar 1851	N 383	80
Absalom Malone	Jesse Barker	4 Dec 1852	1 Jan 1853	O 574	88
Absalom Malone	Hiram Barker	25 Dec 1852	1 Jan 1853	O 575	88
Timothy Tichenor	Absalom Malone	4 Dec 1852	18 Jan 1853	O 624	
John Malone	James S. Johnson	7 Feb 1853	31 Jan 1853	P 18	
John Simpson Jr.	John W. Malone & wife	28 Feb 1853	7 Mar 1853	P 97	
John Simpson Jr.	John W. Malone & wife	28 Feb 1853	7 Mar 1853	P 97	59
John Simpson Jr.	John W. Malone & wife	28 Feb 1853	7 Mar 1853	P 97	17

Grantee (Seller)	Grantor (Buyer)	Date of Deed	Recording Date	Book & Page	Acres
Anna M. Hensley	David R. Malone	17 Jul 1852	13 May 1853	P 187	
Willis Howe	Absalom Malone	5 Jan 1854	5 Jan 1854	P 490	
A. J. Malone	H. H. Patten	11 Feb 1854	13 Feb 1854	P 564	40
James Malone, Jr.	Mahlon Stone	4 Feb 1854	21 Feb 1854	P 597	40
Absalom Malone	Willis & Howe et ux	28 Dec 1854	4 Jan 1855	Q 314	
T. J. Malone	Absalom Malone	3 Jan 1855	4 Jan 1855	Q 315	
R. B. Campbell	Absalom Malone	13 Jul 1855	14 Jul 1855	R 31	
Absalom Malone	Wm. Reavis, Guardian	12 Jul 1855	6 Aug 1855	R 61	

Appendix R: Civil War Military Service

These records are derived from several sources, including *Indiana State Archives, Indiana State Digital Archives' Military Records, Footnote.com,* Ancestry.com's *Civil War Pension File Index: General Index to Pension Files 1861-1934* and the National Park Service's *Civil War Soldiers and Sailors database*. The list includes all of the Malone children and grandchildren of James Senior and John Junior that are known to have participated in the Civil War that have been conclusively matched to military records, plus a few other Malone relatives. Where more detailed information has been found for particular individuals specific references are given (except where such references have been given earlier). This list is not intended to include all descendants of James and John Malone that served in the Civil War, but it does include those descendants that, during this research, could be conclusively matched to military records. A few of the individuals below were living outside of Gibson County when they enlisted, but they all descend from either James Senior or John Junior, or are the spouse of one of their female descendants.

If an official veteran's gravestone was provided or found for an individual, their record is marked with a Grand Army of the Republic star.

Name DOB DOD	Enlist date/ Discharge date	Notes
Alexander Malone b. 1834 d. abt 1897	19 Dec 1861 18 Jan 1863 & 1863 17 Jul 1865	Company E, 60th **Indiana** Infantry Volunteers, commanded by Captain Fitton. Listed as deserted at Napoleon, Arkansas. Also enlisted in Company H, 11th **Missouri** Calvary, where Alexander served as Blacksmith. He was mustered out at New Orleans, Louisiana. The issue of his desertion appears to have been cleared up, as his widow qualified for a pension. *Invalid's Pension, 22 May 1880: App: 367841, Cert: 447185.* *Widow's Pension (Louisa), 29 Jul 1897: App: 659353, Cert: 549647.*
Alva C. Malone b. 1847 d. 1893	9 Aug 1862 27 Jun 1865	Company D, 98th Infantry Regiment **Illinois** (Crawford County, Illinois). Mustered out at Edgefield, Tennessee. *Invalid's Pension, 6 Aug 1887: App: 618569, Cert: 400390.* *Widow's Pension (Rose), 23 Sep 1893: App: 583160, Cert: 410695.*

Name DOB DOD	Enlist date/ Discharge date	Notes
Benjamin Franklin Malone b. 1808 d.	25 Oct 1862 1 Feb 1863	Company I, 130th Infantry Regiment **Illinois** (Lawrence County, Illinois). Per his gravesite in Trenton, Grundy, Missouri, he also served in the 60th **Illinois** Infantry. He was discharged due to an unspecified disability.
Elijah Malone b. 1828 d. 1881	23 Jan 1865 17 Oct 1865	Company K, 143rd Infantry Regiment Indiana (GS), commanded by Captain Reavis. Mustered out from Company H, 140th Infantry Regiment **Indiana**.[71]
George W. Malone b. 1833 d. 10 Apr 1917	22 Oct 1861 20 Nov 1862	Company D, 1st Battalion Kentucky Mounted Rifles (Confederate) commanded by Captain J. B. Holladay. *Invalid's Pension,5 Sep 1913: App: 2715, Cert: 2076479.*
George W. Malone b. 1832 d. 9 Dec 1865	10 Dec 1861 21 Mar 1865	Company C, 60th Infantry Regiment **Indiana**, commanded by Captain Jesse Nash. Interred at Pelham Cemetery, at or near New Harmony, Posey County, Indiana. *Widow's Pension (Martha), 25 Apr 1883: App 303524, Cert 699950.* *Minor's Pension, 26 Jun 1884: App: 306231.*
Henry Harrison Malone b. 10 Oct 1827 d. 20 Aug 1900	16 Aug 1862 15 May 1865	Company F, 80th Infantry Regiment **Indiana**, commanded by Captain Showers. *Invalid's Pension, 6 Feb 1880: App: 341990, Cert: 209243.* *Widow's Pension (Pauline), 27 Aug 1900: App: 725546, no Cert.*
Horace W. Malone b. Oct 1844 d. 25 May 1915	20 Jul 1861 1 Jan 1864	Company A, 11th **Missouri** Infantry, commanded by Captain Elliott. Transferred to Veterans Reserve Corp 10 May 1865. *Invalid's Pension, 30 Nov 1888: App: 680120, Cert: 908509.*
Hugh Malone b. 26 Aug 1842 d. 1 Sep 1914	7 Aug 1862 22 Jun 1865	Company B, 65th Infantry Regiment **Indiana**,[72] commanded by Captain Stilwell. *Invalid's Pension, 25 Sep 1874: App: 196410, Cert: 167092.* *Widow's Pension (Nancy), 8 Sep 1917.*

[71] *History of Gibson County* by Jas. T. Tartt & Co, Edwardsville, Illinois, 1884.
[72] *History of Gibson County* by Stormont, page 1035.

Name DOB DOD	Enlist date/ Discharge date	Notes
James A Malone b. 1843 d. bet 1880-1900	8 May 1861 13 Feb 1862	Company H, 17th Infantry Regiment **Indiana**, commanded by Captain Gorman. Deserted Camp Wickliffe, KY.[73]
John Malone[74] b.1836 d.	18 Aug 1862 22 Jun 1865	Company B, 65th Infantry Regiment **Indiana**, commanded by Captain Stilwell.
John Allison Malone b. 10 Dec 1837 d. 16 Feb 1893	2 Sep 1862 21 Nov 1862	Orderly Sergeant in the 42nd Infantry Regiment **Indiana** commanded by Captain Ogg. Medical discharge for "Phthisic Pulmonalis" (tuberculosis), a pre-existing condition.[75] *Invalid's Pension, 12 Feb 1880: App: 754524, no Cert.* *Widow's Pension (Harriet), 18 Mar 1893: App: 572206, no Cert.*
John H. Malone b. 1846 d. abt 1891	14 Jan 1864 28 Jun 1865	Company K, 61st Infantry Regiment **Illinois** (Lawrence County, Illinois). Mustered in at Sumner, Illinois. Mustered out at Franklin, Tennessee. He was discharged for an unspecified disability. *Invalid's Pension, 4 Jan 1886: App: 558143, Cert: 398840.* *Widow's Pension (Nancy), 9 Feb 1891: App: 500842, Cert: 357003.* *Minor's Pension (Joseph S. Parker Gdn), 25 Mar 1895: App: 611478, Cert: 417919.*
Joseph Malone b. 1838 d. 12 Sep 1892	30 Sep 1861	Company E, 42nd Infantry Regiment **Indiana**, commanded by Captain French. Private. Interred at Page Cemetery, Page, Holt, Nebraska.

[73] In *Malone Family History* by Hunter it is stated that he was mustered out on 8 Aug 1865.
[74] The *Indiana Digital Archives* lists him as being 26 years old, the *Civil War Draft Registration Records, 1863-1865* lists him as being born in Kentucky and the Civil War Service Record found at the Indiana State Archives states he was born in Lexington, Kentucky.
[75] *Military: Enlistment and Discharge Records of Gibson County, Indiana, 1863-1934*. This information was taken from a copy of his discharge order.

Name DOB DOD	Enlist date/ Discharge date	Notes
Thomas Jefferson Malone b. 1832 d. 7 Jan 1900	Enlisted 1 Jun 1861, Sumner, Lawrence, Illinois, mustered in St. Louis, Missouri 11 Jul 1861.	Private, Company G, 7th **Missouri** Volunteer Infantry. Appointed Quartermaster Sergeant, Company J, 4th Regiment, US Colored Troops Heavy Artillery (1st **Missouri** Heavy Artillery) on 1 Dec 1863. Mar/Apr 1864 promoted to 2nd Lieutenant. Sept/Oct 1864 on special duty with Company J, 5th US Colored Troops Heavy Artillery. Jan/Feb 1865 on detached duty with the Fire Dept. From 24 Jun 1865, on detached duty commanding River Guard. Transferred to Company I, 5th **US Colored Troops** Heavy Artillery on 26 Nov 1865. Transferred to Company J, 1 Dec 1865. On Special Duty 8 Dec 1865, Special Order # 148. 23 Jan 1866, on detached service to Military Prison #1, Special Order #13. On special duty 20 Apr 1866 (unspecified assignment). Interred at Page Cemetery, Page, Holt, Nebraska. *Invalid's Pension, 13 May 1885: App: 539921, Cert: 672887.* *Widow's Pension (Emeline), 15 Aug 1900: App: 424991, Cert: 607932.*
Thomas J. Malone b. abt 1841 d. 7 Jan 1887	3 Aug 1861 15 Jan 1866	Company A, 11th **Missouri** Infantry, commanded by Captain Elliott. Promoted to Orderly Sergeant 20 Nov 1864. Transferred to 7th **Missouri** Infantry 14 Dec 1864. Mustered out Memphis, Tennessee. Interred at Mount Zion Cemetery, Lawrence County, Illinois.
William Malone b. 1 Apr 1840 d. 22 Dec 1866	Enlisted 30 Sep 1861, mustered in 30 Oct 1861.	Company E, 42nd Infantry Regiment **Indiana** (GS), commanded by Captain French. Transferred to Veterans Reserve Corps.

Name DOB DOD	Enlist date/ Discharge date	Notes
Cornelius Mathews b. Oct 1840 d. 27 Jul 1921	Enlisted 30 Sept 1861, mustered in 30 Oct 1861	Company E, 42nd Infantry Regiment **Indiana** (GS), commanded by Captain French. Transferred to Veterans Reserve Corps. *Invalid's Pension, 1 Sep 1865: App: 86188, Cert: 52952.* *Widows' Pension (Eliza), 24 Aug 1921: App: 1178096, Cert: 911559.*
William F. Mathews b. 1842 d. 8 Oct 1862	Enrolled 30 Sep 1861, mustered in 30 Oct 1861	Company E, 42nd Infantry Regiment **Indiana** (GS), commanded by Captain French. Killed at Perryville, Kentucky. *Father's pension (William A. Mathews), 21 Mar 1889: App: 391371, Cert: 269906.* *Mother's pension (Eliza A. Malone), 10 Aug 1885: App: 329685, Cert: 238342.*

NOTE: There was a Henry Malone that enlisted as a substitute for Sam Byrd in the 17th Regiment of the U.S. Colored Troops on 3 Nov 1864 in Evansville, Indiana. He was black and was born in Tennessee about 1845.

1863 Civil War Draft Registration

Those records that have not been matched to known members of our clan are shown in *italic text*. All records are derived from Ancestry.com's *U.S., Civil War Draft Registrations Records, 1863-1865*.

Place	Name	Age	Occupation	Marital Status	Birthplace	Previous Service	Date
IN, Posey, Robb Twp	Malone, Baslom (Absalom)	40	Blacksmith	-	Ind	-	Jun 63
IN, Gibson, Montgomery Twp	Malone, Absalom	38	Carriage Maker	-	Ind	-	Jun 63
IN, Gibson, Montgomery Twp	Malone, Elijah	38	Farmer	-	Ind	-	Jun 63
IN, Posey, Robb Twp	Malone, David R.	35	Physician	M	Ind	-	Jun 63
IN, Posey, Smith Twp	Malone, Henry	34	Blacksmith	M	Ind	80th Ind	Sep 63
IN, Posey, Lynn Twp	*Malone, George*	*34*	*Farmer*	*M*	*Ind*	*31st Ind*	*Sep 63*
IN, Posey, Harmony Twp	Malone, George W.	32	Farmer	M	Ind	60th Ind	Sep 63
IN, Posey, Harmony Twp	*Malone, William*	*32*	*Laborer*	*M*	*Ill*	*60th Ind*	*Sep 63*
IN, Gibson, Montgomery Twp	*Malone, Wm. S.*	*30*	*Blacksmith*	*M*	*Ind*	*60th Ind*	*Sep 63*
IN, Posey, Black Twp	*Malone, George*	*29*	*Farmer*	*-*	*Oh*	*-*	*Sep 63*
IN, Gibson, Montgomery Twp	Malone, John	26	Laborer	M	Ky	65th Ind	Sep 63
IN, Gibson, Montgomery Twp	Malone, Joseph	25	Farmer	M	Ind	42nd Ind	Sep 63
IN, Gibson, Patoka Twp	Malone, Wm	24	Farmer	S	Ind	42nd Ind	Sep 63
IN, Gibson, Columbia Twp	Malone, John C	22	Farmer	M	Ind	65th Ind	Sep 63
IN, Gibson, Patoka Twp	Malone, Hugh	21	Farmer	S	Ind	65th Ind	Sep 63
IN, Gibson, Montgomery Twp	Malone, Jas A	20	Farmer	S	Ind	17th Ind	Sep 63

1890 Census Veterans Schedules

Veterans Schedules are not available for Illinois and Indiana, the state of residence of most of our veterans. Brothers Thomas Jefferson and Joseph are likely living in Missouri, Kansas or Nebraska at the time, yet neither of them appears in the Veterans Schedules for those states. Benjamin Franklin Malone and sons John H. Malone and Horace W. Malone are likely in Missouri at that time, but no records for them were found in the 1890 Veteran's Census. Alexander Malone was likely living in Union County, Kentucky at the time of the 1890 Census, but no Veterans Schedules exist for Union County in that Census.

Regimental Histories

The following are the official regimental histories for the regiments in which the above listed individuals served. All are taken from reports of the Adjutant Generals of the states of Illinois, Indiana and Missouri, printed circa 1866 and 1867, and from the Civil War Archive (www.civilwararchive.com):

Illinois 61st Regiment Infantry

"Organized at Carrollton, Ill., and mustered in February 5, 1862. Moved to Benton Barracks, Mo., February 21, and duty there until March 26. Moved to Pittsburg Landing, Tenn., March 26-30. Attached to 2nd Brigade, 6th Division, Army of the Tennessee, to April, 1862. 1st Brigade, 3rd Division, Army Tennessee, to July, 1862. 3rd Brigade, 1st Division, District of Jackson, Tenn., to September, 1862. Unattached, District of Jackson, Tenn., to November, 1862. Post of Bolivar, District of Jackson, Tenn., 13th Army Corps (Old), Dept. of the Tennessee, to December, 1862. Post of Bolivar, District of Jackson, 16th Army Corps, to March, 1863. 1st Brigade, 3rd Division, 16th Army Corps, to May, 1863. 1st Brigade, Kimball's Provisional Division, 16th Army Corps, to July, 1863. 1st Brigade, KimbalI's Division, District of Eastern Arkansas, to August, 1863. 1st Brigade, 2nd Division, Arkansas Expedition, to November, 1863. 3rd Brigade, 2nd Division, Arkansas Expedition, to January, 1864. 3rd Brigade, 2nd Division, 7th Army Corps, Dept. of Arkansas, to May, 1864. 1st Brigade, 2nd Division, 7th Army Corps, August, 1864. Veteran furlough, Dept. of Missouri, October-November, 1864. Veterans. 1st Brigade, Nashville and Chattanooga R. R., Dept. of the Cumberland, to February, 1865. Veterans, Unattached, 4th Division, 20th Army Corps, Dept. of the Cumberland, to March, 1865. 2nd Sub-District, Middle Tennessee, Dept. of the Cumberland, to September, 1865."

SERVICE.--Battle of Shiloh, Tenn., April 6-7, 1862. Advance on and siege of Corinth, Miss., April 29-May 30. Moved to Bethel, thence to Jackson and Bolivar, Tenn., June 6-17. Duty at Bolivar until May, 1863. March to support of Rosecrans, at Iuka, Miss., September 16-22: 1862. Grant's Central Mississippi Campaign. Operations against Forest, in West Tennessee, December 18, 1862-January 3, 1863. Action at Salem Cemetery, near Jackson, December 19, 1862. Moved to Memphis, Tenn., thence to Vicksburg, Miss., May 31-June 3, 1863 Expedition up the Yazoo to Satartia June 2.8. Action at Satartia, Mechanicsburg, June 4 Moved to Haines'. Bluff June 6. Siege of Vicksburg Miss., June 9-July 4. Moved to Black River Bridge July 17, thence to Helena, Ark., July 27-31. Steele's Expedition against Little Rock, Ark., August 1-September 10. Bayou Fourche and capture of Little Rock September 19. Duty at Little Rock and Duvall's Bluff Ark., until August, 1864. Expedition to Clarendon, Ark. June 25-29, 1864. Action at Clarendon June 25-26. Veterans on furlough August 14 to September. Company "K" Joined Regiment from Camp Butler, Ill., March 20 1864, and remained with Recruits at Duvall's Bluff Ark., until February, 1865. Joined Regiment at Murfreesboro, Tenn., February 4, 1865. Veterans halted at St. Louis while returning to Arkansas. Companies "B," "D" and "G" guard river at Chester, Ill., until October 14, then Joined Regiment at St. Louis. March through Missouri In pursuit of Price October 16-November 6. Moved to Paducah, Ky., November 6-11 thence to Nashville and Murfreesboro, Tenn., November

24-28. Action at Overall's Creek December 4 Hood's attack on Murfreesboro December 5-12. Wilkinson's Pike, near Murfreesboro, "The Cedars," December 7. Action with Forest near Murfreesboro December 15. Duty at Murfreesboro until March 21 1865. Moved to Franklin, Tenn., and duty there until September. Mustered out at Nashville, Tenn., September 8 and discharged at Camp Butler, Ill., September 27, 1865."

Regiment lost during service 3 Officers and 34 En listed men killed and mortally wounded and 4 Officers and 183 Enlisted men by disease. Total 224."

Illinois 98th Regiment Infantry

"The Ninety-Eighth Illinois Volunteers was organized at Centralia, Ill., September 1862, by Colonel John J. Funkhouser, and mustered in September 3."

September 8, 1862, the Regiment was ordered to Louisville, Ky. At Bridgeport, Ill., whilst in route, the train was thrown from the track, by a misplaced switch, and Captain O. L. Kelly and 7 men killed, and 75 wounded. On the 9th, moved to camp Jo Holt, at Jeffersonville. On 19th, moved to Shepherdsville. On 30th, moved to Elizabethtown, and, from thence moved to Frankfort, arriving October 9. On 111th, moved to Versailles, from which the enemy retreated, leaving 200 sick in hospital; and, on 13th, returned."

The Regiment was in Fortieth Brigade, Seventy-second and Seventy-fifth Indiana, Ninety-eighth Illinois, and Thirteenth Indiana Battery; Colonel A. O. Miller, Seventy-second Indiana, commanding; Twelfth Division, Brigadier General Dumont commanding; Army of Ohio. On October 26, the Brigade marched, via Bardstown, Mumfordsville and Glasgow, to Bowling Green, arriving November 3."

November 10, 1862, moved with Brigade and Division to Scottsville; 25th, to Gallatin; 28th, to Castillian Springs, and, December 14, to Bledsoe Creek. General Reynolds took command of the Division, December 23. The Seventeenth Indiana was assigned to the Brigade - Colonel Wilder, of that Regiment taking command of the Brigade. On 26th December, began march northward, in pursuit of Morgan, arriving, 31st, at Glasgow."

January 2, 1863, marched to Cave City, and, on the 4th, moved to Nashville. From thence, marched to Murfreesboro, 6th. On 14th, the Regiment was assigned to First Brigade, Fifth Division, Fourteenth Army Corps. Brigade composed of Seventeenth and Seventy-second Indiana, One Hundred and Twenty-third and Ninety-eighth Illinois, January 24, moved through Bradyville, and, on 25th, returned."

On the 8th of March, the Ninety-eighth was ordered to be mounted. During the winter and spring of 1863, it had been doing guard duty for forage trains and on scouts. On 14th March, 350 men were mounted. Shortly afterward the whole Brigade was mounted. On the 1st of April, moved out on an 8 days' scout, going to Rome, Lebanon and Snow's Hill, and returned."

On April 13, moved to Lavergne and Franklin, and returned the next day. Moved to McMinnville, April 20, and destroyed a cotton factory and captured a railroad train. On 22d and 23d, moved, by way of Liberty, to Alexandria, and joined General Reynold's command. On 27th, moved to Lebanon, having captured a large number of horses and mules. 29th, returned to Murfreesboro."

May 6, the One Hundred and Twenty-third Illinois was assigned to the Brigade, and mounted in place of the Seventy-fifth Indiana."

On May 23, made a reconnaissance to the front, driving in the enemy's pickets, killing 2 and wounding 4. On the 31st, the Regiment was armed with the Spencer repeating rifle."

June 4, moved out on the Liberty road, and attacked the First Kentucky and Eleventh Texas rebel cavalry, capturing 20 prisoners and 5 wagons. Moved, June 16, to Dark Bend, on the Tennessee. On the 10th, attacked the enemy at Liberty, driving their rear guard of 150 men to Snow's Hill."

On 24th June, moved, with the Army of the Cumberland, to attack the enemy. The Ninety-eighth Mounted Infantry, on the right flank, came upon the enemy at Hoover's Gap, repulsing them - the Regiment losing 1 man killed and 5 wounded."

From Jun 24 to 28, moved flank of Fourth Division, cutting the railroad at Decherd, and driving the enemy from the stockades. Returned to Manchester, July 1. From July 1 to 16th August, was in the vicinity of Wartrace and Decherd, and captured over 1,000 horses and mules."

The Ninety-eighth Illinois, Colonel Atkins, was assigned to the Brigade."

On August 16, moved, over Cumberland Mountains and Waldron's Ridge, to Poe's Tavern, and, September 9, forded Tennessee, and moved in advance of Chittenden's Corps, toward Ringgold. 11th, moved to Tunnell Hill, skirmishing with Forrest. 12th, moved to Gordon's Mills. 13th, lay in line of battle, skirmishing with the enemy, and 14th, moved to Stephenson's Gap. On 17th, moved to Alexander's Bridge, and on 18th, the battle of Chickamauga began. The Ninety-eighth did good service in this action, and lost 5 killed and 36 wounded - Colonel Funkhouser being severely wounded."

During the remainder of the month, the Regiment marched to Stevenson, guarding prisoners, and returned. On 1st of October, the Brigade, Colonel A. O. Miller commanding, with First and Second Brigades of Cavalry, under General Crook, started in pursuit of Wheeler. On 2d crossed Walden's bridge, and moved through Sequatchie to summit of Cumberland Mountains. 3d, the Ninety-eighth Illinois and Seventeenth Indiana attacked a Brigade of the enemy - their rear guard - and defeated it killing or wounding 15 or 20 of the enemy. On the 4th, drove the enemy from McMinnville. 7th, came up with the enemy near Shelbyville, and charged him, capturing 50 prisoners, and losing only 2 wounded."

Was engaged in the battle of Farmington."

On the 8th, was engaged in pursuit of Wheeler and followed him until he crossed Tennessee, 19th."

Went into camp at Maysville. On 21st November, moved to Chattanooga, where the Brigade was numbered the Third, and assigned to Second Cavalry Division, Brigadier General Crook commanding. The Ninety-eighth, numbering only 200 effective men, mounted."

The Division crossed the Chickamauga, on pontoons, and marched up the Tennessee to Bly's Ferry, and thence to Tine's Station, cutting the railroad, and telegraph wires, in sight of Bragg's camp fires. On November 24, captured wagon train of 60 wagons, and moved into Cleveland."

On 26th, had a slight engagement with the enemy, losing 2 wounded."

On 28th, Major Marquiss and Lieutenant Richard, in charge of dismounted men, returned to Huntsville."

29th, the Ninety-eighth, numbering 150 men, moved to Benton."

December 1, took advance of Sherman's Army, driving the enemy to Loudon, and, on 4, forded Little Tennessee, and moved to Knoxville. Moved to Maysville on 5th, and Murphy on the 8th. Went into camp at Calhoun, on the Hiawassee River, on 15th - the Regiment being reduced to 111 men and officers. On 28th December, had a skirmish with Wheeler's Cavalry, driving them some distance and capturing the Inspector General of Kelly's rebel Division."

February 4, 1864, Colonel Funkhouser joined the Regiment with the balance of the command."

In January 1864, the Third Brigade had been assigned to Second Cavalry Division. On 23d and 24th February, the command was engaged at Buzzard's Roost, losing 12 wounded. On March 1, moved to Cleveland. 16th, moved to Ringgold, and went on picket duty, extending the line toward Nickajack. Lost 2 men wounded. On 14th April, ordered to Columbia, and marched, via Bridgeport, Battle Creek, Decherd and Shelbyville, arriving April 24. On 30th April, the Ninety-eighth, 400 strong, moved to the front, arriving at LaFayette, Ga., May 9. On 11th, marched to Villanon, and, on 14th, moved toward Rome. 16th, to Lay's Ferry, and, on 19th, marched through Kingston. On 23d, crossed Etowah and moved toward Van Wert, and, on 24th, through Van Wert, and within 2 miles of Dallas, met the enemy and drove him to Dallas. Skirmished with the enemy on 25th, and moved toward Powder Springs."

On 28th of May, took position on McPherson's right, dismounted, and repulsed a charge of the enemy; and, on 29th, moved to Burnt Hickory. June 9, mad a reconnaissance beyond Big Shanty. Dismounted, and drove the enemy 5 miles. On 19th and 20th June, moved out to Noonday Creek, and skirmished with the enemy."

On July 3, marched through Marietta, and, on 4th, skirmished heavily. On 5th, moved toward Roswell Factory, and, on 9th, drove the enemy's pickets from the Chattahoochie and took possession of Roswell Factory."

Colonel Funkhouser resigned, to take effect July 5. Crossed Chattahoochie to Cross Keys, on 17th, and struck Atlanta and Augusta Railroad 16 miles east of Atlanta,

destroying several miles of track, and, on 19th, returned to McAfee's Bridge. Moved to Decatur on the 21st, and to Oxford and Covington, capturing a railroad train and 16 prisoners, burning railroad bridge, and returned to Decatur, 24th."

On 25th July, moved in support of Stoneman, in the movement on Atlanta and Mobile Railroad. The Division (Garrard's) was, at one time, entirely surrounded by the enemy, but cut its way out, and returned to rear of Atlanta."

On the 1st of August 1864, the Division was ordered to occupy the works vacated by the Twenty-third Corps. On 15th, moved out of the works, and, on 20th, moved with Kilpatrick on the reconnaissance to Decatur."

Participated in Sherman's flank movements to Rough-and-Ready, and went on picket at Jonesboro, September 4 to 8. Moved to Decatur 8th September, to Blake's Mills 9th, and on 19th went on scout towards Lawrenceville. On 21st, moved to support of Kilpatrick, via Atlanta, Dry Pond and Sandtown. Crossed the Chattahoochie on the 24th, and reconnoitered toward Campbelltown. Moved to Lost Mountain and Ackworth."

Was engaged in watching movements of Hood's Army, then marching north. Camped, October 4, near Kenesaw. On 12th, moved to Rome. On 13th, moved out and attacked the enemy, defeating him. On 15th, moved to Adairsville. On 16th, to Snake Creek Gap. On 19th, to Chattanooga. On 20th, to Gaylesville. On 21st, attacked and routed Wheeler, near Little River, at Rudd's farm."

November 1, turned over our horses and equipment to Kilpatrick."

On 2d November, moved to Calhoun. On 4th, moved toward Chattanooga, arriving 6th, and, on 13th, arrived at Nashville. Moved thence to Louisville. Lay in camp until December 26, waiting for horses and equipment, and then ordered to Elizabethtown, to intercept enemy under General Lyon. December 31, moved to Elizabethtown."

On 12th January 1865, the command passed through Nashville, Tenn., and marched, via Columbia and Mount Pleasant, to Gravelly Springs, Ala., remaining in camp at that place until March 13. Moved to Waterloo and Chickasaw Landing. On 22d March, commenced the spring campaign, with the First, Second and Fourth Cavalry Divisions, 12,000 strong, Brevet General Wilson commanding. On 31st, arrived at Montrevalle - Roddy's rebel command being driven out by General Upton. On April 1, the enemy made a stand at Ebenezer Church, but were routed by four companies of the Seventeenth Indiana. On April 2, participated in capture of Selma. The Fourth Cavalry Division having, failed in their assault, 1,600 men of Second Division, General Long commanding, made the attack and carried the works. The loss of the Ninety-eighth, in this action, was 9 killed and 2 mortally wounded, 6 officers wounded and 21 men wounded. Number of the Regiments engaged, 172."

On 9th, crossed Alabama River, and April 13, marched through Montgomery. On 16th, marched through Columbus, and, on 20th, entered Macon, without opposition. The

Ninety-eighth was detailed for provost guard, and Lieutenant Colonel Kitchell as Provost Marshal of the city. May 23, started for Chattanooga, arriving June 1; and, thence, to Nashville, arriving 15th, and camping near Edgefield. Was here joined by Major Marquiss and a detachment of Ninety-eighth. Mustered out June 27, 1865, by Captain L. M. Hosea, A.C.M. The recruits were transferred to Sixty-first Illinois Volunteers. Arrived at Springfield, Ill., 30th June, and received final payment and discharge, July 7, 1865."

The Ninety-eighth while attached to the First Brigade, Second Division of Cavalry, as Mounted Infantry, assisted in the capture at Macon, Ga., of four brass cannon which had been buried near the small-pox hospital, as deceased soldiers, marking them with head and foot-boards. One of these pieces was given to the Ninety-eighth and subsequently it was presented to Illinois, when it was placed on exhibition in Memorial Hall."

Illinois 130th Regiment Infantry

"Organized at Camp Butler, Springfield, Ill., and mustered in October 25, 1862. Moved to Memphis, Tenn., November 11-17, 1862. Attached to Reserve Brigade, District of Memphis, 13th Army Corps (Old), Dept. of the Tennessee, to December, 1862. District of Memphis, 16th Army Corps, to March, 1863. 2nd Brigade, 10th Division, 13th Army Corps, Army of the Tennessee, to July. 1863. 2nd Brigade, 4th Division, 13th Army Corps. Dept. of the Tennessee, to August, 1863, and Dept. of the Gulf to June, 1864. 3rd Brigade, 3rd Division, 19th Army Corps, Dept. of the Gulf, to October, 1864. Defenses of New Orleans, La., to January, 1865. Consolidated with 77th Illinois Infantry January 25, 1865. Regiment revived June 23, 1865. 1st Brigade, 3rd Division, 13th Army Corps (New), Military Division West Mississippi, to August, 1865.
SERVICE.--Duty at Fort Pickering, Memphis, Tenn., until March 27. 1863. Moved to Milliken's Bend, La., March 27-31, and duty there until April 25. Movement on Bruinsburg and turning Grand Gulf April 25-30. Battle of Magnolia Hills, Port Gibson, May 1. Champion's Hill May 16. Big Black River Bridge May 17. Siege of Vicksburg, Miss.. May 18-July 4. Assaults on Vicksburg May 19 and 22. Advance on Jackson, Miss., July 5-10. Siege of Jackson July 10-17. Reconnaissance to Pearl River July 11. Camp at Big Black until August 13. Ordered to New Orleans, La., August 13, and duty there until October. Western Louisiana Campaign October 3-November 30. At New Iberia until December 6. Moved to New Orleans, thence to Pass Cavallo, Texas, December 6-20, and duty there until February, 1864. Reconnaissance on Matagorda Peninsula January 21. Moved to Algiers, thence to Franklin, La. Red River Campaign March 10-May 22. Advance from Franklin to Alexandria, La.. March 14-26. Bayou De Paul, Carroll's Mills, April 8. Battle of Sabine Cross Roads April 8. Regiment mostly captured at Sabine Cross Roads and confined at Tyler, Texas, 13 months. Retreat to Morganza May 13-20, Garrison duty at New Orleans, La., June, 1864, to January, 1865. With 77th Illinois Infantry in Campaign against Mobile and its defenses February to April. Siege of Spanish Fort and Fort Blakely March 26-April 9. Assault and capture of Fort Blakely April 9. Occupation of Mobile April 12. Expedition to Tombigbee River and Macintosh Bluffs April 13-May 9. At Mobile until July. Regiment reorganized at Mobile July 11, 1865. Ordered to New Orleans and mustered out August 15, 1865."

Regiment lost during service 2 Officers and 18 Enlisted men killed and mortally wounded and 4 Officers and 153 Enlisted men by disease. Total 177."

Indiana 17th Regiment Infantry

"The Seventeenth Regiment was organized at Camp Morton, Indianapolis, during May, 1861, and was mustered into the United States service on the 12th of June, 1861, for three years. On the 1st of July it left Indianapolis for Parkersburgh, Virginia, which place it reached on the 5th, after stopping three days at Cincinnati. Remaining in this vicinity until the 23d, it took the cars and moved to Oakland, Maryland. Marching sixteen miles to the north branch of the Potomac, it was engaged until the 7th of August in constructing the fortifications known as Camp Pendleton. Proceeding by railroad from Oakland to Webster, and thence on foot up Tygart's Valley to Huttonsville, the regiment reached Cheat Mountain Pass on the 12th, and afterward went into camp at Elkwater. While in this vicinity the Seventeenth participated in the operations of General Reynolds army, including the battle of Green Brier on the 3d of October, in which its loss was one killed. On the 19th of November it proceeded to Louisville, Kentucky, where it reported to General Buell on the 30th and there lay in camp on Oakland Race Course until the 10th of December. Being assigned to General Nelson's division, the regiment marched to Camp Wickliffe, near New Haven, where it remained until February 10, 1862, when it moved toward Green River. Crossing Green River it marched southward, arriving at Nashville on the 12th of March, and there remained until the march to the Tennessee River was begun. Colonel Hascall being appointed Brigadier General on the 25th of March, he was succeeded by Lieut. Colonel John T. Wilder. Leaving Nashville on the 29th of March, the regiment reached the field of Shiloh on the 8th of April. It then participated in the march to and siege of Corinth, and after its evacuation moved with Buell's army through Northern Alabama to McMinnville, Tennessee, where, on the 30th of August, it overtook Forrest and attack and routed him. On the 3d of September the Seventeenth left McMinn- yule and marched via Murfreesboro, Nashville, Bowling Green, Elizabethtown and West Point, to Louisville, Kentucky, arriving there on the 25th of September, after marching 270 miles and having a skirmish with Bragg's rear guard on the 21st, near Murifordsville. Leaving Louisville on the 1st of October, it moved to Bardstown, where it remained in camp until the 18th, and then marched to Nashville, by the way of Lebanon, Columbia, Glasgow and Gallatin, reaching there on the 26th of November. Between this and the 1st of February, 1863, the regiment was engaged in numerous expeditions in different directions from Nashville, and then moved its camp to Murfreesboro. On the 12th of February orders were received for the regiment to mount itself, and the following month was occupied in foraging and pressing horses, until the regiment was fully mounted, after which it was kept constantly moving on scouting expeditions. On the 18th of May the men were armed with Spencer rifles, with which effective weapons each man became the equal of 16 rebels. On the 24th of June it moved to Hoover's Gap, where the enemy was strongly posted. The rebel force of five regiments of infantry, three companies of sharpshooters and a battery, made several charges upon the Seventeenth, which were repulsed gallantly. The regiment held the rebels at bay until out of ammunition, when reinforcements from the other regiments of the brigade coming up, the enemy were driven from the field. The Seventeenth captured seventy-five prisoners and one hundred and twenty-five stands of arms, and sustained a loss of forty- eight killed and wounded. After this engagement it marched to Manchester, driving the enemy, and capturing many prisoners. It then marched on a raid to Cowan, after which it

scouted the country in various directions, and on the 21st of August skirmished with the enemy across the Tennessee River, near Chattanooga. After the evacuation of that place, the Seventeenth moved towards the North Chickamauga and Dalton, frequently skirmishing with the enemy. On the 11th of September it marched to near Ringgold, where it met Scott's brigade of rebel cavalry and two pieces of artillery, when a sharp fight ensued, resulting in the driving of the enemy to Tunnel Hill with severe loss. The regiment lost one killed and two wounded. Between this and the 18th frequent skirmishes occurred with the enemy, and on that day the division to which the Seventeenth was attached was attacked in force, and compelled to fall back. The next day the regiment fought nearly all day in the battle of Chickamauga, breaking the enemy's lines every time he charged. On the 20th it repulsed a severe charge of the enemy, and then charged in return, driving the rebels and killing, wounding and capturing a great number; the regiment fought till 3 o'clock in the afternoon, when it was ordered back toward Chattanooga. On the 1st of October it started, as part of General Crook's command, in pursuit of General Wheeler, then in the Sequatchie Valley. On the night of the 3d, the regiment attacked Crew's rebel brigade at Thompson's Cove and routed them, capturing a number of arms, and the battle flag of the Second Kentucky Cavalry, presented to them by the ladies of Elizabethtown, Kentucky; the regiment lost but one wounded. The next day it marched to McMinnville, where it skirmished with the enemy, and drove him out of and beyond the town, losing two killed and four wounded. On the 7th of October, when beyond Shelbyville, the regiment struck the enemy and attacked him, driving him from the field and into Farmington, where he made a stand; here the Seventeenth charged the rebels, capturing three of Wheeler's guns, a great number of small arms and three hundred prisoners; the regiment lost forty-eight killed and wounded, including three commissioned officers. Crossing the Tennessee River at Lamb's Ferry on the 9th, further pursuit was abandoned, and the regiment moved to Huntsville, Alabama, from whence it started, on the 13th, in pursuit of the enemy under Forrest, Roddy, Wharton and others. On the 27th it went into winter quarters at Maysville, from whence, on the 18th of November, in pursuance of the orders of General Thomas, two hundred and fifty of the best mounted men marched to near Chattanooga, and crossed the Tennessee on Sherman's pontoon on the night of the 23d. Moving in the direction of Cleveland, they went round by Tyner's Station, whilst the battle was raging at Mission Ridge, to within seven miles of Ringgold, and destroyed rebel wagon trains and stores. They returned to Cleveland on the 26th, after destroying, altogether, seventy-seven wagons. Being attacked the next day by Kelly's brigade, they were forced to destroy the foundry at Cleveland and fall back to near Chattanooga, losing one man killed. On the 30th they marched toward Knoxville, running through the rebel lines to get into the town. Leaving there on the 5th of December, they crossed the Chilhowee Mountain into North Carolina, and then into Tennessee, camping at Charleston on the 14th of December. The majority of the regiment, then dismounted and in camp at Pulaski, having re-enlisted on the 4th of January, 1864, left the next day for Nashville, where they were joined on the 18th by the part of the regiment at Charleston. Two hundred and eighty six having been re-mustered as veterans, the regiment left Nashville on the 22d of January for Indianapolis, on veteran furlough. Arriving there on the 25th, it was publicly received in the Capitol Grounds, and was addressed by Governor Morton, Colonel Wilder and others. While in Indiana the veterans were allowed to purchase horses, and being remounted, left

Indianapolis by rail on the 2d of April, and on arriving at Louisville went into camp until the 18th, when it proceeded to march to Nashville, reaching there on the 25th, after riding one hundred and eighty-six miles. Leaving there next day, the regiment reached Sherman's army, then on the march to Atlanta, on the 10th of May. From this time until the 31st of October it was actively and constantly engaged in the cavalry and scouting operations incident to the march upon and capture of Atlanta, and the pursuit of Hood's retreating army northward. It participated in the numerous skirmishes, the raids to cut the enemy's communications, and was conspicuously engaged at Pumpkin Vine Church, Big Shanty, Belle Plain Road, Kenesaw Mountain, Marietta, Chattahoochie River, (being the first troops to cross this stream,) Stone Mountain, Flat Rock, New Hope Church, Rome, Coosaville, Leesburgh and Goshen. On the 1st of November, 1863, after turning over its horses to Kilpartick's cavalry, the regiment left Rome, Georgia, for Louisville, Kentucky, where, on the 24th, it was re-mounted. Moving from Louisville on the 28th of December, it reached Nashville on the 8th of January, 1865, from whence it marched to Gravelly Springs, Alabama, arriving there on the 25th. Here it remained until the 12th of March, when it marched with General Wilson's cavalry command into the interior of Alabama. On the 1st of April the commands of Roddy and Forrest were overtaken and attacked at Ebenezer Church, on Bogue's Creek, twenty-nine miles from Selma; the Seventeenth participated and charged the rebels gallantly, capturing one hundred prisoners and one gun, and losing eight killed, eleven wounded and five missing. On the 2d it participated in the engagement at Selma, and in the taking of the rebel works surrounding the town; the Seventeenth first drove the rebels into their forts and then out of them, and afterward drove them from the interior works and their position behind the railroad embankment into the town, taking all the forts from number eighteen to the river on the west side of the town. Four pieces of artillery, and about three hundred prisoners were captured. Out of 421 officers and men engaged, the Seventeenth lost 12 killed and 80 wounded. After the battle the regiment moved to Montgomery, and from thence to Columbus, Georgia, from which point it marched to Macon, near which place it engaged the enemy on the 20th of April, and drove him into the city, saving two important bridges which the rebels were in the act of firing. By a ruse the enemy were led to believe that our force was but the advance of two divisions of cavalry, and the city was surrendered, and with it Generals Howell Cobb, Mackall, Mercer and Gustavus W. Smith, three thousand prisoners, including officers of all grades, five stands of colors, sixty pieces of artillery and three thousand small arms. The Seventeenth had in the action during the day 451 officers and men, of whom one was killed and two wounded. Camping near the city for a month, it moved into Macon on the 22d of May, where it did post duty until the 8th of August, 1865, when it was mustered out of service. Leaving Macon soon after, the regiment arrived at Indianapolis on the 16th of August with 675 men and 25 officers, and was the day following publicly received in the Capitol Grounds and addressed by Lieutenant Governor Conrad Baker, General Vail, General White, General Wilder and others; in a few days afterwards it was finally discharged from service. During its term of service, the Seventeenth Regiment marched over four thousand miles, and captured over five thousand prisoners, more than six thousand stand of arms, seventy pieces of artillery, eleven stand of colors and more than three thousand horses and mules. All this was done with a loss of three officers and sixty-six men killed, and thirteen officers and one hundred and seventy-six men wounded—a total of killed and wounded of two hundred and fifty-eight."

Indiana 42nd Regiment Infantry

"The Forty Second Regiment was organized at Evansville on the 9th of October, 1861, with JAMES G. JONES as Colonel. Soon after it marched to Henderson and thence to Calhoun and Owensboro, Kentucky, from which place it went to Nashville, Tennessee, where it arrived on the 25th of February. It then moved into the interior of the State and then to Huntsville, Alabama, and from thence retraced its steps to Nashville. Moving from there with Rousseau's division of Buell's army to Louisville, it took part in the pursuit of Bragg through Kentucky, participating in the battle of Perryville on the 8th of October, losing one hundred and sixty-six in killed, wounded and missing."

Returning to Nashville the regiment marched with Rosecrans' army toward Murfreesboro, and then took part in the battle of Stone River on the 31st of December, 1862, and 1st and 2d of January, 1863, losing seventeen killed and eighty-seven wounded. After this engagement the Forty Second went into camp near Murfreesboro, where it remained until the 24th of June, and then marched with the first brigade of Gen'l Negley's division to Chattanooga. On the 19th and 20th of September the regiment was engaged in the battle of Chicamauga, losing eight killed, fifty-three wounded and thirty-two missing, making a total of ninety-three. Subsequently it participated in the storming of Lookout Mountain and the battle of Mission Ridge in November, losing forty-three in killed and wounded."

On the 1st of January, 1864, the regiment re-enlisted as a Veteran organization at Chattanooga, and soon after returned to Indiana, on veteran furlough, reaching Indianapolis on the 28th of January, where it was publicly received and addressed by Governor Morton and others. On its return to the field in March it joined Sherman's army near Chattanooga, and on the 7th of May it marched from Ringold on the campaign against Atlanta, participating in all the principal battles of that campaign, losing one hundred and three officers and men, killed and wounded. During this campaign, while in Six Mile Range near Alatoona, the regiment was on picket duty seven days and nights within fifty yards of the rebel skirmish line, without being relieved. After the capture of Atlanta, the Forty Second marched to Kingston, Rome, Resacca and, through Snake Creek Gap, to the Chatuga Valley, and from thence to Gaylesville, Alabama, in pursuit of Hood's army, and then back again to Rome and Atlanta."

In November it moved with Sherman's army from Atlanta to Savannah, participating in skirmishing on the route and the siege of Savannah. From Savannah it moved through the Carolinas to Goldsboro, North Carolina, taking Part in the battles of Averysboro and Bentonville, losing ten men and officers killed and wounded. After the close of active operations the regiment marched to Washington via Richmond, leaving Goldsboro, on the 10th of April, 1865. From Washington it proceeded to Louisville, Kentucky, where, on the 21st of July, 1865, it was mustered out, and left for Indianapolis, reaching that place on the following day. On the 25th of July it was present at a public reception given to several regiments of returned soldiers, in the Capitol grounds, on which occasion Major Gen'l Sherman was present. Addresses were made by Governor Morton and Gen'l Sherman. In a few days after the regiment was finally discharged from service."

'During its term of service the Forty Second has lost in killed, wounded and missing six hundred and twenty-nine, of which number eighty-six were killed on the field, four hundred and forty-three were wounded and one hundred taken prisoners. Its strength at the time of its muster-out was eight hundred and forty-six, officers and men."

The regiment has participated in battles and skirmishes as follows: Wartrace, Perryville, Stone River, ElkRiver, Chicamauga, Lookout Mountain, Mission Ridge, Ringold, Rocky Face Ridge, Resacca, Aiatoona Mountains, Kenesaw, Chattahoochie River, Peach Tree Creek, Atlanta, Jonesboro, Savannah, Charleston, Black River and Bentonville."

Indiana 60th Regiment Infantry

"The Sixtieth Regiment was raised under orders authorizing Lieut. Col. RICHARD OWEN, of the Fifteenth Regiment, to recruit a regiment and rendezvous it at Evansville. A partial organization was made at that place in November, 1861, and during the progress of enlisting, the regiment was ordered to Camp Morton, Indianapolis, on the 22d of February, 1862, to guard rebel prisoners, and, while on duty there, the organization was perfected—the last companies being mustered in in the month of March. On the 20th of June it left Indianapolis for Louisville, Kentucky, from whence it proceeded to Lebanon. Alter remaining there for a time it moved to Muniordsviile, where, on the 14th of September, the advance of Bragg's army surrounded the place and its works, and compelled the garrison to surrender after a gallant resistance. Among the captured were a number of Indiana regiments and seven companies of the Sixtieth, under command of Col. Owen. The other companies were, at the time of the capture, guarding a railroad bridge over Rolling Fork, near Lebanon Junction, under command of Major Cox, and were not captured."

The captured companies were paroled, and proceeded to Indianapolis, where they went into parole camp and were there joined by the other portion of the regiment Upon being exchanged in November, the regiment proceeded to Memphis, joining the Army of the Mississippi, and participated in the movements of that army during the winter of 1862. On the 10th of January, 1863, it took part in the battle of Arkansas Post, losing a number in killed and wounded."

In the campaign against Vicksburg it moved with the First Brigade (Burbridge's), Tenth Division, Thirteenth Army Corps, from Millikens' Bend on the 14th of April, making rapid and fatiguing marching through swamps, bayous and streams, under scorching suns, drenching rains, and engaging in five desperate and hard-fought battles. At Port Gibson, on the 1st of May, it was among the first to enter the town; at Champion Hills, on the 16th of May, it was in the advance; and at Black river, on the 17th of May, it behaved with gallantry. In the siege of Vicksburg it took an active part, remaining in the trenches until the surrender on the 4th of July."

After the capitulation, the Sixtieth marched with its brigade to Jackson, participating in the skirmishes on the route and the siege of Jackson, losing several in killed and wounded. Returning to Vicksburg, it remained there until August, when it was transported to New Orleans, where it was assigned to Banks' army. From New Orleans it moved to Berwick City, and from thence moved up the Teche, engaging in the battle of Grand Courteau Plains on the 3d of November, losing a few in killed and wounded. Returning to the vicinity of New Iberia, it remained there a short time, and then proceeded to Algiers, near New Orleans, where it embarked on steamship for Texas. Landing in that State, it was stationed at Pass Cavallo for a brief period, and then returned to New Orleans, where it joined Banks' unfortunate expedition up Red River." This expedition was organized early in March, and proceeded with but little opposition to Alexandria, reaching there on the 19th of March. The rebels began to concentrate at Shreveport. On the 28th Gen. Mower's Division defeated the rebel General Dick Taylor

at Cane river, thirty-five miles above Alexandria. The main army marched westward. After passing Grand Ecore, the Cavalry, supported by the Fourth Division of the Thirteenth Army Corps, encountered the enemy, in force, at Sabine Cross Roads, on the 8th of April. After skirmishing across an open field, from the woods on either side, the rebels charged on our forces, who were routed and fell back in great disorder. In this battle the Sixtieth lost heavily in killed, wounded and prisoners. The Third Division came up and were also overwhelmed. The command of Gen. A. J. Smith, of the Sixteenth Corps, which had left Vicksburg on the 8th, as a co-operating force, and capturing Fort De Russey on its march, reached the field just after the battle at Sabine Cross Roads, and held the rebels in check, and the next day fought and defeated the rebels at Pleasant Hill. The shattered army fell back to Grand Ecore, the Sixteenth Corps covering the retreat and saving Bank's army. The latter army then fell back to the Mississippi river, and General Smith's command proceeded to Vicksburg."

After this campaign the regiment went to Indiana on Veteran furlough, the regiment having re-enlisted. Its re-muster was not, however, approved by the War Department, the regiment not having, in its opinion, served a sufficient length of time to entitle it to be re-mustered as a Veteran organization. Returning to the field, it was stationed at Thibodeaux, Louisiana, where it remained until the fall of 1864. On the 3d of November it was engaged in the battle of Carrion Crow Bayou, losing largely in killed, wounded and prisoners. After this the regiment was stationed at Algiers, near New Orleans, remaining there until February 24th, 1865, when the remaining recruits were transferred to the Twenty-Sixth Indiana, and the balance of the regiment proceeded to Indianapolis, where it was mustered out on the 21st of March, 1865. The transferred men are still serving with the Twenty-Sixth Regiment."

Indiana 65th Regiment Infantry

"The Sixty-Fifth Regiment was organized under the call of July, 1862, at Princeton, and was mustered in at Evansville, (with the exception of Company "K,") on the 18th and 20th of August, 1862, with JOHN W. FOSTER as Colonel. The nine companies were at once moved to Henderson, Kentucky, where it went into camp to protect the place from guerrillas. On the 27th of August; the regiment embarked on transports, and went up Green river to Ashbysburg, landing at 9 o'clock in the night. Marching all night, it attacked Adam Johnson's rebel regiment the next morning, and after a severe skirmish, and some loss to the enemy, the regiment took possession of the town of Madisonville. Company "K" was mustered in on the 10th of September, and joined the regiment in the field. After the engagement at Madisonville, the companies were distributed in different counties in that portion of Kentucky west of the Nashville railroad, and there remained on duty until the 18th of August, 1863, when they all reported at Glasgow. Here the regiment joined Col. Graham's brigade of cavalry, the regiment having been mounted in April, 1863, by order of Gen. Burnside. The companies, while on the local duty above mentioned, engaged the enemy as follows: Company "D" in a skirmish near Vanderburg, on the 12th of September, 1862, losing one killed and six wounded, and on the 13th it had another skirmish, in which three were wounded. Company "E" had a skirmish at Dixon, on the 29th of July, 1863, losing one man wounded."

The regiment was moved to the field in East Tennessee, arriving at Knoxville on the 1st of September, the brigade to which it was attached being the first Union troops to arrive at that point. During this march Col. Foster assumed the command of the brigade. Several companies of the regiment were sent out on a raiding expedition, returning to Knoxville after an absence of two days. On the 5th of September the regiment marched up the valley, and taking possession of a captured train of cars, moved up the valley one hundred and ten miles above Knoxville, capturing on the way another train and two locomotives, besides other property. Returning from this expedition on the night of the 6th, it moved the next day with its brigade up the same valley, and on the 20th engaged the enemy near Zollicoffer. On the 22d a severe fight was had with the enemy at Blountsville, in which the regiment lost fifteen in killed and wounded. The Sixty-Fifth was engaged in another fight at Rheatown, on the 11th of October, in which Company "A" had one man wounded. On the 14th of October the regiment fought the enemy at Blountsville without loss, and on the 15th at Bristol, losing one man captured."

On the 17th of November the regiment moved with the division across to Tazewell, and on the 1st of December it had a severe fight at Walker's Ford, Tennessee, assisted by the Fifth Indiana Cavalry, in which both regiments fought all day against great odds, the Sixty-Fifth losing two killed, eight wounded and two missing. Company "K" at this time was at Mulberry Gap, numbering forty-five men, from whence it expelled a whole rebel regiment by a night attack. After Longstreet's retreat the regiment and all the cavalry had a battle with Longstreet's infantry at Bean Station, on the 14th of December, in which the regiment lost two killed, ten wounded and five missing. On the following day it fought at Powder Spring Gap, losing ten wounded and four missing, and on the same day again engaged the enemy at Skaggs' Mills, losing one killed and two captured. On the 17th of

January, 1864, the regiment had a fight at Danridge in which one man was mortally wounded."

On the 21st of April, 1864, the regiment was dismounted and assigned to the Second Brigade, Third Division, Twenty-Third Army Corps, and on the 30th of April it joined Sherman's army, then about moving on its Atlanta campaign. It was in the battle of Resacca on the 14th of May, and in all the skirmishes and battles of this campaign, up to the capture of Atlanta, sustaining a loss of eleven killed, twenty-three wounded and five prisoners; total, thirty-nine. The regiment participated in the march in pursuit of Hood into Alabama and Tennessee, engaging the enemy at Columbia, Tennessee, and at Franklin on the 30th of November, '64. In the battle of Nashville, on the 15th and 16th of December, it bore a conspicuous part. After this it moved to the Tennessee river in pursuit of Hood's retreating army."

In January, 1865, the regiment was transferred to Alexandria, Virginia, and from thence sailed to the vicinity of Fort Fisher, near Wilmington, North Carolina, and after landing bore the brunt of the attack on Fort Anderson, on the 18th of February, 1865, and did the skirmishing for the troops at Town Creek on the 20th. The regiment was not afterwards engaged, but moved to Greensboro, with the Twenty-Third Corps, after the surrender of Johnson's army, where on the 22d of June, '65 it was mustered out of service, and proceeded to Indiana, and was finally discharged at Indianapolis, soon afterwards."

The regiment, during its term of service, has lost as follows: Killed, twenty-six; wounded, eighty-six; captured, sixty-one; total, one hundred and seventy-three."

Indiana 80th Regiment Infantry

"The companies composing the Eightieth Regiment were recruited in the First Congressional District, under the call of July, 1862. They were rendezvoused at Princeton in the months of August und September, at which place the regiment was organized. On the 8th of .September it moved to Indianapolis, where it was armed, and at once proceeded to Covington, Kentucky, then threatened by the invading forces of the rebel General, Kirby Smith. After remaining there a few days, the regiment was transported to Louisville, where it joined the army of Gen. Buell, then being reorganized to march against Bragg. On the 1st of October it moved from Louisville on this campaign, and on the 8th participated in the battle of Chaplin Hill, or Perryville. In this engagement, fought just one month after the Eightieth left its camp of rendezvous, the regiment bore a conspicuous part, losing, in killed and wounded, one hundred and fifty men and officers; of the officers two were killed, three wounded and two captured. After Bragg had been driven out of Kentucky, the regiment remained in that State doing guard duty, and engaging in two expeditions against John Morgan's raiding cavalry. The first of these expeditions started on the 29th of December, 1862, and ended on the 9th of January, 1803. The other campaign was commenced on the 20th of June and closed on the 5th of July, 1803."

On the 18th of August, the Eightieth left Kentucky with Gen. Burnside's army, and marched across the Cumberland Mountains into East Tennessee, occupying Kingston and Knoxville during the first week of September, and participating in the active campaigns that followed. On the 7th of November it was engaged in the battle at Kingston, and in January, 1864, took part in the engagement at Mossy Creek. In the spring of 1864, the regiment left East Tennessee, with the Twenty-Third Corps, commanded by Gen. Schofield, and joined Gen. Sherman's army. Reaching the vicinity of Red Clay, Georgia, it went into camp there, and on the 9th of May, moved with the Twenty-Third Corps in the direction of Dalton."

In the memorable Atlanta campaign, the Eightieth participated in all the important engagements from Dalton to Atlanta, including the battles of Rosacea, Kenesaw, Peach Tree Creek, and in the fights before Atlanta. During this campaign the regiment sustained a total loss, in killed and wounded, of one hundred and seventy-five."

After the fall of Atlanta, the regiment moved northward with the Twenty-Third Corps, in pursuit of Hood's army, then making a raid in the rear of General Sherman's army. Upon reaching Gaylesville, Alabama, further pursuit was abandoned, and the Twenty-Third Corps was detached from Sherman's army and sent into Tennessee, becoming a part of Gen. Thomas' command. In the campaign that followed this transfer, commencing on the 25th of November and ending on the 30th of December, 1864, the Eightieth was almost constantly kept oil active duty. On the 30th of November it participated in the desperately fought battle at Franklin, and then fell back to Nashville, near which place, on the 15th and 16th of December, it took part in the engagement that proved so victorious to the Union arms, under General Thomas. After the retreat of the defeated army of the rebel

General Hood, the regiment moved with its corps in pursuit, following the enemy to the Tennessee river."

In January, 1865, Schofield's Corps was transferred to Alexandria, Virginia, where it embarked on steamers for North Carolina. Accompanying it on this expedition, the Eightieth participated in the campaign against Wilmington, Kingston, Goldsboro and Raleigh. It was conspicuously engaged in the successful attack upon Fort Anderson, near Wilmington, on the 19th of February. Upon the arrival of Sherman's army in North Carolina, the Twenty-Third Corps took part in the movements of the united armies against Johnson's rebel forces, and after the surrender of the latter the Corps remained on duty in that State, the Eightieth proceeding to Saulsbury with the First Division of the Corps. Here it remained until the 22d of June, 1865, when the organization proper was mustered out of service."

Returning to Indianapolis with about three hundred and twenty men and officers for discharge, the regiment was present at a reception given to returned regiments in the State House grove, on which occasion addresses of welcome were delivered by Governor Morton, General Hovey, and others. During its term of service the regiment has had three hundred and twenty-five men and officers killed and wounded, and two taken prisoners, and has traveled seven thousand two hundred and forty-five miles; of which one thousand and fifty was by water, two thousand four hundred and forty-five by railroad, and three thousand seven hundred and fifty on foot."

At the muster-out of the organization only such of the men as had entered service prior to the first of October, 1862, were discharged, all other recruits being held to service. These were transferred to the One Hundred and Twenty-Ninth Regiment Indiana Volunteers, which regiment was retained in service until the 29th of August, 1865, when it was mustered out of service."

Indiana 143rd Regiment Infantry

"The One Hundred and Forty-Third Regiment – Was composed of companies from the First Congressional District and was organized and mustered into service at Indianapolis on the 21st of February, 1865, with John F. Grill as Colonel. On the 23rd the regiment was turned over to the United States, and, after being armed and equipped, left on the 24th for Nashville. From thence it moved to Murfreesboro, where it performed guard duty until the 13th of May when it proceeded to Tullahoma. Moving from that place on the 26th of June to Nashville it was sent to Clarksville, at which place three companies were detached and sent to garrison Fort Donelson. Receiving orders for muster-out the regiment was brought together and marched to Nashville where it was mustered out on the 17th of October, 1865. Leaving Nashville on the 19th it arrived at Indianapolis on the 21st of October, with thirty officers and six hundred and ninety-one men, for final discharge and payment, and on the same day it was publicly received at the State House grove by the citizens and State authorities."

Kentucky 1st Battalion Mounted Rifles

1st Battalion Mounted Rifles was organized in Eastern Kentucky during the winter of 1861-1862 and served in the Army of Eastern Kentucky and the Department of East Tennessee. The unit skirmished in Kentucky and Tennessee, then disbanded in August, 1863. Some of its members joined other Kentucky commands. Lieutenant Colonel Ezekiel F. Clay, and Majors Benjamin F. Bradley and Orville G. Camron were in command.

Missouri 7th Infantry

"Organized at St. Louis, Mo., June, 1861. Attached to Booneville, Mo., to September, 1861. Fremont's Army of the West to February, 1862. Lexington, Mo., Dept. of the Missouri, to July, 1862. Unattached, Pittsburg Landing, Tenn., Army of the Tennessee, to September, 1862. 4th Brigade, 1st Division, District of Jackson, Tenn., to November, 1862. 4th Brigade, 3rd Division, Left Wing 13th Army Corps (Old), Dept. of the Tennessee, to December, 1862. 3rd Brigade, 3rd Division, 17th Army Corps. to April, 1864. Maltby's Brigade, District of Vicksburg, Miss., to June, 1864. 1st Brigade, District of Memphis, Tenn., 16th Army Corps, to August, 1864 (Veterans). 1st Brigade, 2nd Division, 19th Army Corps, Dept. of the Gulf, to December, 1864."

SERVICE.--Moved to Booneville, Mo., July 1-4, 1861, thence to Rolla August 30 and to Syracuse, Mo., October 5-10. Fremont's Campaign against Springfield October 21-November 2. Moved to Sedalia November 10-14, thence to Otterville December and duty there until February, 1862. Expedition to Blue Springs January 20-February 3, 1862 (Cos. "B," "F" and "H" detached from Regiment November 21, 1861, and ordered to Kansas City. Rejoined Regiment at Lexington, Mo., February, 1862.) Moved to Lexington, Mo., February 3-10, 1862, and duty there until May 9. Reconnaissance from Greenville February 23-24 (Co. "H"). Skirmish at Mingo Creek, near St. Francisville, February 24 (Co. "H"). Moved to Pittsburg Landing, Tenn., May 9-14, and guard and fatigue duty there until August 15. Moved to Jackson, Tenn., August 15-29, and duty there until October. Medon Station, Mississippi Central Railroad, August 31. Chewalla and Big Hill October 5. Medon Station October 10. Moved to Corinth with McPherson and to Jackson October 14. To Lagrange November 2. Grant's Central Mississippi Campaign November 2, 1862, to January 10, 1863. At Memphis, Tenn., January 17-February 21. Moved to Lake Providence, La., February 21, and duty there until April. Moved to Milliken's Bend, La., April 12. Passage of Vicksburg batteries April 22 (Detachment). Movement on Bruinsburg and turning Grand Gulf April 25-39. Battle of Port Gibson May 1. Bayou Pierrie May 2. Battles of Raymond May 12. Champion's Hill May 16. Big Black River Bridge May 17. Siege of Vicksburg, Miss., May 18-July 4. Assaults on Vicksburg May 19 and 22. Surrender of Vicksburg July 4. Provost duty there until June, 1864. Stevenson's Expedition from Vicksburg to Monroe, La., August 20-September 2, 1863. Expedition toward Canton October 14-22. Bogue Chitto Creek October 17. Expedition from Vicksburg to Sunnyside Landing, Ark., January 10-16, 1864. Meridian Campaign February 3-March 2. Clinton February 5. Veterans on furlough March to May. Non-Veterans mustered out June 14, 1864. Veterans at Memphis, Tenn., and Vicksburg, Miss., until July 29. Moved to Morganza, La., July 29 and duty there until September 3. Moved to mouth of White River, Ark., September 3-8 and duty there until October 18. Movement to Memphis and return October 18-30. Moved to Duvall's Bluff, Ark., November 9, thence to Memphis, Tenn., November 28. Consolidated with 11th Regiment Missouri Infantry December 17, 1864."

Regiment lost during service 4 Officers and 52 Enlisted men killed and mortally wounded and 2 Officers and 128 Enlisted men by disease. Total 186."

Missouri 11th Cavalry

"Organized at Benton Barracks and St. Joseph, Mo., March 28 to December 11, 1863. Attached to District of St. Louis, Mo., Dept. of Missouri, to December, 1863. District of Southwest Missouri, Dept. of Missouri, to January, 1864. District of Northeast Arkansas, 7th Army Corps, Dept. of Arkansas, to May, 1864. 3rd Brigade, 2nd Division, 7th Army Corps, to September, 1864. 3rd Brigade, Cavalry Division, 7th Army Corps, to February, 1865. 2nd Brigade, Cavalry Division, 7th Corps, to March, 1865. Separate Cavalry Brigade, Cavalry Division, 7th Army Corps, to July, 1865."

SERVICE.--Duty in District of St. Louis, Mo., until December, 1863. At Springfield and Rolla, Mo., until February, 1864. Expedition from Springfield to Huntsville, Carrollton and Berryville, and skirmish, November 10-18, 1863 (Detachment). Operations in Northeast Arkansas January 1-30, 1864. Martin's Creek January 7. Rolling Prairie January 23 (Co. "B"). At Batesville, Ark., February to April. Expedition from Batesville to Searcy Landing January 30-February 3. Morgan's Mill, Spring River, White County, February 9 (Detachment). Independence, Mo., February 19. Waugh's Farm, near Batesville, February 19. Expedition from Rolla to Batesville, Ark., February 29-March 13. Scout from Batesville to West Point, Grand Glaze and Searcy Landing March 15-21 (Detachment). Expedition from Batesville to Coon Creek, Devil's Fork, Red River, March 24-31. Van Buren County March 25. Scout from Batesville to Fairview March 25-26 (Detachment). Near Cross Roads March 27. Spring River, near Smithville, April 13 (Detachment). Jacksonport April 20. Expedition from Jacksonport to Augusta April 23-24. Near Jacksonport April 24. Ordered to Duvall's Bluff May, 1864, and duty there until October. Scout in Craighead and Lawrence Counties June 25-26 (Co. "M"). Clarendon, St. Charles, June 25-26. Clarendon June 27-29. Scout to Searcy and West Point July 26-28 (Detachment). Des Arc July 26 (Detachment). West Point July 28 (Detachment). Hay Station No. 3 July 30 (Detachment). West Point August 5. Expedition from Little Rock to Little Red River August 6-16. Operations in Central Arkansas, with skirmishes August 9-15. Duvall's Bluff August 21 and 24. Long Prairie August 24. Jones' Hay Station August 24. Duvall's Bluff September 6. Searcy September 13. Expedition from Duvall's Bluff toward Clarendon October 16-17 (Detachment). Brownsville October 30. Duty at Brownsville until February, 1865. Expedition from Brownsville to Augusta January 4-27, 1865 (Detachment). Moved to Little Rock February 4, and duty there until June. Moved to New Orleans, La., June 27-July 3. At Greenville until July 27. Mustered out at Greenville July 27 and discharged at St. Louis August 10, 1865."

Regiment lost during service 2 Officers and 28 Enlisted men killed and mortally wounded and 5 Officers and 181 Enlisted men by disease. Total 216."

Missouri 11th Infantry

"Organized at St. Louis, Mo., June, 1861. Attached to Booneville, Mo., to September, 1861. Fremont's Army of the West to February, 1862. Lexington, Mo., Dept. of the Missouri, to July, 1862. Unattached, Pittsburg Landing, Tenn., Army of the Tennessee, to September, 1862. 4th Brigade, 1st Division, District of Jackson, Tenn., to November, 1862. 4th Brigade, 3rd Division, Left Wing 13th Army Corps (Old), Dept. of the Tennessee, to December, 1862. 3rd Brigade, 3rd Division, 17th Army Corps. to April, 1864. Maltby's Brigade, District of Vicksburg, Miss., to June, 1864. 1st Brigade, District of Memphis, Tenn., 16th Army Corps, to August, 1864 (Veterans). 1st Brigade, 2nd Division, 19th Army Corps, Dept. of the Gulf, to December, 1864."

SERVICE.--Moved to Booneville, Mo., July 1-4, 1861, thence to Rolla August 30 and to Syracuse, Mo., October 5-10. Fremont's Campaign against Springfield October 21-November 2. Moved to Sedalia November 10-14, thence to Otterville December and duty there until February, 1862. Expedition to Blue Springs January 20-February 3, 1862 (Cos. "B," "F" and "H" detached from Regiment November 21, 1861, and ordered to Kansas City. Rejoined Regiment at Lexington, Mo., February, 1862.) Moved to Lexington, Mo., February 3-10, 1862, and duty there until May 9. Reconnaissance from Greenville February 23-24 (Co. "H"). Skirmish at Mingo Creek, near St. Francisville, February 24 (Co. "H"). Moved to Pittsburg Landing, Tenn., May 9-14, and guard and fatigue duty there until August 15. Moved to Jackson, Tenn., August 15-29, and duty there until October. Medon Station, Mississippi Central Railroad, August 31. Chewalla and Big Hill October 5. Medon Station October 10. Moved to Corinth with McPherson and to Jackson October 14. To Lagrange November 2. Grant's Central Mississippi Campaign November 2, 1862, to January 10, 1863. At Memphis, Tenn., January 17-February 21. Moved to Lake Providence, La., February 21, and duty there until April. Moved to Milliken's Bend, La., April 12. Passage of Vicksburg batteries April 22 (Detachment). Movement on Bruinsburg and turning Grand Gulf April 25-39. Battle of Port Gibson May 1. Bayou Pierrie May 2. Battles of Raymond May 12. Champion's Hill May 16. Big Black River Bridge May 17. Siege of Vicksburg, Miss., May 18-July 4. Assaults on Vicksburg May 19 and 22. Surrender of Vicksburg July 4. Provost duty there until June, 1864. Stevenson's Expedition from Vicksburg to Monroe, La., August 20-September 2, 1863. Expedition toward Canton October 14-22. Bogue Chitto Creek October 17. Expedition from Vicksburg to Sunnyside Landing, Ark., January 10-16, 1864. Meridian Campaign February 3-March 2. Clinton February 5. Veterans on furlough March to May. Non-Veterans mustered out June 14, 1864. Veterans at Memphis, Tenn., and Vicksburg, Miss., until July 29. Moved to Morganza, La., July 29 and duty there until September 3. Moved to mouth of White River, Ark., September 3-8 and duty there until October 18. Movement to Memphis and return October 18-30. Moved to Duvall's Bluff, Ark., November 9, thence to Memphis, Tenn., November 28. Consolidated with 11th Regiment Missouri Infantry December 17, 1864."

Regiment lost during service 4 Officers and 52 Enlisted men killed and mortally wounded and 2 Officers and 128 Enlisted men by disease. Total 186."

United States Colored Troops 5th Heavy Artillery

"Organized from 1st Mississippi Heavy Artillery (African Descent). Designated 4th Heavy Artillery March 11, 1864, and 5th Heavy Artillery April 26, 1864. Attached to 1st Division, United States Colored Troops, District of Vicksburg, Miss., to February, 1865. Unattached, Post of Vicksburg, Dept. of Mississippi, and Dept. of the Gulf to May, 1864."

SERVICE.--Garrison duty at Vicksburg, Miss., until May, 1866. Expedition from Vicksburg to Rodney and Fayette September 29-October 3, 1864. Expedition from Vicksburg to Yazoo City November 23-December 4, 1864. Mustered out May 20, 1866. Lost during service 4 Officers and 124 Enlisted men killed and mortally wounded and 697 Enlisted men by disease. Total 829."

Appendix S: Other Military Service[76]

War of 1812

The table below lists Malones that are documented to have served in the Kentucky Militia during the War of 1812. There is conclusive proof that Private James Malone, who served with Captain Joel Henry and Colonel William Dudley, is the same James Malone, Senior that is one of the subjects of this research. Captain Henry's company was raised from the men of Woodford County, Kentucky.

John Yantis formed his company from the men living in Garrad County, Kentucky. In the 1810 Census there is a John Malone aged 26 to 44 living with a wife and one young adult daughter. Thus this is very likely not James' brother, who was living in Woodford County near his brother and father, and who had a wife and four children.

Name, Rank	Notes
Cager Malone, private	Captain Robert Burnet's Company, Barbee's Regiment, Kentucky Militia 23 Aug 1812 – Feb 1813
James Malone, private born 1777 died about 1866	Captain Joel Henry's 9th Company (Woodford County), commanded by Lieutenant Colonel Wm. Dudley 29 Mar 1813 – 28 Sep 1813 Noted as having been taken prisoner.
John Malone, private	Captain John Yantis' 4th Company, commanded by Lieutenant Colonel Wm. Dudley 27 Feb 1813 – 27 Aug 1813
Samuel F. Malone, Captain	Captain Samuel F. Malone's Company, commanded by Lieutenant Colonel Wm. Dudley 9 Dec 1814 – 20 May 1815
William Malone, private	Captain Edward Berry's Company, commanded by Lieutenant-Colonel Gabriel Slaughter 10 Nov 1814 – May 1815

[76] From *Report of the Adjutant General of the State of Kentucky Soldiers of the War of 1812*, printed 1891.

Spanish American War

Name DOB DOD	Notes
Clarence Alva Malone b. 7 May 1869 d. 27 Sep 1933	26 Apr 1898 – 30 Apr 1899 Private, 111th Indiana Coast Artillery Corps. Transferred from 159th Indiana Volunteer Infantry to Company G, 161st Indiana Volunteer Infantry[77], where he was a butcher. In 1900 he is in the Philippine Islands as a sergeant in Company D, 34th Regiment.
William Thomas Malone b. 1 Oct 1879 d. 12 Apr 1934	26 Apr 1898 – 23 Nov 1899 Company K, 159th Indiana Volunteer Infantry under Captain George Faller.

[77] *A history of the National guard of Indiana, from the beginning of the militia system in 1787 to the present time, including the services of Indiana troops in the war with Spain*, by William D. Prattt, 1901.

Appendix T: Malone Late-Comers

In the course of researching our Malone clan, Malone families have been identified that do not appear to emanate from the families of either James Malone, Senior or John Malone, Junior. They are listed here to facilitate any future research of other Malone families that lived in Gibson or Posey County. It is not intended to be all-inclusive, as the results of this investigation are limited by the extent of the research, which was generally focused on Malones living in Gibson County up to around 1850. Lawrence County, Illinois was also reviewed as part of this effort, but the first Malone found there that was *not part* of our clan was Josie Malone, who married James Stant in 1890.

Gibson County

The following are Gibson County Malones that *cannot be conclusively linked* to one of the families in this study.

John Malone, b. about 1830, Kentucky.
John Malone married Mary Ann Stephenson. He may be a nephew, but he would definitely seem not be directly related to the family of either James Senior or John Junior.

Hettie Malone, b. about 1830, Kentucky.
It is somewhat likely that she is the wife of James Malone, b. 1835, grandson of James, but a marriage record has yet to be found to confirm this suspicion. In 1860 she is living with sons David, b. 1852 and Warrick, b. 1854.

John Malone, b. about 1837, Kentucky.
He is a married laborer and is found in the Civil War Draft Registration Rolls for Gibson County on 1 July 1863, having served in the 65th Infantry Indiana. His Civil War service record states that he enlisted in the Union Army at Princeton, Indiana on 8 Aug 1862 under Captain Stillwell in Company B, 65th Indiana Infantry Regiment. He was born in Lexington, Kentucky around 1836. He could be a nephew to both James Senior and John Junior by an unknown brother.

James H. (or W.) Malone (black), b. about 1816, Virginia.
He is first noted in the 1870 Census, age 54, with:
Elisha Malone, daughter, age 18, b. 1852 in Indiana.
Valery Malone, daughter, age 16, b. 1854 in Indiana.

Eliza Malone (mulatto), b. about 1838, Ohio.
According to the 1900 Census, her husband was born in Georgia. Thus she is not directly related to either of the families being studied in this book.
She is first found in the 1870 Census, age 32, with:
Edward Malone, son, age 3, b. 1867 in Indiana.
He is found in 1910 with his own family:
Nettie J., wife, b. 1876 in Indiana.
Albert L., son, b. 1891 in Indiana.
Alice J., daughter, b. 1892 in Indiana.

Edgar J., son, b. 1895 in Indiana.
Elmer F., son, b. 1898 in Indiana.
Bertha M., daughter, b. 1901 in Indiana.
Ada B., daughter, b. 1905 in Indiana.
Edna C., daughter, b. 1908 in Indiana.

Alice J. supposedly married neighbor Raymond Hardiman in 1909, so it is somewhat surprising to see her with her maiden name in the 1910 Census.

Flora Malone married Hiram Harrison in Gibson County on 8 Dec 1883.
No other records of these individuals were located as part of this research.

Hugh L. Malone (white), b. about 1867, Illinois.
His father is from Kentucky and his mother from Pennsylvania.
He is first found in the 1900 Census, age 33, with:
Eva, wife, b. 1868 in Indiana.

They were married around 1891. An account of the suicide attempt that led to his death appears in the Princeton Daily Democrat on January 17, 1921, where the story is headlined "Farmer Slashes Throat to End His Life."

Posey County

George Malone (white), b. about 1835 in Ohio.
His family is shown in the 1860 Census in Mount Vernon - the opposite end of the county from Poseyville and Cynthiana, where some of James Senior's and John Junior's children lived. Other members of his household include:
Gillis A., wife, age 24, b. 1836 in Ohio.
Emaline, daughter, age 8, b. 1852 in Ohio.
Annie, daughter, age 5, b. 1855 in Ohio.
Mary, daughter, age 3, b. 1857 in Ohio.
Cornelia, daughter, age 6 months, b. 1860 in Ohio.

It appears the family left Posey County before the 1870 Census.

Charles M. Malone (white), b. about 1843 in Massachusetts.
He is shown in the 1880 Census at age 37 with:
Mary A., wife, aged 45. She was born in Indiana, though her parents were from England.

There is an Elanson Malone, who would seem to be their son, with wife (___ Loden?) that had a 15 year old daughter who died in New Harmony, Indiana on 10 Feb 1899.

"Dock" Malone (white), b. about 1880 in Illinois.
He is shown in the 1900 Census at age 20 as a servant. The Browning Genealogy Database indicates that he was born to a McLeansboro, Hamilton County clan of Malones and moved eastward as he set out on his own. His given name was Thomas B. Malone. Shirley Fritsche Malone has studied the Hamilton County Malones for several years and has been conclusively demonstrated to the author that there is no direction connection between them and either James Senior or John Junior.

John Sylvester Malone (white), b. West Virginia, d. 7 Oct 1943.
John is the father of William Harrison Malone, who was born 17 Jul 1890 in Spencer County, Indiana, died 10 Jul 1961 in Cynthiana, Posey, Indiana. His mother's maiden name is Julia A. Jackson. William was their fourth child. They lived around Cynthiana. There is no evidence of any direct connection to the subjects of this research.

Appendix U: Nearby Malone Clans

In researching this book I have come across many Malone families living mainly along both sides of the Wabash River in Indiana and Illinois that mostly appear *not to be related* to our clan. That knowledge is shared here as an aid to future researchers, who may be curious whether nearby clans share common ancestry with our clan. It appears that if there is common ancestry it is likely two or more generations earlier than the generation of James Senior and John Junior. Most of the following are very brief synopses of the origins of these various clans, based only on a fairly cursory review of Census records and trees on Ancestry.com (which likely are not authoritative on the subject). At least one exception is Hamilton County, Illinois, where considerable effort has been made at tracing the origins of that clan, and so that section can definitely be considered authoritative.

Primarily, records of nearby clans from 1850 and earlier were of the most interest in researching this book, as a lack of other nearby Malone clans prior to the 1850 Census would confirm that there likely were no Malones migrating to Gibson County, Indiana from nearby counties. Thus, the Malones of Gibson County and upper Posey County prior to when the 1850 Census was taken would almost certainly be directly related in some manner.

Illinois, Crawford County

The 1850 Census contains a record of Alfred Malone's household of seven (son of James Malone, Senior), including his wife and two children, the earliest Malone family found there. By 1860 the only other Malone found there is Isaac Malone, who was born in Kentucky. He appears to be single, as he is boarding with another family. He and Claiborne Malone both patented land in Crawford County on the same day in 1857.

Illinois, Edgar County

The first record of a Malone in Edgar County, Illinois is that of John V. Malone, b. 1824 in Ohio. He married Lockey V. Chrisman in 1854 and they were not found in Edgar County after that point. In 1870 there are four Malones (two born in Illinois, two in Indiana) that are living in three households. Only one is a head of household, Martha b. 1844 in Indiana. None would seem to be directly related to our clan. In 1892 Malinda Malone, a granddaughter of John Malone III, married Alonzo Jones, indicating the first presence of our Malone clan in Edgar County.

Illinois, Edwards County

The first Malones found in Census records for Edwards County are some of the orphaned children of Andrew Jackson Malone (son of John Malone, Junior) – Willis, Ephraim and Eliza. In 1870 they are living with three Bensons. This relatively insignificant fact is intriguing, as Sylvester Benson was appointed guardian of the youngest children of John Malone b. 1806 (James Senior's son), when he died in 1853: Joseph, Caroline, Amanda and Charles.

Illinois, Hamilton County

Early in my research of the Gibson County Malones I made the acquaintance of Shirley Malone Fritsche after acquiring from the Mary Smith Fay Genealogy Library in Carmi, Illinois a letter written by her some years earlier. At the time she had been seeking information on the Malone families of Hamilton and White County, Illinois. She has studied her clan for quite some time and is very familiar with their origins and migrations. The following is how she summarized this subject in an e-mail dated 28 Jan 2011:

> *"…the Malone family members were quite numerous in some counties of Virginia and were detailed quite a bit in the Malone book by Randolph Malone <u>before</u> they left Virginia. The counties (loosely) were Sussex, Prince George, and Dinwiddie. My ancestor, believed to be Thomas and son William, went to the area around Fairfield Co, SC, where my ggg grandfather, William (Jr.) was born. From there, they may have lived in Alabama for a short time (per my Gr. Grandfather's recollection from his grandfather). Then they went to Monroe Co., KY. From there, they went to Hamilton Co., IL. My gg grandfather's third wife's children spilled across the county line into White Co., IL. My g grandfather, grandfather, Dad, and I were all born in Hamilton Co. That is the nutshell."*

Later, on 19 May 2001, she added:

> *"Have you looked at the Malones in Wayne County, IL? They are (at least mostly) descendants of Cuthbert Williamson Malone of VA, possibly SC for a short time, Jackson Co., TN. (for a very short time), Monroe Co., KY for quite a number of years, and finally DeWitt Co., IL.*
>
> *"Cuthbert is supposed to be a son of William Malone, which made Cuthbert a brother to the William Malone who came to Hamilton Co, IL in 1827 (or thereabouts), who was the father of William Logan Malone -- my gr gr. grandfather.. In a round-about-way I just said that Cuthbert was my gr. gr. gr. uncle."*

Her direct clan lived throughout Hamilton County and the western part of White County, whereas those of the Gibson County Malones that migrated to White County lived mostly in the northeastern part of the County and very few have been found in Hamilton County, Illinois.

Illinois, Lawrence County

In 1830 there is one Malone household living in Lawrence County

- Benj. F. Malone, with a household of four individuals.

In 1840 there are four Malone households living in Lawrence County:

- Fra Malone, with a household of 8 individuals.
- J B Malone, with a household of 7 individuals.
- Jno Malone, with a household of 3 individuals.
- Jno Malone, with a household of 9 individuals.

The second and fourth families noted above are living just a few households apart, whereas the first and third families are more dispersed, at least in the order they appear on the Census rolls.

In the 1850 Census we find:

- Benjamin Franklin Malone, born 1808 in Kentucky, and he is living with his wife, Isabella, and five children aged up to 12 years old. This family would seem to be a good match to the "Fra Malone" household of 8 noted above.
- John Malone, born 1812 in Kentucky, and he is living with his wife, Celeste, and four children aged up to 11 years old. This family is a good match to the three person household of "Jno Malone" noted above.

It is not known what became of the other two Malone households, whom it seems likely were father and son.

Based upon probate records as detailed in *Volume 1*, both men in the 1850 Census are known to be sons of John Malone, Junior.

Illinois, Wabash County

The first Malone family found in Census records for Wabash County is Benjamin Malone, son of James Junior and grandson of James Senior. He is living with his wife, Laura Jane and two children.

Illinois, White County

The first record of any Malone in White County, Illinois was the marriage of Thomas Malone (possibly the son of James Malone, Senior) and Catherine Heasty in 1837. Soon after there was record of Charles Malone, who died in 1838 (Son of John Malone, Junior).

Next was the family of Thomas Malone, head of a household of 8 in the 1840 Federal Census. The family is not found there when the Census is taken 10 years later.

In 1850 George Malone of Tennessee is found there living with the Brown family, where he is apparently a single boarder.

In 1860 George is living with the Thomas L. Ross family. He married Libra Ross (likely the wife of Thomas) on 22 Nov 1860. She is presumably his wife "Ellen" that is found in later Census records. He is found in the 1865 Illinois Census listed as G. A. Malone.

Thomas Malone, head of a household of 8, is shown in the 1865 Illinois Census, where we find the following members of the household:

- 1 male aged under 10
- 1 male aged 10 to 20
- 2 males aged 20 to 30
- 1 male aged 30 to 40
- 1 male aged 50 to 60

- 1 female aged 10 to 20, and
- 1 female aged 50 to 60.

As noted, earlier, in the 1870 Census we find our first Gibson County Malone family, that of Thomas Malone, and we also find Thomas Malone, b. 1810 in Tennessee. The latter is living in a household of five Malones. Their gender and age attributes are a better match for the 1865 Illinois Census records than those of the former, so they are most likely the family shown in that Census.

There are other Malone families from Tennessee in the 1870 Census: William Malone's household of seven; John Malone, a single boarder; George Malone with his household of five; and others. There is also George Malone, b. 1851 in Illinois, who is perhaps the first Hamilton County Malone to spill into White County.

The Tennessee Malones found in the 1870 Census appear to have migrated from Smith and Dekalb Counties, Tennessee to White County, Illinois via Muhlenberg County, Kentucky. Many members of the extended family eventually moved to Randolph County, Arkansas, principally in the vicinity of Reyno.

Indiana, Daviess County

The first Malones do not appear in Daviess County, Indiana until the 1850 Census, when Thomas, Michael and Michael arrive from Ireland. With the Gibson County Malones arriving from Ireland around 1770, it could be that this new group is distantly related to our clan, though for several decades there is no migration between the two clans, suggesting they are more likely unrelated. At present there seem to be no trees on Ancestry.com to give a clue to where in Ireland these Malones emigrated from.

Indiana, Knox County

The first Malones do not appear in Federal Census records for Knox County until 1860. At that time, Hanna Malone of Indiana is living with the Greenhour family, where it appears that she is probably one of their children. There is also an Eliza Malone of Pennsylvania living with Ruth Doran. It appears she may be her daughter.

Indiana, Pike County

The first Census record of a Malone family in Pike County is the 1850 record for William Malone, b. 1823 in Ireland, though he is missing from subsequent records there. In the 1880 Census Ephraim Malone, his wife and daughter lived in Logan Township, Pike County, which is a short distance north of Oakland City, Gibson County. Ephraim was a son of Andrew Jackson Malone, who lived nearby in Gibson County.

Indiana, Sullivan County

In the 1830 Census, Redman Malone makes his first appearance in Sullivan County Census records. Decades later, Alva C. Malone, son of Alfred Malone, moved to Sullivan County, but there is nothing to suggest this was done to move closer to distant family. At least one seemingly well documented tree on Ancestry.com has him born in

1803 in Kentucky, son of Benjamin Malone, b. 1780 in Brunswick, Virginia. This is likely not a closely related Malone clan.

Indiana, Vanderburgh County

The first Malone family found in Vanderburgh County, Indiana is found in the 1860 Census record of Christ Malone, b. 1835 in Germany. He is not found in later Census records. He had a number of daughters and it is somewhat likely that they may have married and established families in Vanderburgh County.

Indiana, Vermillion County

In 1830 there are several Malones living in Vermillion County. There seems to be no clear indication of where these Malones originated. Vermillion County is several counties distant from Gibson County, so it is not likely that they are closely related.

Indiana, Vigo County

The 1820 Census lists the family of Samuel Malone living in Vigo County, Indiana. Various trees on Ancestry.com attribute his ancestors as coming from North Carolina, so it is not very likely that this clan is closely related to our clan.

Indiana, Warrick County

The first Malones of Warrick County are found in the 1880 Census. They are the two children of Andrew Jackson Malone and Alcinda (Cox) Malone. They are living with her and her third husband, Henry Davis and his children.

Kentucky, Henderson County

The first Malone in Henderson County, Kentucky is found in the 1860 Census – James Malone, b. 1838 in Virginia.

Kentucky, Union County

The first Malone family appears in Union County, Kentucky at the 1860 Census. He is C. A. Malone, b. 1822 in Pennsylvania, head of a household of nine, of which seven are Malones.

Appendix V: A look at Irish Naming Traditions

According to *Ginni Swanton's Family Research Website*, in the past many Irish families followed fairly uniform naming traditions, though the traditions did sometimes vary between regions. According to family lore, our family came from Ireland the generation before James and John. So this section will look at how the names that James and John gave to their children compare to such traditions. If we find that their generation, and perhaps one or more subsequent generations used these traditions, it could provide some additional insight into the names of their parents and grandparents.

The basic naming tradition is as follows:

- Oldest son named after the Father's father
- 2nd son named after the Mother's father
- 3rd son named after the Father
- 4th son named after the Father's oldest brother

- Oldest daughter named after the Mother's mother
- 2nd daughter named after the Father's mother
- 3rd daughter named after the Mother
- 4th daughter named after the Mother's oldest sister

- 2nd wife's oldest daughter named after the first wife, using her full name

We'll first look at the family of James, and then of John. We'll also look at the families of their children to see where this tradition may or may not have been utilized. Unfortunately, we can't know the correct birth order of either family, as there were children that did not survive long enough to be found in public records and their graves may have been lost or destroyed.

James' Family

We know that by 1810 James had at least three children: one son, who we know to be John Malone; and two daughters who have not been identified and probably died before adulthood. If John is the first male child it would suggest James' father's name is also John. However, if there was another unknown son, John would be named after John Hunter, Christiana's father.

With at least two of their youngest daughters not surviving to adulthood, there is no clue to the name of either James' or Christiana's mother. Their third known daughter was named Eliza, so she is not named after Christiana, as tradition would suggest. But then they could have had other daughters that we don't know of that didn't survive to adulthood. We know from www.johnhunterfamily.org that Christiana's oldest and only known sister was named Margaret. Thus we've failed to find any evidence of the use of naming traditions in James' family.

John's Family

We know that by 1810 John had two sons, Benjamin Franklin and Thomas Jefferson. With John's father most likely named John (or perhaps Patrick), and Christiana's father being named John, there is no evidence of the naming tradition being utilized. If Betsy Hunter was also a child of John Hunter (which is by no means certain), then it would appear that the first child was not named after him. If so, again there is no indication of naming traditions in use.

The First Daughter of Second Wives

Perhaps the easiest tradition to verify is the naming of the second wife's oldest daughter with the full name of the first wife. If we find any families where it appears that this tradition may have been used, we'll further examine those families to see if there is also evidence of the other traditions being use. So let's see what we find.

James' Family

We know from Table 2 in *Volume 1* that James' sons Thomas, Alfred, Absalom and Elijah each were married more than once.

- Thomas was married to Mary Ann Bane for 20 years before marrying Emma Walker in 1861. We know of only one daughter of Emma's and her name was Nora. Thus there is no evidence of naming traditions being utilized here.
- Alfred was first married to Elizabeth Ann Fisher. His second wife, Addie, is not known to have had a daughter. Thus there is no evidence of naming traditions being utilized here.
- Absalom was first married to Parmelia Williams. His second wife, Annie, is not known to have had a daughter. Thus there is no evidence of naming traditions being utilized here.
- Elijah first married Nancy Harris. His second wife, Artemesia Pedigo, is not known to have had a daughter. Is third wife, Catherine Blackerty, had a daughter named Effie May. Thus there is no evidence of naming traditions being utilized here.

John's Family

We know from Table 4 in *Volume 1* that John's sons Thomas, Andrew, Absalom and David had more than one wife.

- Thomas was first married to Rhoda Baldwin. She named her daughter Rhoda, so there is no evidence of naming traditions being utilized in this family.
- Andrew first married Lydia Ann Yager. His second wife, Alcinda Cox, is not known to have had a daughter while married to him, thus there is no evidence of naming traditions being utilized here.
- Absalom first married Marinda Lynn. His second wife, Sarah Elizabeth Kennett, had a daughter named Adelaid Marind Malone. Adelaid's second daughter is named Elizabeth, also consistent with tradition. However her first daughter's name, Margaret, is not consistent with the name of her husband's mother,

Catherine. Thus, there is possibly some evidence of naming traditions being used in this family.

- David first married Julia Culpurnia Yerkes. His second wife, Mary Emily Thompson, is not known to have had a daughter, so there is no evidence of naming traditions being utilized in this family.

Thus with one small possible exception, there is no evidence of Irish naming traditions at work in these families.

The First Three Sons of James' and John's Children

Let's examine the names of the first three male children born to James' and John's children's families to see if, perhaps, at least this tradition was observed to any extent.

James' Family

The first son should be named James if tradition in followed, the second son's name should be the same as the wife's father, and the third son's name should be the same as the father.

Son's Name	Grandson #1	Grandson #2	Grandson #3	Name of Son's Wife's Father
John	Thomas	James	Joseph	John
James	John	William	Hugh	William
Thomas	James	Charles	Thomas	Unknown
Alfred	Alva	Alfred	Wilfred	Unknown
Absalom	Charles	William	George	Lewis
Henry	Henry	David	None	William
Elijah	James	Isaac	None	Isaac
George	Alonzo	James	Richard	Jesse

Based upon this analysis, only Elijah, and perhaps Thomas, may be using traditional naming patterns (perhaps because they married into families with Catholic heritage?). But a further investigation of both families fails to find further evidence of the use of naming patterns for their daughters (at least not for those daughters that survived long enough to show up in public records), suggesting that traditional naming patterns were not used by these families.

John's Family

The first son should be named John if tradition is followed, and the second son's name should be the same as the wife's father.

Son's Name	Grandson #1	Grandson #2	Grandson #3	Name of Son's Wife's Father
Benjamin	Unknown	Unknown	Horace	William
Thomas	Zacharia	James	None	Unknown
John	Franklin	Thomas	Robert	William
Andrew	Nicholas	John	Willis	Nicholas
Absalom	Thomas	None	None	Unknown
William	William	None	None	Unknown
David	Phillip	Lewis	None	Jacob

Based upon this analysis, traditional naming patterns were not used.

A Look at the Naming of James' and John's Children

We know that both James and John have children with the same name. Let's take a look at this to see if there is any connection to traditional naming patterns. With James and John being the first generation not born in Ireland, the chance that they utilized these traditions is probably greater than for their descendants, who would have had more time to adopt the traditions of their friends and neighbors.

There are few daughters in these two families, so it is difficult to surmise whether traditional naming patterns were used in the naming of females. In John's family, there is only Emily. If these patterns were utilized, this suggests that Elizabeth's mother's name may have been Emily.

In James' family the first two daughters did not survive long enough to be identified. The second daughter apparently died in infancy, possibly before the birth of the third daughter, Eliza Ann. Christiana's mother was Elizabeth Osman. The second child may have been given her name, only to die in early childhood. It is possible to speculate further that the name was "recycled" and given to the third child, Eliza, who arrived after the death of daughter number two. However, in this time period "Eliza" was not generally considered a nickname for "Elizabeth," as a number of Wabash Valley families had two daughters named Eliza and Elizabeth. There are insufficient facts to determine whether the naming of any of the daughters of James or John derived from traditional naming patterns.

Analyzing the naming patterns of the male children of James and John is a bit more useful, as there are plenty of males in both families. Though we don't know with sufficient certainty that there are not other unknown male children, or where they may fit in birth order.

James' Child	Year of Birth	John's Child	Year of Birth
John	1806	Benjamin	1808
James	1811	Thomas	1809
Thomas	1816	John	1812
Andrew	About 1817	Andrew	1814
Alfred	1819	Unknown	1815-1820
		Unknown	1815-1820
		Charles?	1815-1820
Absalom	1824	Absalom	1823
Henry	1827		
		William	1827
Elijah	1828		
		David	1828
George	1831		

Naming Patterns for James' Male Children

James was married to Christiana Hunter in late 1805. So John, who was born the following year, would definitely be their first child. If John Malone, b. 1754, was James' father, as suggested by circumstantial evidence, then it is possible that their first child was named according to tradition.

His second son should be named after his wife's father, John Hunter, but since the name John has already been utilized, it appears that he was named after the father (James), as is usually customary for the third son.

If traditional naming patterns were being utilized, and there are no other unknown sons of James and Christiana, it could be that Thomas is the name of James' oldest brother.

Naming Patterns for John's Male Children

John Malone, Junior was married to Betsy Hunter in late 1806 and Benjamin, born 1808, was their first male child. Since we don't know for certain that Benjamin was born in 1808 (only that he was born around that time), it is somewhat possible that they had a child prior to Benjamin. It is conceivable that the first child was named John, but died sometime after the birth of their son Thomas. That could explain why John was their third child – that he was their second child named John.

John's second known male son was named Thomas. If traditional naming patterns were used, this suggests the name of Betsy's father was Thomas. Our best guess at the name of father is John Hunter. If this is true, the naming traditions were not utilized in regard to the wife's father.

The name of John's third known male son is John, and thus he is named after the father, as dictated by tradition.

The fourth known male child was Andrew, suggesting this could be the name of his oldest brother. However, this contradicts the findings for James' family. It is clear that insufficient facts are available to derive any meaning from the naming of John's children.

Conclusion

The fact that the younger children of both James and John had the same or similar names suggests there was a pattern at work in the naming of their children. However, there are insufficient details about anonymous children, and we don't know for certain who Betsy Hunter's father was, thus we don't know enough about her family to be able to infer anything. But at the very least this cursory analysis could prove useful to future researchers, if records of James' or John's possible ancestors are ever located. Any match to other families containing children with these names presented in similar order would at least warrant closer scrutiny.

Appendix W: Y-DNA Testing

Ancestry.com advocates two main types of DNA testing as being of interest to genealogists: Y chromosome testing for male descendants and mitochondrial testing for female descendants. The latter is of particular importance, as the Y chromosome is passed from father to son. The former is of less interest since X chromosomes are passed from both father and mother. Refer to Ancestry.com or other for a full explanation of the purpose and usefulness of these tests.

This section will give a general overview of the topic and summarize what is currently known of the genetic makeup of descendants and ancestors of the Gibson County Malones.

Sex Chromosomes

There are two types of sex chromosomes in mammals – X and Y. The pairing of these types of chromosomes determines the sex of offspring. Both male and female offspring retain one of their mother's X chromosomes. The male offspring's Y chromosome is contributed by the father. The female offspring's second X chromosome is contributed by the father's mother.

Y Chromosomes

Thus, Y chromosomes pass on traits from father to son. By checking different locations of repeating DNA sequences on a chromosome we can learn something about the kinship of different people because the number of times that sequences repeat can differ among men. The greater the degree of similarity of test results, the greater the degree of relatedness between two individuals. A difference of two or three mismatches between individuals is considered genealogically significant.

Even with a 46 Y-chromosome test, matching on all 46 markers only guarantees a common ancestor within 1 to 10 generations, as we don't know the extent of differences for all the other markers on the chromosome. But with sufficient knowledge of known common ancestors, especially with results from known relatives who have also had their DNA tested, it is possible to reduce the degree of possible variation, offering more precision in interpreting results. This subject is well beyond the author's level of expertise. As such I defer to Ancestry.com and other authorities for more information on this topic.

DNA Test Results

Name	Common Ancestor	Relationship	Test Type	DNA Mis-matches
Paul Steven Malone			y-DNA 47	Marker DYS 461 has 13 copies.
Randolph Scofield Malone	James Malone	4th Cousin, once removed	y-DNA 47	Marker DYS 461 has 12 copies.
William Dean Malone	John Malone	5th Cousin	y-DNA 47	Multiple mismatches.

Interpreting DNA Test Results

The results for the author and Randolph Scofield Malone suggest that their paper genealogy trails are accurate. This is significant in light of the at times slender threads that have connected them with their ancestors. There is not else much that can be inferred from the test results noted in the previous table. But at some future point, as more and more people get tested, we may find people that can provide clues to earlier family connections that will provide additional opportunities for tracing our shared branch of the Malone family tree.

If the paper trail of some individuals claiming to be descended from the early colonial Malone families (which are documented in Randolph Malone's book *Malone and Allied Families*) is correct, then my DNA test results establish that our clan is not closely related to that clan. That's not too surprising, since it seems likely that our clan did not immigrate to America until 1770. If we are related to the colonial Malones it would be several generations back before even *they* had come to America.

As more male Malone descendants of our clan have their y-DNA tested we will learn more about rates of genetic mutation among various branches of the family. This information will help to more accurately determine how many generations back that we share a most recent common ancestor with other families, perhaps including those with a different surname.

Possible direct male Malone descendants that find this book are encouraged to have DNA testing to contribute to what is known about our clan.

Appendix X: Significant Events of the 1800s

In the following timeline, only events of the 1800s are covered, as by the end of 1901 all of the children of James Malone, Senior or John Malone, Junior had died. The timeline is intended to provide a general context for understanding the movements of their families, which were often caused by external forces that were at work at the time. It is generally limited to those events thought to possibly influence members of our Malone clan. Wars, financial panics, major disease outbreaks and other events had great influence, as did the opening of western lands for settlement. A war might mean the loss of a family member, but it might also mean a bounty land grant or cash needed to start fresh somewhere else. Financial panics meant ruin for some and great opportunities for others. Changes in transportation technology increased opportunities for people to live elsewhere, and increasing industrialization led many people to migrate from farms to cities.

The primary value of this timeline is as an aid to understanding what may have happened to various descendants. Did the availability of cheap land in western territories cause them to move elsewhere? Did they experience financial ruin or an unexpected windfall? Could they or their loved ones have been affected by an epidemic of disease? Did the railroad create job opportunities that promised a better life? Did military experience expose them to more desirable places to live, or provide them with valuable skills and experience needed to land a government job?

1800s

1800 On 4 July **Indiana Territory** was created.
1801 **Vincennes University** was founded in Knox County, Indiana.

1810s

1811 The **first steamboat** on the Mississippi River.
1812 On 18 June war was officially declared, starting the **War of 1812**.
1813 On 6 February **Princeton, Indiana** was named.
1813 On 1 April **Gibson County** was created.
1814 On 28 March Robert Evans **platted the townsite of Princeton.**
1814 On 19 June the first **Gibson County Courthouse** was dedicated.
1815 On 17 February Congress ratified the **Treaty of Ghent**, ending the War of 1812.
1816 **Abraham Lincoln's family** moved to Indiana Territory in late November or early December.
1816 On 11 December **Indiana** became a state.
1816 A **post office** was established at **Princeton, Indiana**
1819 A **financial panic** was caused by the collapse of cotton prices.[78]
1818 **Princeton, Indiana** was incorporated.
1817 **Owensville, Indiana** was laid out by Phillip Brisco.
1818 On 3 December **Illinois** was granted statehood.
1819 **Arkansas Territory** was created on 4 July.

[78] Unless noted otherwise, dates of financial panics were taken from *Financial Panics of the 19th Century*, by Robert McNamara, http://history1800s.about.com/od/thegildedage/a/financialpanics.htm.

1820s

1820 A **local financial panic** was caused by low crop prices, leading to devalued land prices.[79]
1821 On 10 August **Missouri** was granted statehood.
1821 The **Santa Fe Trail** was established.
1823 **Mexico** became a republic.
1825 Individuals that settled in Indiana by 31 Dec 1825 were considered **pioneers by the Society of Indiana Pioneers.**
1828 On 15 May **a military pension for Revolutionary War service was granted** of half pay for officers or $80 plus full pay for non-commissioned officers.
1829 The **first steam locomotive** in the United States.

1830s

1832 **The Black Hawk War** began on 14 May and the final conflict took place on 9 August.
1832 On 7 June **a military pension of full pay** was granted to soldiers that served in the Revolutionary War for at least two years.
1834 The **State Bank of Indiana** was established.
1836 On 2 March **Texas declared independence** from Mexico.
1836 On 15 June **Arkansas** was granted statehood.
1837 Construction began on the **Wabash & Erie Canal** in Gibson County.
1837 A **financial panic** lasting six years was caused by a variety of factors.
1837 Construction of the **Wabash & Erie Canal** was halted.
1837 On 26 January **Michigan** was granted statehood.

1840s

1843 The **California Trail** was established.
1843 The **Oregon Trail** was established.
1843 Construction of **Gibson County's second courthouse** was started.
1844 The first **telegraph** message was sent on 24 May.
1845 On 29 December **Texas** was granted statehood.
1845 The **Irish Potato Famine** began, lasting until 1852.
1846 The first issue of the **Princeton Daily Clarion** was printed.
1846 Construction of the **Wabash & Erie Canal** was restarted.
1846 **Oregon Territory** was created.
1846 On 13 May war was declared, commencing **The Mexican War**.
1846 On 28 December **Iowa** was granted statehood.
1846 The **sewing machine** was invented.
1847 The **Mormon Trail** was established.
1847 On 1 July the **first U.S. postage stamp** was issued.
1848 On 24 January **gold was discovered at Sutter's Mill** in Coloma, California. Between 1848 and 1852 there were 4,000 Indiana men that ventured there to seek their fortune.

[79] Cockrum, page 402.

1848 On 2 February the **Treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo** was signed, ending The Mexican War.
1848 On 29 May **Wisconsin** was granted statehood.
1849 On 3 March **Minnesota Territory** was established.

1850s

1850 A **cholera epidemic** swept the Midwest (co-incident to the continuing California Gold Rush).
1850 On 9 September **California** was granted statehood.
1852 **Cholera** swept Gibson County, killing more than 80 people.
1852 The **Evansville and Illinois Railroad** reached Princeton in January and by the end of 1854 had reached Terre Haute.
1853 The first barge on the **Wabash & Erie Canal** arrived at Evansville.
1853 In April **free schooling** was started in Indiana.
1855 On 3 March Congress passed a **bounty land grant** for military veterans who had served since 1790. Each person was eligible for up to 160 acres at $1.25 per acre. If bounty land had already been granted, the recipient could receive 160 acres less the amount of any earlier grant.
1857 A two year **financial panic** was caused by the collapse of the Ohio Life Insurance and Trust Company.
1855 The first cable was sent via the **Transatlantic Cable** on 16 August.
1858 On 11 May **Minnesota** was granted statehood.
1858 The first **cross country mail delivery** occurred on 9 October.
1859 **The first commercial oil well** was dug at Titusville, Pennsylvania.
1859 On 14 February **Oregon** was granted statehood.

1860s

1861 On 29 January **Kansas** was granted statehood.
1861 On 8 February the **Confederate States of America** are formed.
1861 On 12 April the **Civil War** began. 2,200 men from Gibson County fought, 500 died.
1862 On 20 May the **Homestead Act** was passed.
1862 On 2 August **gold** was discovered in Idaho's Boise Basin.
1863 The **Bozeman Trail** was established.
1864 On 31 October **Nevada** was granted statehood.
1865 On 9 April the **Civil War** ended.
1865 In March Gibson County **schools were closed for lack of money.** Taxes were increased by 60 percent in order to reopen the schools.
1867 On 1 March **Kansas** was granted statehood.
1868 In July **Alaska Territory** was created.
1869 On 10 May the **Transcontinental Railroad** was completed.

1870s

1871 There was a **severe drought** in the Midwest.
1872 **Owensville, Indiana's first newspaper** was published.
1873 **Cholera** again swept Gibson County, killing 16.
1873 A national **financial panic** began. The ensuing recession lasted five years.

1876 On 1 August **Colorado** was granted statehood.

1880s

1881 In December the **Louisville, Evansville and St. Louis Railroad** reached Princeton.
1884 On 14 May a **financial panic** was caused by the collapse of stock houses and two major banks.
1885 **Oakland City College** was founded.
1889 The first of six **Oklahoma land runs** took place. Such runs continued until 1895.
1889 On 2 November **North Dakota** was granted statehood.
1889 On 2 November **South Dakota** was granted statehood.
1889 On 8 November **Montana** was granted statehood.
1889 On 11 November **Washington** was granted statehood.

1890s

1890 **Oklahoma Territory** was created (which was mainly the western half of present day Oklahoma).
1890 **Indian Territory** was created (which was mainly the eastern half of present day Oklahoma).
1890 On 10 July **Wyoming** was granted statehood.
1892 The **Southern Railway Shops** were constructed near Princeton, Indiana.
1893 A stock market crash led to one of the worst **financial panics** in American history, with an ensuing recession that lasted four years.
1896 On 4 January **Utah** was granted statehood.
1898 On 23 April Spain declared war, beginning the **Spanish American War**.
1898 On 12 August hostilities in the **Spanish American War** were ended.

Appendix Y: Selected Writings of Dr. Alfred Malone

The following are samples of some of the writings of Dr. Alfred Malone presented in order of their printing. Alfred held strong views in medicine, politics and religion and shared them freely with all who would listen.

1873, Januray

From *Chicago Medical Times, Volume 5,* (published 1872), page 433 is the following article from The Chicago Medical Times, Vol. IV, No. 10, Jan 1873, page 1:

"THE CRISIS."

Under this caption, some time ago, I wrote a piece for the Times, which has brought about my ears a buzz of condemnation and commendation Condemnation from writers in the Times, and commendation from writers to myself.

I shall now, by your permission, pay my respects to the writers in the Times.

As to Dr. Van Dewalker, I know nothing, and his piece needs no comment from me further than his praise of Dr. Scudder and others, whose denial of the use of certain agencies he publishes, vindicating him and them, and thereby aspersing others. To him and them I leave that matter.

Then comes a piece from Dr. Davis. Next Dr. Kelly pitches in. Then comes the editorial, whose ring indicates the true metal. That editorial has raised the Times fifty per cent. in my estimation.

With these preliminaries, I now proceed to the business under consideration. In the first place I would state that, in my former communication,I distinctly affirmed that I had not seen the proceedings of the National Eclectic Medical Association, but wrote from the representations of a highly respected physician. This whittles down some of Dr. Kelly's ridicule.

Dr. Davis'article, in the main, is a manly production, though not altogether so. He avers that he has never prescribed "one grain of antimony, calomel, copper, lead," &c.; and is therefore, thus far, a true eclectic. But why his opposition to a resolution denouncing their use? Oh, forsooth, it deprives us of '"the right of enjoying our opinion"! It does no such thing. If it be the private opinion of a physician to use these agencies, then it is his right to do so; but let him do so honestly. The allopathic profession is open to him; and if he use these, it matters not how much he may differ from that segment of the profession in other respects, the right hand of fellowship is freely accorded him, And, if it ever be right, even in extreme cases, to use them, it is always right. Therefore the honor and dignity of our manhood dictate that we should fraternize with those nearest our faith and practice. It is nonsense to talk about theories of disease dividing us. Many allopaths, in regular standing in the profession, entertain the same theory of disease that the majority of eclectics do, and vice versa.

Dr. Davis admits that "the fathers of eclecticism" demonstrated the "defects" of allopathic practice. How? By demonstrating that .' arsenic,antimony, calomel, corrosive sublimate, copper, blue pill, lead," &c. "were destructive to the constitution and life." So they did. Nor were they afraid to write, speak, and resolve against their use. If they did so, and were right, how is it wrong for us? And had they not done so, where would eclecticism have been to-day? Dr. Davis would not have been In existence to-day as an eclectic. But he, unlike Dr. Kelly, admits our system to be "unique," because it was and is "revolutionary" in "doctrine and practice."

Dr. Davis' Eclecticism is liberal in spirit, and allows every one, in "practice, to be regulated by his own mature convictions and consciousness," provided only that he uses no agencies to permanently impair vital integrity. And, Dr. Davis, it ■ was in consequence of the war upon these agencies that "the fathers of eclecticism" gave you and others the position you now occupy in Eclectic medicine. If they were "illiberal and narrowminded," Drs. Davis and Kelly should be the last men to complain; inasmuch as these very principles, fought out by "the fathers of eclecticism," have given them their position and prominence.

It is nonsense to aver, it is untrue in fact, to say, that they, or others in the eclectic profession, are superior to allopaths in talents, medical lore in all the various branches of medicine, save only the distinctive features of practical eclecticism. There are hosts upon hosts in the ranks of allopathy to whom the " narrow-minded" eclectics, and even therenowned Drs. Davis and Kelly, are immeasurably inferior.

You, gentleman, are now, at least indirectly, indebted to the herculean labors and scientific attainments of allopaths, for your knowledge of anatomy, physiology, pathology, surgery and obstetrics.

Why, then, their partial failure and the success of eclectics? Mainly because of the differences in the agencies used. One is impotent in the cure of disease, leaving a life-long sting in the system; the other is potent and innocuous. And who but "the fathers of eclecticism" first demonstrated this? And why turn upon these men who have given us position and notoriety?

But Dr. Davis says we must not "draw lines," make distinctive features in" our practice. If any one wishes to give calomel, arsenic, etc., and his patients are willing to take them, they have an undoubted right to do so; but, to be honest, they must do so as allopaths, and not as eclectics. Let such fraternize with their medical faith in this particular. To give these, however much they may differ upon other points, is a fraternization with allopaths.

Nor need unfriendly relations exist between eclectic and allopathic physicians. The curriculum of study, the time and qualifications for graduation, are alike in both schools. The distinctive features in the agencies employed by the two schools are the main differences existing. Thus much for Dr. Davis and Eclecticism.

We now attend to Dr. Kelly. In as much as he used no arguments, but irony, ridicule, contempt, for all who do not run in his rut, dubbing them as "narrow-minded," "ignoble," etc., the animus of his article does not deserve grave consideration.

1. I am "spread eagle" in style and character. My former article is not before me; but I will, leave it to the good sense of our readers to determine whose is of the "spread-eagle" kind. For "spread-eagle" style, for assumption of superiority, for high-wrought figures and fancies, for ad captandum appeals, I think Dr. Kelly is a finished graduate of the first water.

2. He " sympathizes" with my "efforts to save the country!" How is that for high? Is this not of the '• spread-eagle," clap-trap style? Men generally, when pushed to the wall, resort to such grandiose efforts.

3. But Beach, Jones and Morrow are treated to Allopathic doses of irony, ridicule, contempt. One "pukes with lobelia," and the others "purge with podophyllin." This "spread-eagle" writer would bring into disrepute two of the best articles of the Materia Medica; articles, I venture to say, the discussion and use of which have given him his most prominence.

4. But my "child-like ignorance" and "dishonesty" give upward flight to this "spread-eagle" writer. Why? Because I spoke of excluding certain agencies from internal use. • He, therefore, deduced my" ignorance" in not knowing that thesewould be absorbed, and, therefore, as objectionable as if used internally. I purposely used the word "internal" as many professing to be Eclectics; reject their internal use, yet cilng, in some instances,, to the external use of some of these agencies.

Does he think that any one is so "ignorant," so "narrow-minded " as not to know that many agents, used externally are as objectionable as if used internally? Have all the wisdom, prudence, learning and ability of the profession centered in and must they die with Dr. Kelley!*

5. He professes to ignore the fact that many professing to be Eclectics use mercurials, antimony,, arsenic, &c. This, Doctor, is disingenuous. Im 1856, I think it was, I attended a part of a course: of lectures in the A. M. College in order to burnish up a little. Some who attended these, also attended the E. M. Institute. Some of these openly declared that some of the professors in the E. M. Institute recommended mercurials in certain diseases. This I know. Dr. Massie, of Texas, once Professor there, / know, recommends, in his work on Practice, calomel, blue pills, tartar emetic, and all the Old School remedies, and in doses that outallopath Allopaths themselves. And it was because of this work he was translated from the plains of Texas to a chair in the E. M. Institute. There is no use in trying to dodge this question. Many professed Eclectics are using mercurials, arsenic, &c. Why, then, should not a resolution denouncing their use by Eclectics be passed inconvention? Hard words denouncing their use by Allopaths may be used ad infitum, and "all goes as merry as a marriage bell;" but be careful, O, so careful, when talking about Eclectics using them! Walk gingerly over their sore toes! Or may be, the superior

attainments of these gentlemen can transmute these destructive agencies in the hands of Allopaths into innocuous remedies in the hands of " the progressive Eclectics!"

6. Eclecticism is not " unique." If not, Doctor, what is it? You call it a system; that it is unequal; without another of the same kind known to exist. This is Webster's definition of the word " unique ;" but Webster was an old fogy! Other men," narrowminded " though they be, men who are " ignorant" enough, in the estimation of Dr. Kelley, not "to save the country," but to try to save innocuous, efficient medication from mongrels and hybrids, are not to be satirized, ridiculed, jeered out of the only safe course for the salvation of true Eclecticism.

We are aware that, since the days of "the fathers of Eclecticism," improvements have been made and are making in our Materia Medica, Pharmacy and Therapeutics; and that these "fathers " contemplated these improvements. But the central idea, the foundation corner-stone of Eclecticism—the husbanding of the powers of nature, the giving only of innocuous medicines, the rejection of mercurials, arsenic, &c.—cannot be improved.

Why should such men seek to fraternize withEclectics? Why keep up such an organization? Everything for which they contend may be effected in the allopathic organization. Do they contend that fever is disease? So do Allopaths. That fever is not disease? So do Allopaths. That it is an' inability of an organ or organs to perform their physiological functions? So do Allopaths. In one word, every kind of doctrine has been taught in the allopathic school, and without ostracising one another. So have all kinds of practice. Nor is it material with them how they practice, or what they give, only they must not omit to give mercurials. With them, give these, and the right hand of fellowship leaps from brother to brother!

And, Drs. Davis and Kelly, the exclusion of these agents in Eclectic practice should be our watchword. We fight the agents, not the men who use them. Personally they may be as good or better than those who exclude them. Let them, however, fraternize with those of their faith. Let them not give to true Eclectics a factitious popularity or unpopularity, success or failure. As to the men, we may be intimate, friendly, social with them; with the theory, never. Just so with Allopaths. We have as good friends amongst Allopaths as amongst others; but they know that we are uncompromising as to their peculiar agents, Exclude or add mercurials, arsenic and a very few other agents, and Allopates and Eclectics would be one immediately.

In conclusion, I still affirm that there should bea National Eclectic Convention called to exclude, by resolution, these deleterious agents. To be honest to our principles, we cannot well avoid itEclectics hold out to the public that they do exclude them; when, at the same time, many sailing under Eclectic colors use them, and many more become alarmed and excited at the mention of the subject, yet they disclaim their use!

ALFRED MALONE, M. D.

PALESTINE, ILLS., Dec. 10th, 1872.

1885, September

From page 4 of the September 1885 edition of *Zion's Watch Tower and Herald of Christ's Presence*, published by C. T. Russell, Allegheny, Pennsylvania:

"FRUITS OF THE RANSOM.

"DEAR BROTHER RUSSELL:--I send you a brief synopsis of some discourses I recently delivered at Paris, Ills., hoping that it will not be uninteresting to yourself and the readers of the TOWER.

"Yours in the blessed hope,
"ALFRED MALONE.

"Because we trust in the living God, who is the Saviour of all men." ***1 Tim. 4:10****.*

"Fear not, little flock; for it is your Father's good pleasure to give you the kingdom." ***Luke 12:32****.*

"And behold! a great crowd, which no one could have numbered, out of every nation, and of all tribes, and peoples, and languages, standing before the throne and in the presence of the Lamb, invested with white robes and palm branches in their hands." ***Rev. 7:9****.*

"These are those coming out of the great affliction, and they washed their robes and whitened them in the blood of the Lamb. On this account they are before the throne of God." ***Rev. 7:14,15****.*

From these Scriptures and others of their class I deduced that:--

(1) God is the Saviour of all men from the Adamic sin and death. (2) To accomplish this, he is the Saviour at first of a very few, a "little flock." (3) And in the work of this salvation he is the Saviour of a great crowd.

In the first, salvation from Adamic sin and death, is the great aim to be attained and is builded upon God's philanthropy and the eternal fitness of things. And it is necessarily now held in abeyance until the accomplishment of the second salvation; because the little flock is destined to be kings and priests, with Christ, to bring about both the first and third of these salvations. He is not now the Saviour, in fact, of all men, nor indeed of any as generally taught--a Saviour from famines, pestilences, earthquakes, cyclones, etc., etc. But he will be "the Saviour of all" from the effects of the Adamic sin and death.

Adam and Eve wrecked themselves and the race in the loss of innocence, in the loss of God's image, and in a gain of sin and death. Innocence, a God-like intelligence and moral grandeur, equal to the very perfectness of a God-made and God-endued manhood were lost by disobedience and death gained; yet so perfect in his organization, so God-like in intellectual and moral grandeur, that it took nearly a thousand years to so efface this image as to become totally dead.

The threats that met the sinning pair were, "In the day thou eatest thereof thou shalt surely die;" "Cursed is the ground for thy sake; in pain shalt thou eat of it all the days of thy life;" "and in the sweat of thy face shalt thou eat bread till thou return unto the ground, for out of it wast thou taken; for dust thou art, and to dust shalt thou return."

Animals as well as man felt the influence of the curse; when Adam sinned, they changed, revolted, and became abnormally offensive to mankind as perfection and dominion passed away from their ruler. And they all, as well as mankind are to feel the influence of the Son of Man in "the times of the restitution."

While obedient in Eden's Garden the pair were so gifted with the beauty, perfection and glory of a perfect manhood; so filled the grand niche in God's creation, that they only fell a little short of the angels of God. And all intelligences were put under contribution to administer to their necessities and happiness. His sight was flooded with glory, his taste was satisfied with richest viands, and his ears were thrilled with grandest melodies, his lungs were filled and bathed in the life-inspiring atmosphere, and his blood was made to leap and dance with a perfect manhood--God's inexpressible gifts for the perpetuation of a glorified manhood.

And this perfect state of manhood might have been continued forever, as the means to this end were placed within their reach. But with the entrance of sin, Eden was lost, lordship was lost, innocence was lost, happiness and a glorified humanity were lost, and pain and ***[R779 : page 4]*** *woe and misery were gained!*

*"In Adam all die." "By man came death." "Wherefore, as by one man sin entered into our world, and death by sin." "By the offence of one judgment came upon all men to condemnation" of death. Through the disobedience of one man the world was flooded with sin and woe and death; and these could never have been lifted had not another perfect and obedient Man Redeemed-Ransomed the race. And so the revealing Spirit has said, "This is good and acceptable in the sight of God our Saviour; who will have all men to be saved, and come unto the knowledge of the truth. For there is one God, and one Mediator between God and men, the Man Christ Jesus, who gave himself a ransom for all, to be testified in due time." (****1 Tim. 2:3-6****.) And when "the little flock" shall have been glorified, that due time shall have arrived, and not till then.*

This salvation is universal, and "God ***[R779 : page 5]*** *will have" it, no matter who may oppose; for "He works all things after the counsels of his own will."*

"But we see Jesus who was made a little lower than the angels for the suffering of death, crowned with glory and honor; that he by the grace of God should taste death for every man." ***Heb. 2:9****. Taste death for what? That man might not die? No! That was God's inexorable arrangement--the condemnation was just and unalterable. Man, therefore, must die; but thank God! a Ransom was prepared to take him out of this death. "As by Adam all die, even so by Christ shall all be made alive!"*

"Forasmuch, then, as the children are partakers of flesh and blood, he also himself took part of the same; that through death he might destroy him that had power of death, that is, the devil." ***Heb. 2:14****. "For Christ also hath once suffered for sins, the just for the unjust."* ***1 Pet. 3:18****. "Behold the Lamb of God that taketh away the sin of the world."* ***John 1:29****. That is, Jesus as the sacrifice for the sin of the world, released all from that condemnation and opened the way for restoring all to perfection--thus removing sin and its penalty--death.*

With these and other Scriptures of like import, which I cannot quote here, it is unchangeably fixed and unalterably true, that all men shall be restored to the Adamic life through the Ransom. And as all sinned and died in or by Adam, so God being just, after the ransom was paid, the Redeemer controls all and may restore all to Adamic life and perfection; and then put them upon trial for themselves, not Adam for them; they will live for, or in, their own obedience; or die for their own sins.

2. To accomplish this, He is the Saviour of a very few--a "little flock."

"Fear not, little flock; for it is your Father's good pleasure to give you the kingdom." If to "the little flock" he gives the kingdom, makes them rulers with him in the kingdom, and "partakers of the Divine nature," this is a special salvation he does not give to all.

"Because strait is the gate, and narrow is the way that leadeth to life, and few there be that find it." ***Matt. 7:14****. This life is immortality, and the relationship corresponds. They were living--justified before, but the strait gate and narrow way led to another--a different life. This salvation is only for "the little flock."*

"For many be called, but few chosen." ***Matt. 20:16****. This does not make God partial. He was under no kind of obligation to make any of the race immortal rulers. But this is a striking glory conferred upon the "little flock"; those that "suffer with Christ that they may reign with him." It is an election by grace for kingship and priesthood in the kingdom. This salvation is only for "the little flock," for the Bride of Christ, for members of his Body; and here there can be only so many. Christ's Body is not to be a monstrosity, but perfect and complete. And though "many" may run for this honor, it is only the "few," the approved, who shall be crowned. Paul therefore urges these "to so run," that ye may receive the crown, lest, if we do not so run, others shall receive our crown!*

Now in this day many have lost sight of this great truth. We are not generally taught that if we do not die to the world, consecrate, be "a peculiar people, a royal priesthood, a holy nation, zealous of good works," we shall lose the crown, or be excluded from "the marriage supper of the Lamb."

Now it is popular, honorable, and leads to wealth and fame to belong to some so-called orthodox church, but in Paul's day, it meant the loss of caste, of riches and honor, and even life itself to be a member of the true Church. Pure Christianity is unchanged; now, as then, "they that live godly in Christ Jesus shall suffer persecution." And, if we are not partakers of this persecution, of this dishonor, we "are bastards and not sons." That is,

many claim to be children of God, to belong to "the little flock," to the consecrating ones, whereas they only have "a name to live while they are dead" to this life of toil and labor and entire obedience to God!

Now, as in Paul's day, true believers must continue to "fill up that which is behind of the afflictions of Christ in their "flesh for his body's sake, which is the Church." The Head consecrated, suffered and died for the great honor of being King and Priest; and so must all the members of his Body partake of the sufferings in order to be partakers of his glory. Every vestige of sin and uncleanness must be covered by the blood of the mercy-seat, the Christian "reckoned" holy by the atonement, or there can be no such acceptable sacrificing, and without the sacrifice no reign with Christ.

They must be "killed all the day long, and accounted as sheep for the slaughter"--"must endure all things for the elect's sake, that they may obtain the salvation which is in Christ Jesus with eternal glory."

As yet the world is not fully ready for restitution to Adamic life and perfection, as the Body of Christ is not yet complete. But so soon as the last member shall have finished his sacrifice, so soon shall the full work of restitution begin.

3. And, in the work of this salvation, he is the Saviour of a great crowd. It could not be otherwise. If the gospel call to the "many" is not compulsory to an entire consecration, then many who start and are honest will not obtain the prize; and these, though losing the crown, may be "saved in the day of Christ."

Having failed to make an entire consecration, they, in the great time of trouble that shall come upon all the world, may then and there come "up through great afflictions, washing their robes and making them white in the blood of the Lamb."

*Forgiveness of sins or their punishment, or both, not only take place in this age, but will be continued in the age to come. "Wherefore I say unto you, All manner of sin and blasphemy shall be forgiven unto men: but the blasphemy against the Holy Ghost shall not be forgiven unto men. And whosoever speaketh against the Holy Ghost, it shall not be forgiven him, neither in this world, neither in the world to come." **Matt. 12:31,32**.*

The age to come is to be an age of mercy and forgiveness, as well as this. All sins may be forgiven there except the sin against the Holy Ghost. Those who have utterly apostatized here cannot be forgiven there; but the honest, though weak ones, who have failed of the crown now through the weaknesses of the flesh, may be forgiven there, or suffer "many stripes" for the wrong doings of this age, and finally get "near the throne" and live forever!

This is not the leading feature of that Restitution age, but grows out of the higher life and rulership offered "the little flock." So that, thank God! they who fail to win the crown may obtain eternal life "near the throne"!

"And that servant, who knew the will of his master, and was not prepared, nor did according to his will, he shall be beaten with many stripes." ***Luke 12:47****. This, with other scriptures, teaches that Christians, servants of the Lord, they that knew and did not the will of God, shall in the age to come suffer therefor. This is not eternal misery, but "many stripes"; and these "stripes" are corrective, and not vindictive nor eternal. It is not "the second death" either; for "stripes" are not used to kill or destroy, but to correct.*

The "few stripes" to those who did things worthy of them, because they knew not their Master's will, will be administered to those who have never heard of the Ransom; these are not even professed Christians, but belong to that larger class--the world--all men--that God will have come unto the knowledge of truth. First saved from the Adamic death, through the ransom, then brought where truth is, and placed on trial, to live for his own obedience, or to die for his own sins.

The world is not now on trial, nor has it ever yet been. Adam was tried and failed, and all men in him. The new trial of the world cannot take place until the Head and Body of Christ are prepared to offer it. The Head of the Christ has been tried and triumphed. "The little flock" is now on trial, and when it shall have triumphed and been joined to the Head, then the trial of the world shall commence. When the King and Queen --the Christ and his Bride--shall have been married, then, and not until then, shall "the times of restitution" bear their perfected fruits. The "little flock" are not to be restored; they are to stand out as bright stars, and shine as the sun over a restored earth. The restored earth and its restored lord--mankind--will be indeed grand, but the "little flock," the Body of Christ, his Bride with the Head is the grandest of all! far above angels as well as men.

The pure wife is the glory of a pure husband; the redeemed, glorified Bride is the glory of Christ, and Christ is the glory of God! Everything in its own proper place and time; but "God over all blessed forever"!

Appendix Z: Church and Political Affiliations

Many of the local histories presented in *Volume 1* give the religious and/or political affiliation of various members of our clan, which is summarized below. The name of the author is given first, followed by the quote. Consult the Bibliography in *Volume 1* for the complete citation.

Generation 1

The religious and political affiliations of John Malone, Senior are not known.

Generation 2

Stormont: "James Malone, Sr., and wife, were members of the **Baptist Church**."

Generation 3

Perrin: "In politics, Mr. [Alfred] Malone is **neutral**; he has not voted since he helped elect Abraham Lincoln."

Maple: "I [Dr. Alfred Malone] have wanted to meet you [William Henry Harrison], as I am firmly convinced that you will be the nominee for the Presidency by the **Republican** National Convention soon to be held and that you will be elected next November. I am an old man and do not expect to live to cast a vote in another Presidential election after this year, but it will be a source of great satisfaction during the remainder of my life to know that I have met the next President of the United States and to have cast my last vote for him."

Haynes: [Regarding East Union Church, which would become affiliated with The **Disciples of Christ**:] "There was a reorganization in 1858 by Dr. Alfred C. Malone with eleven members, mostly from the Palestine Church." NOTE: The Palestine Church was "a **church of Christ**."

Stormont: "The subject's parents [James and Lucinda (Key) Malone] were faithful members of the **Baptist church**. His father was a **democrat**."

Inter-State Publishing Company: Mr. [Absalom M.] Malone and wife are members of the **Regular Baptist Church**. Mr. Malone votes the **Democratic** ticket."

Generation 4

Stormont: "Mr. [Hugh] Malone is a member of the Grand Army of the Republic, while his religious affiliation is with the **General Baptist Church**.

Indiana State Medical Society: "He [Dr. John Allison Malone] was a member of the **Cumberland Presbyterian Church**."

Haynes: "About 1854 Marshall Stivers [husband of Lydia Ann Malone] became an elder [of **Mt. Zion Church**], and in this office served the church for fifty years with great good to the people."

Chapman Brothers: "Politically, he [Dr. Louis Agassiz Malone] is strongly **Republican**, socially belongs to the I.O. O.F., and in religious matters is a member of the **Christian Church**."

Binford: "Mrs. [Rose Donnell] Malone is a member of the **Methodist Episcopal Church**, and Mr. [Alva C.] Malone of the **Christian Church** at Carlisle, and they usually do their share toward the praiseworthy enterprises of the town. He is a member of the Masonic fraternity of the Master Mason's degree, and a **Republican** in politics.

Generation 5

Haynes: "It [**Mt. Zion Church**] has given to the ministry Geo. P. Smith, F. M. Shick, B. T. Stivers [sic: Reverend Benjamin Franklin Stivers], J. R. Sutherland and four or five others.